PHÆDRI FABULÆ:

OR,

PHÆDRUS'S FABLES,

WITH THE FOLLOWING

IMPROVEMENTS;

IN

A METHOD ENTIRELY NEW.

VIZ.

The Words of the AUTHOR are placed according to their Grammatical Conſtruction beneath every Fable: the Rhetorical Figures alſo as they occur: And to make the Pronunciation eaſy, all Words of above two Syllables are marked with proper Accents. A Collection alſo of Idioms and Phraſes in PHÆDRUS, and all the Proverbial Mottos to the Fables, with the Engliſh Phraſes and Proverbs anſwerable, are ſet over againſt them. And laſtly, an Alphabetical Vocabulary of all the Words in the Author, ſhewing their Parts of Speech and Signification; to which are added, the Themes of the Verbs, with their Government.

FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS.

BY JOHN STIRLING, D. D.

Late Vicar of GREAT GADDESDEN in HERTFORDSHIRE, and Chaplain to His Grace the Duke of GORDON.

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BRITISH MUSEUM

TO

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

JAMES,

EARL OF STRATHMORE.

MY LORD,

HAVING received, in Your LORDSHIP's Family, the Honour and Happineſs of a liberal Education, a Debt, which though I never can, nor indeed pretend to pay; yet, as a generous Mind, moved by a principle of Gratitude, is ambitious of a favourable Opportunity of making, at leaſt, a publick Acknowledgement, I hope I ſhall be allowed to offer *theſe*, though not the earlieſt, yet the ripeſt *Fruits* of my Studies, juſtly due to your LORDSHIP; the Acceptance of which will not leſſen, but add to the Weight of former Obligations.

I AM confident I need make no Apology to a Perſon of Your LORDSHIP's elegant Taſte for the Dedication of one of the Claſſicks; ſince from them, as from different Springs, are derived the introduction to the Sciences, and the ſeveral Parts of polite Learning.

HENCE many have received the firſt genial Sparks of Honour, heroick Fortitude, and the whole Train of active moral Virtues: Others, of unborrowed Talents, and bright natural Abilities, have drawn Addition to their native Merit, and ſtrong incentives to a generous Imitation of thoſe ſhining Examples, whoſe Monuments will for ever laſt in the writings of the Ancients.

As

As to my preſent Author, in particular, not having ſufficient Skill even to mix the Colours, much leſs to draw the Picture, I ſhall ſay no more to recommend him, than that *Auguſtus Cæſar*, that eminent Judge of Men, Learning, and true Merit, eſteemed him, even wearing the Badges of Slavery in his own Houſehold, not only worthy of Freedom, but his Favour and Friendſhip alſo.

THIS Reſpect, as by a magnetic Virtue, hath drawn on him Honours from the greateſt Princes ſince his Time, and Perſons of the higheſt Diſtinction, who have deigned to patronize him: And, therefore, I am perſuaded he will be no leſs acceptable a Gueſt to one of Your LORDSHIP's Judgement and Eſteem for Literature.

THE Subject of this Book, fabulous as it is, is not below the Notice and Study of Men of high Birth and Station, being a beautiful Syſtem of Moral Philoſophy in Maſquerade; his Stile is elaborate, eaſy, elegant, and courtly; his Numbers ſmooth and muſical; his Epithets well choſen, Deſcriptions ſhort, but lively; and his Tales adorned with Beauties, wholly unknown to the Greek Fabuliſt whom he copied after.

HE enters into Your LORDSHIP's Preſence in a very plain indeed, but neat Dreſs, ſtripped of all the over weighty Ornaments of Criticiſm, and accurate Notes, and, by a new and uncommon Method, acts the Office of an Interpreter to himſelf.

WHAT I ſaid of my Author, has not made me forget his Patron, in the Choice of whom I am ſo far from being miſled by the Force of Gratitude, that your LORDSHIP's worth, the Poet's Merit, and my Thankfulneſs, happily conſpire together. And though I dare not offend that Modeſty, which is ſo natural to your LORDSHIP, yet I certainly may ſpeak what the World already knows, that You, my LORD, (inheriting the noble Qualities, as well as Honours, of your illuſtrious Parents, trained up in the ſtricteſt Principles of Religion and Morality, and having added to theſe your other manly Virtues, and perſonal

Merit,)

Merit,) are completely finiſhed to repreſent ſo good and ſo great a Family.

So far as this Work is mine, whatever opinion the Generality of the World may entertain, I muſt undoubtedly be allowed to think well of it myſelf, it being ſo very natural, not only to judge favourably of our own Productions, but even to be too partial to them; yet upon recollecting whoſe Patronage I courted, I was not ſatisfied, neither would I preſume to offer This to your LORDSHIP, without firſt having the Approbation of ſome Perſons of eminent Learning; which, though I am perfectly ſenſible it has not made me equal to the Honour of your LORDSHIP's Patronage, has encouraged me the more to ſolicit it, and embrace this Opportunity of giving a publick Teſtimony of the ſincere Gratitude, and humble Reſpect, of,

My LORD,

Your LORDSHIP's *moſt obliged,*

Moſt devoted, and

Moſt obedient Servant,

JOHN STIRLING.

THE

PREFACE.

THE Advantage of a right Education, and the Tediouſneſs of the old Method of teaching the Claſſicks, which ſtill prevails in too many of our Grammar Schools, but from what Cauſe I will not pretend to determine, and alſo the Merit of our Author, are ſo generally agreed on, that it will certainly be eſteemed unneceſſary to endeavour to prove either.

I SHALL only, therefore, briefly acquaint the Reader with the Deſign propoſed in the following Pages, and the Manner in which it is executed; which is ſubmitted to the Approbation or Cenſure of the Learned and Judicious, who, as it is ſome Merit barely to intend well, I hope will be as candid to excuſe what Faults I may accidentally have let ſlip in this Performance, as ready to allow it what little Merit it may juſtly lay Claim to.

MY Deſign, throughout all my Attempts of this Kind, is to abridge the Method of teaching and learning the Claſſicks, to retrench the uſual Expenſe of Time, which was before waſted by Boys, in the Courſe of their Claſſical Studies, and to make their Learning eaſy and familiar to them; and alſo to free the Maſter from the Drudgery and ſlaviſh Part of his Office, namely, being perpetually wearied with the repeated Queſtions of every Boy under his Care, reſerving to him only to explain the difficult Paſſages or Beauties of the Author to them; and in this particular Book, to inſtruct them in the hiſtorical or moral Senſe of the Fables.

IN order to give the Reader an Opportunity of judging how far this Edition of PHÆDRUS anſwers the propoſed Deſign, I come now to give an Account of the Improvements of it.

FIRST,

First, I believe it will be found very correct, having been compared with the ſeveral other Editions of our Author now in Print; and in thoſe few Places where there happen to be different Readings in the Text, that is preſerved which ſeems beſt to expreſs what has been taken to be the particular Senſe and Deſign of the Author.

Secondly, As the greateſt Difficulty in conſtruing a *Latin* Author, ariſes from the Words being placed ſo different from the natural Order of Reading in *Engliſh*, for the greater Eaſe and Aſſiſtance of Boys, beneath every Fable, the *Words* are taken out of their reſpective Places as they ſtand in the *Text*, and ranged into a *proper Order*, as they are to be conſtrued into our Language. But here I muſt remark, that I have ſupplied thoſe words, which were omitted by an *Ellipſis*, and were neceſſary to make the *Syntax* complete; and that they may be diſtinguiſhed from the original words of the Author, they are ſet in *Italick* Characters.

Thirdly, There is annexed a *Vocabulary*, containing all the Words uſed in the Book, diſpoſed alphabetically, giving their Signification, their Claſs in the Parts of Speech, and other Accidents of the variable Words, as Gender, Declenſion, and Conjugation; which is all that *Etymology*, or the *firſt* Part of *Grammar* teaches. And to the *Vocabulary* are added the *Themes* of the *Verbs*, and their *Government*, which is the moſt critical and greateſt Part of *Syntax* or *ſecond* Part. Here the Reader is to remark, that the Letter with a Point after it, is the Caſe governed by the Verb, and thoſe with Commas are the Caſes introduced by their Signs.

Fourthly, As a vicious *Pronunciation* of the *Latin* is very common, and a juſt one very neceſſary, to prevent the former, and make the latter eaſy, in the *Ordo Verborum* and *Vocabulary*, all Words of above two Syllables are marked with an Accent, on that Syllable that requires an *emphatical* Tone, or Elevation of the Voice; which will ſufficiently ſupply the Place of *Proſody* or *third* Part.

Fifthly, the moſt remarkable *Rhetorical Figures* are marked with a Letter, and the Name of the Figure put at the Bottom of each Fable where they occur. So that in Fact

Fact here are all the four Parts of *Grammar*, neceſſary for this Author, drawn into the narroweſt Compaſs, and brought down to the Capacity of the youngeſt Scholar.

But here I muſt obſerve, that I have purpoſely omitted the Figures *Ellipſis* and *Syncope*, except in the firſt Book, as they occur ſo very often, and no Boy can miſs taking Notice of them. And as the greateſt Part of the *Mottos* to the Fables are *proverbial*, I have, once for all, marked the firſt with an *Aſteriſm* (*) and put the Figure *Paræmia* below the Fable. And as Boys will certainly find a great Difficulty in underſtanding ſome of the *Proverbs*, even though they are capable of conſtruing them literally, I have added a free Tranſlation of them into our Language, taking in all the *Engliſh Proverbs* and *Sentences*, that I could find anſwerable.

As there are alſo a great Number of *Idioms* and *Phraſes* in Phædrus, which cannot well be tranſlated into *Engliſh* literally, at leaſt with any tolerable Elegance, I have made a Collection of them, and added the *Engliſh Phraſes* anſwerable in the oppoſite Column; which I believe will be found of very conſiderable Advantage.

And now, when they firſt of all know the ſeveral Parts of Speech, their Uſe and Government in their *native Language*, and the neceſſary Rules of the *Latin Grammar*; a *Vocabulary* will give them the Senſe of every Word in the Author, and their ſeveral Variations, with the *Themes* of the *Verbs*, and their *Government:* But as the *Words* of the *Text* are placed at the Bottom of each Fable, according to their *Grammatical Conſtruction*, the *Pronunciation* made eaſy, and the *Rhetorical Figures* pointed out to them, beſides having the Difficulty of the *Proverbial Mottos* and *Phraſes* removed, I do not ſee what further Aſſiſtance of this Kind Boys can ſtand in need of, to underſtand the Author, and make it eaſy and pleaſant to them.

To this I may add, that I hope this Method will afford the Scholar all neceſſary Aſſiſtance, not only while at School, but alſo afterwards, if he ſhould in ſome Meaſure have forgotten thoſe Helps the *Grammar* furniſhed him with. Beſides, if any Gentleman by his own, or by the Fault of others, has

neglected

neglected his *claſſical* Education, I hope *this* will be found to be the moſt compendious Way for him to retrieve his Loſs, and be a familiar Guide and Interpreter to make the Author ſpeak his Sentiments to him in his own native Language.

I SHALL now acquaint the Reader with the Method of teaching this Author, which may ſerve as an Example to thoſe who approve of it, or at leaſt to thoſe who cannot think of a better.

As the *Memory* is firſt to be applied to, agreeably to the *Principles* laid down in my Preface to CATO's DISTICHS, I firſt ſet them upon the *Vocabulary*, which they are to commit to Memory, that when the *Engliſh* is under Cover, they may readily tell the Signification of the *Latin* Words: And afterwards, they alſo get the *Themes* of the *Verbs* by Heart.

BESIDES this, the better to fix the Words in their Memory, they write over the *Vocabulary* at home, and he who has the greateſt Number of Words to ſhew on *Saturday*, is both honourable and rewarded for it, which excites them all to Emulation.

As ſoon as they know all the Words in the *Vocabulary*, they begin to conſtrue the Author in the *Ordo Verborum*, and with what Eaſe, Expedition, and Pleaſure, the very youngeſt *Latin* Scholars will then go through the Book at the firſt Attempt, I omit to mention, becauſe they alone can be perfectly ſenſible of it, who have made the Experiment, and I ſhall be hardly credited by thoſe who have not.

I THINK proper however to ſay, that my own repeated Experience has convinced me, that the moſt expeditious Way of Learning an initiating *Claſſick* Author is, firſt of all, to know the Words by a *Vocabulary*, and beſides the Difficulty of finding out the natural Order of the Words in *Conſtruction*, one very great Reaſon why the common Method is ſo very tedious, is, becauſe it obliges a Scholar to be almoſt every Minute poring over his Dictionary, whereby a very conſiderable Part of his Time is waſted, which might otherwiſe be employed to much Advantage; and this Difficulty, I believe, is entirely removed by the *Method* here propoſed.

WHEN

When they have finiſhed the Book in the *Ordo Verborum*, they begin it in the Text, and ſo, by Degrees, they advance to *Parſing*, and applying the Rules of *Concord*; and laſtly to give an Account of the *Rhetorical Figures*, which they ſoon become acquainted with, by the Method laid down in my *Short Syſtem of Rhetorick*, lately publiſhed.

At convenient Times I alſo employed them in writing and getting by Heart, the *Mottos* to the Fables with the *Engliſh*, that they might be able to repeat the *Engliſh Sentences* anſwerable, and likewiſe the *Phraſes*, not only to underſtand the Author, but alſo be capable of conſtruing or tranſlating him elegantly.

Besides this, at Home in the Evening to make them more perfect in the Author, they tranſlate from the *Ordo Verborum* into *Engliſh*, which I correct for them, and they again tranſlate into *Latin*, without the Help of the Book; which Method being alſo uſed in the other *claſſical* Authors, with a conſtant Application of the Rules of *Syntax* in both *Languages*, will ſoon make them Maſters of a good Style, both in ſpeaking or writing either *Engliſh* or *Latin*.

All that now remains for me to ſay is, that I flatter myſelf this Fourteenth Edition of Phædrus, eſpecially with ſo many Improvements, will not meet with a leſs favourable Acceptance from the Publick than the thirteen former; and as I am ſenſible, though my method were ever ſo good, of the Strength of Prejudice, and Prevalence of Cuſtom, and that I cannot expect it to meet with an univerſal Approbation, I hope it will be candidly received by the Judicious, and at leaſt not appear irrational to any.

JOHN STIRLING.

Phædri Fabularum Index.

Primus numerus Librum, ſecundus Fabulam, tertius Paginam denotat.

	L.	F.	P.
Æſopus ad garrulum	3	19	52
Æſopus ludens	3	4	48
Æſopus et petulans	3	5	39
Æſopus et Ruſticus	3	3	37
Æſopus interpres Teſtamenti	4	4	56
Agnus à Capellâ nutritus	3	15	48
Anus ad Amphoram	3	1	36
Apes et Fuci	3	13	47
Aquila, Cornix et Teſtudo	2	6	28
Aquila, Felis et Aper	2	4	26
Arbores in Deorum tutelâ	3	17	50
Aſinus egregiè cordatus	1	15	12
Aſinus et Galli	3	20	53
Aſinus et Leo venantes	1	11	8
Aſinus irridens Aprum	1	29	20
Cæſar ad Atrienſem	2	5	27
Calvus et Muſca	5	3	81
Canis natans	1	4	5
Canes famelici	1	20	14
Canis et Crocodilus	1	25	17
Canis et Lupus	3	7	40
Canis fidelis	1	23	16
Canis parturiens	1	19	14
Canis, Theſaurus, Vulturius	1	27	19
Canum Legati ad Jovem	4	17	66
Capellæ et Hirci	4	15	65
Cervus cornibus impeditus	1	12	9
Cervus et Boves	2	8	20
Cicada et Noctua	3	16	49
Demetrius et Menander	5	1	78
Duo Calvi	5	6	84
Epilogus	2	9	31
Epilogus ad Eutychum	4	25	75
Equus et Aper	4	3	56
Eunuchus ad improbum	3	11	45
Ex Sutore Medicus	1	14	11
Formica et Muſca	4	23	72
Frater et Soror	3	8	41
Fur aram compilans	4	10	62
Graculus ſuperbus	1	3	4
Gubernator et Nautæ	4	16	65
Hercules et Plutus	4	13	63
Homo et Aſinus	5	4	81
Homo et Canis	2	3	25
Homo et Colubra	4	18	68
Invidia virtutum comes	2	9	31
Leo regnans	4	12	64
Leo ſapiens	2	1	24
Leo ſenio confectus	1	21	51
Lupus et Agnus	1	1	2
Lupus et Grus	1	8	7
Lupus et Vulpes	1	10	8
Margarita in Sterquilinio	3	12	46
Milvius et Columbæ	1	31	21
Mons parturiens	4	22	71
Muli et Latrones	2	7	29
Mulier parturiens	1	18	13
Muſca et Mula	3	6	39
Muſtela et Homo	1	22	15
Muſtela et Mures	4	1	55
Naufragium Simonidis	4	21	70
Occaſio depicta	5	8	87
Ovis, Canis, et Lupus	1	17	13
Ovis et Cervus	1	16	12
Panthera et Paſtores	3	2	36
Paſſer et Lepus	1	9	7
Pavo ad Junonem	3	18	51
Peræ duæ	4	9	62
Phædrus ad Eutychum	3	0	33

INDEX.

	L.	F.	P.
Phædrus in censores	4	6	59
Phædrus de fabulis	4	20	69
Princeps tibicen	5	7	85
Prologus ad Particulonem	5	0	77
Prologus—Æsopus, &c.	1	0	1
Prologus—Exemplis, &c.	2	0	23
Prologus—joculare, &c.	4	0	54
Pugna murium & mustelarum	4	5	59
Rana rupta	1	24	17
Ranæ ad Solem	1	6	6
Ranæ metuentes prælia Taurorum	1	30	21
Ranæ regem postulantes	1	2	2
Repentè calvus	2	2	24
Res gesta sub Augusto	3	10	43
Scurra & Rusticus	3	5	82
Simii caput	3	4	38
Simonides a Diis servatus	4	24	73
Socratis dictum	3	9	42
Taurus & Vitulus	3	9	87
Vacca, Capella, Ovis, et Leo	1	5	5
Venator et Canis	5	10	88
Viatores et Latro	5	2	80
Vipera et Lima	4	7	61
Vulpes et Aquila	1	28	19
Vulpes et Ciconia	1	26	18
Vulpes et Draco	4	19	68
Vulpes et Corvus	1	13	10
Vulpes et Hircus	4	8	61
Vulpes et Uva	4	2	55
Vulpes ad personam tragicam	1	7	6

Appendicis Fabulæ.

	F.	P.
Milvius ægrotans	1	89
Lepores pertæsi vitæ	2	90
Vulpes et Jupiter	3	90
Leo et Mus	4	91
Homo et Arbores	5	22

BRITISH MUSEUM 28 JA 85

PHÆDRI,

PHÆDRI

AUGUSTI CESARIS

LIBERTI,

FABULARUM ÆSOPIARUM

LIBRI QUINQUE.

LIBER PRIMUS.

PROLOGUS.

ÆSOPUS auctor quam materiam repperit
Hanc ego (*a*) polivi versibus senariis.
Duplex libelli (*a*) dos est: quòd risum movet,
Et quòd prudenti vitam consilio monet.
Calumniari si quis autem voluerit,
Quòd arbores loquantur, non tantùm feræ,
Fictis jocari nos meminerit fabulis.

(a) *Metáphora,*

ORDO.

Ego *Phædrus* polívi senáriis vérsibus, hanc *fabulósam* matériam, quam Æsópus auctor répperit. Dos libélli est duplex: quòd movet risum, & quòd monet vitam prudénti consílio. Autem si quis voluérit, calumniari, quòd árbores loquántur, non tantùm feræ, memínerit nos jocári fictis fábulis,

FAB.

FABULA I.

* *Facile eſt opprimere innocentem.*

LUPUS ET AGNUS.

AD rivum eundem Lupus & Agnus venerant
Siti compulſi: ſuperior ſtabat Lupus,
Longèque inferior Agnus. Tunc (*a*) fauce improbâ
(*b*) Latro incitatus jurgii cauſam intulit.
Cùr, inquit, turbulentam feciſti mihi
Aquam bibenti? Laniger contrà timens,
Quì poſſum, quæſo, facere quod quereris, Lupe?
A te decurrit ad meos hauſtus liquor.
Repulſus ille veritatis viribus,
Ante hos ſex menſes, ait, maledixiſti mihi.
Reſpondit Agnus, equidem natus non eram.
Pater herculè tuus, inquit, maledixit mihi.
Atque ità correptum lacerat injuſtâ nece.
Hæc propter illos ſcripta eſt homines fabula,
Qui fictis cauſis innocentes opprimunt.

* *Paræmia.* (a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Antonomáſia.*

ORDO.

Eſt fácile opprímere innocéntem.

Lupus & Agnus vénerant ad eúndem rivum compúlſi ſiti: lupus ſtabat ſupérior, agnúſque longè inférior. Tunc latro, incitátus ímprobâ fauce, íntulit cauſam júrgii. Inquit, cur feciſti aquam turbuléntam mihi bibénti? Contrà lániger timens *ait*; lupe, quæſo, quî poſſum fácere *id* quod quéreris? Liquor decúrrit à te ad meos hauſtus, Ille repúlſus víribus veritátis, ait, maledixíſti mihi ante hos ſex menſes. Agnus reſpóndit, équidem non eram natus. Inquit, hérculè tuus pater maledíxit mihi. Atque ità lácerat corrèptum *agnum* injúſtâ nece. Hæc fábula eſt ſcripta propter illos hómines, qui ópprimunt innocéntes fictis cauſis.

FABULA II.

Minima de malis.

RANÆ POSTULANTES REGEM.

ATHENÆ quùm (*a*) florerent æquis legibus,
Procax libertas civitatem miſcuit,
(*a*) Frænumque ſolvit priſtinum licentia.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Quùm Athénæ florérent æquis légibus, procax libértas míſcuit civitátem, licéntiaque ſolvit príſtinum frænum,

Hinc, conſpiratis factionum partibus,
Arcem tyrannus occupat Piſiſtratus.
Quum triſtem ſervitutem flerent Attici
Non quia crudelis ille, ſed quoniam grave
Omninò inſuetis onus, & cœpiſſent queri,
Æſopus talem tum fabellam rettulit.
¶ Ranæ vagantes liberis paludibus,
Clamore magno regem (*a*) petiêre à Jove,
Qui diſſolutos mores vi compeſceret.
Pater Deorum riſit, atque illis dedit
Parvum tigillum, miſſum quod ſubitò vadis
Motu ſonoque terruit pavidum genus.
Hoc merſum limo cùm jaceret diutius,
Fortè una tacitè profert è ſtagno caput;
Et, explorato rege, cunctas evocat.
Illæ, timore poſito, certatim adnatant,
Lignumque ſupra turba petulans inſilit;
Quod quùm (*a*) inquinâſſent omni contumeliâ
Alium rogantes regem miſère ad Jovem,
Inutilis quoniam eſſet qui fuerat datus.
Tum miſit illis hydrum, qui dente aſpero
Corripere cœpit ſingulas: fruſtrà necem
Fugitant inertes: vocem præcludit metus.
Furtim igitur dant Mercurio mandata ad Jovem,
Afflictis ut ſuccurrat. Tunc contrà Deus,
Qui noluiſtis veſtrum ferre, inquit, (*b*) bonum,

(a) *Syncope.* (b) *Elleipſis.*

ORDO.

Hinc, pártibus factiónum conſpirátis, Piſiſtratus tyránnus óccupat arcem. Quum Attici flerent triſtem ſervitútem, non quia ille *erat* crudélis, ſed quoniam onus *erat* grave omninò inſuétis, & cœpíſſent queri, tum Æſópus réttulit talem fabéllam. Ranæ vagántes líberis palúdibus, petivére regem à Jove magno clamóre, qui compéſceret diſſolútos mores vi. Pater Deórum riſit, atque dedit illis párvum tigíllum, quod ſúbitò, miſſum vadis térruit pávidum genus motu ſonóque. Cùm hoc jacéret diútiùs merſum limo, fortè una profert caput tácitè è ſtagno, et, explorâto rege, evócat cunctas. Illæ ádnatant certátim, timóre póſito, petulánſque turba ínſilit ſupra lignum: quod quum inquinavíſſent omni contuméliâ miſère ad Jovem, rogántes álium regem, quóniam qui fúerat datus, eſſet inútilis. Tum miſit illis hydrum, qui cœpit corrípere ſíngulas áſpero dente; inértes fúgitant necem fruſtrà: métus præcludit vocem. Igitur furtim dant Mercúrio mandáta ad Jovem, ut ſuccúrrat afflictis. Tunc contra Deus inquit, qui noluíſtis ferre veſtrum bonum,

Malum perferte. Vos quoque, ô cives, ait,
Hoc ſuſtinete, majus ne veniat, malum.

ORDO.

regem perférte malum. Ait, vos quoque, ô cives, ſuſtinéte hoc, ne majus malum véniat.

FABULA III.

In propriâ pelle quieſce.

GRACULUS SUPERBUS.

NE gloriari libeat alienis bonis,
Suoque potiùs (*a*) habitu vitam degere
Æſopus nobis hoc exemplum prodidit.
¶ Tumens inani Graculus ſuperbiâ,
Pennas Pavoni quæ deciderant ſuſtulit,
Seque exornavit : deinde contemnens ſuos,
Immiſcuit ſe pavonum formoſo gregi.
Illi impudenti pennas eripiunt avi,
Fugantque roſtris. Malè multatus Graculus
Redire mœrens cœpit ad proprium genus ;
A quo repulſus triſtem ſuſtinuit notam.
Tum quidam ex illis, quos priùs deſpexerat,
Contentus noſtris ſi fuiſſes ſedibus,
Et quod natura dederat voluiſſes pati,
Nec illam expertus eſſes contumeliam,
Nec hanc repulſam tua ſentiret calamitas.

(a) *Métaphora.*

ORDO.

Quiéſce in propriâ pelle.

Ne líbeat gloriári aliénis bonis, potiúſque dégere vitam ſuo hábitu, Æſópus pródidit hoc exémplum nobis. Gráculus tumens ináni ſupérbiâ, ſúſtulit pennas quæ decíderant pavoni, exornavítque ſe ; deínde contémnens ſuos, immíſcuit ſe formóſo gregi pavónum. Illi erípiunt pennas impudénti avi, fugántque roſtris. Gráculus, malè multátus, mœrens, cœpit redíre ad próprium genus : a quo repúlſus ſuſtínuit triſtem notam. Tum quidam ex illis quos deſpéxerat priùs, *ait*, ſi fuíſſes conténtus noſtris ſédibus, & voluíſſes pati quod natúra déderat ; nec eſſes expértus illam contuméliam, nec tua calámitas ſentíret hanc repúlſam.

FABULA IV.

Avidum ſua ſæpè deludit aviditas.

CANIS NATANS.

AMITTIT merito proprium, qui alienum appetit.
¶ Canis per flumen carnem dum ferret natans,
Lympharum in ſpeculo vidit ſimulacrum ſuum;
Aliamque prædam ab alio perferri putans,
Eripere voluit: verùm decepta aviditas,
Et quem tenebat ore demiſit cibum,
Nec, quem petebat, adeò potuit attingere.

ORDO.

Sæpè ſua aviditas deludit avidum.

Mérito amíttit próprium, qui áppetit alienum. Canis, dum natans ferret carnem per flumen, vidit ſuum ſimulácrum in ſpéculo lymphárum, putánſque áliam prædam perférri ab alio *cane*, vóluit erípere: verùm avíditas *fuit* decépta, & demíſit cibum quem tenébat ore, nec ádeò pótuit attingere *illum*, quem petébat.

FABULA V.

Potentioris ſocietatem fuge.

VACCA, CAPELLA, OVIS, ET LEO.

NUNQUAM eſt fidelis cum potente ſocietas:
Teſtatur hæc fabella propoſitum meum.
¶ Vacca & Capella, & patiens Ovis injuriæ,
Socii fuêre cum Leone in ſaltibus.
Hi quùm cepiſſent Cervum vaſti corporis,
Sic eſt locutus, partibus factis, Leo:
Ego primam tollo, nominor quia Leo:
Secundam, quia ſum fortis, tribuetis mihi;
Tum quia plus valeo, me (a) ſequetur tertia:
Malo adficietur, ſi quis quartam tetigerit.
Sic totam prædam ſola improbitas abſtulit.

(a) *Catachréſis.*

ORDO.

Fuge ſocietátem potentióris.

Socíetas nunquam eſt fidélis cum pótente: hæc fabélla teſtátur meum propóſitum. Vacca & Capélla, & Ovis pátiens injúriæ, fuére ſocii cum Leóne in ſáltibus. Quùm hi cepíſſent cervum vaſti córporis, Leo eſt locútus ſic, pártibus factis: ego tollo primam, quia nóminor Leo; tribuétis ſecúndam mihi, quia ſum fortis; tum tértia ſequétur me, quia váleo plus: ſi quis tetígerit quartam, adficiétur malo. Sic improbitas ſola abſtulit totam prædam.

FABULA VI.

Improborum improba ſoboles.

RANÆ AD SOLEM.

VICINI furis celebres vidit nuptias
Æſopus & continuò narrare incipit
¶ Uxorem quondàm Sol quùm vellet ducere,
Clamorem Ranæ ſuſtulêre ad ſidera.
Convicio permotus quærit Jupiter
Cauſam querelæ : quædam tum ſtagni incola,
Nunc, inquit, omnes unus exurit lacus,
Cogitque miſeras aridâ ſede emori ;
Quidnam futurum eſt, ſi (*a*) creârit liberos ?

(a) *Syncope*

ORDO.

Sobóles improbórum eſt impróba.

Æſópus vidit célebres nùptias vicíni furis & contínuo íncipit narrâre *fabulam*. Quùm quondàm Sol vellet dúcere uxòrem, ranæ ſuſtulêre clamórem ad ſidera. Júpiter permótus convício quærit cauſam querélæ : tum quædam íncola ſtagni inquit, nunc unus *Sol* exúrit omnes lácus, cogìtque *nos* míſeras *ranas* émori áridâ ſede ; quidnam eſt futúrum, ſi creáverit líberos ?

FABULA VII.

Stultorum honor inglorius.

VULPES AD PERSONAM TRAGICAM.

PERSONAM tragicam fortè Vulpes viderat :
O quanta ſpecies, inquit, (*a*) cerebrum non habet !
¶ Hoc illis dictum eſt quibus honorem & gloriam
Fortuna tribuit, ſenſum communem abſtulit.

(a) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Honor ſtultórùm eſt inglórius.

Fortè Vulpes vìderat trágicam perſónam : O inquit, O quanta ſpécies, non habet cérebrum ! Hoc eſt dictum illis, quibus fortúna tribuit honórem & glóriam, ábſtulit commúnem ſenſum.

FAB.

FABULA VIII.

Malos tueri haud tutum.

LUPUS ET GRUS.

QUI pretium meriti ab improbis desiderat,
Bis peccat: primùm, quoniam indignos adjuvat;
Impunè abire deinde qui jam non potest.
¶ Os devoratum fauce quùm hæreret Lupi,
Magno dolore victus cœpit singulos
Inlicere pretio, ut illud extraherent malum.
Tandem persuasa est jurejurando Gruis;
Gulæque credens colli longitudinem,
Periculosam fecit medicinam Lupo.
Pro quo quúm pactum flagitaret præmium;
Ingrata es, inquit, ore quæ nostro caput
Incolume abstuleris, & mercedem postules.

ORDO.

Est *haud tutum tuéri malos.*

Qui desíderat prétium mériti ab ímprobis, peccat bis: primúm, quóniam adjúvat indignos; deínde, quia jam non potest abíre impunè. Quùm os devorátum hæréret faucé lupi, *ille* victus magno dolóre, cœpit inlicere síngulos prétio, ut extráherent illud malum. Tandem grúis est persuásа jurejurándo: credénsque longitúdinem colli gulæ, fecit periculósam medicínam lupo. Pro quo, quúm flagitáret præmium pactum; inquit, es ingráta, quæ abstúleris caput incólume nostro ore, & póstules mercédem.

FABULA IX.

Ne insultes miseris.

PASSER ET LEPUS.

SIBI non cavere, & aliis consilium dare,
Stultum esse, paucis ostendamus versibus.
¶ Oppressum ab Aquilâ fletus edentem graves
Leporem objurgabat Passer. Ubi pernicitas
Nota, inquit, illa est? quid ita (*a*) cessârunt pedes?

(a) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Ne insúltes miséris,

Ostendámus paucis vérsibus, esse stultum, non cavére sibi, & dare consílium áliis. Passer objurgábat léporem, oppréssum ab áquilâ edéntem graves fletus. *Passer* inquit, ubi est illa nota pernícitas? quid pedes cessavérunt ita?

Dum loquitur, ipſum Accipiter nec opinum rapit,
Queſtuque vano clamitantem interficit.
Lepus ſemianimus, mortis in ſolatium:
Qui modò ſecurus noſtra inridebas mala,
Simili querelâ fata deploras tua.

ORDO.

Dum lóquitur, accípiter rapit ipſum nec opínum, interficítque clamitántem vano queſtu. Lepus ſemiánimus *ait*, in ſolátium mortis; *tu*, qui modò ſecúrus inridébas noſtra mala, deplóras tua fata símili querelâ.

FABULA X.

Non mendaci, ne verum quidem dicenti, creditur.

LUPUS ET VULPES, SIMIO JUDICE.

QUICUNQUE turpi fraude ſemel innotuit,
Etiam ſi verum dicit, amittit fidem.
Hoc adteſtatur brevis Æſopi fabula.
¶ Lupus arguebat Vulpem furti crimine:
Negabat illa ſe eſſe culpæ (*a*) proximam.
Tunc judex inter illos ſedit Simius:
Utrique cauſam cùm (*b*) perorâſſent ſuam,
Dixiſſe fertur Simius ſententiam:
Tu non videris perdidiſſe quod petis;
Te credo ſubripuiſſe quod pulchrè negas.

(*a*) *Catachréſis.* (b) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Non créditur mendáci, ne quidem dicénti verum.

Quicúnque ſemel innótuit turpi fraude, étiam ſi dicit verum, amíttit fidem. Brevis fábula Æſópi adteſtátur hoc. Lupus arguébat vulpem crímine furti: illa negábat ſe eſſe proximam *huic* culpæ, i. e. *ream*. Tunc símius ſedit judex inter illos: cùm utérque peroravíſſent ſuam cauſam: Símius fertur dixíſſe *hanc* ſenténtiam; tu, *lupe*, non víderis perdidíſſe quod petis; credo te, *vulpes*, ſubripuíſſe quod negas pulchrè.

FABULA XI.

Ridicula in imbelli virtutis oſtentatio.

ASINUS ET LEO VENANTES.

VIRTUTIS expers verbis jactans gloriam,
Ignotos fallit, notis eſt deriſui.

ORDO.

Oſtentátio virtutis in imbélli eſt *ridícula.*

Homo, expers virtútis, jactans gloriam verbis, fallit ignotos, eſt deríſui notis

¶ Venari

¶ Venari Aſello comite quùm vellet Leo,
Contexit illum frutice, & admonuit ſimul,
Ut inſuetâ voce terreret feras,
Fugientes ipſe exciperet. Hic auritulus
Clamorem ſubitò totis tollit viribus,
Novoque turbat beſtias miraculo:
Quæ dum paventes exitus notos petunt,
Leonis affliguntur horrendo impetu:
Qui poſtquam cæde feſſus eſt, Aſinum evocat,
Jubetque vocem premere: tunc ille inſolens;
Qualis videtur tibi opera hæc vocis meæ?
Inſignis, inquit, ſic ut niſi (a) nôſſem tuum
Animum, genuſque, ſimili fugiſſem metu.

(a) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Quùm Leo vellet venári Aſello cómite, contéxit illum frútice, & ſimul admónuit, ut terréret feras inſuétâ voce, ipſe excíperet fugiéntes. Hic aurítulus ſúbitò tollit clamórem totis víribus, turbátque béſtias novo miráculo: quæ, dum pavéntes petunt notos éxitus; affligúntur horréndo impetu Leónis: qui, poſtquam eſt feſſus cæde, évocat Aſinum, jubétque premere vocem? tune ille ínſolens *ait*; qualis hæc ópera meæ vocis vidétur tibi? Inquit, insígnis, ſic ut niſi novíſſem tuum ánimum, genúſque, fugíſſem símili metu.

FABULA XII.

Utiliſſimum ſæpè quod contemnitur.

CERVUS IMPEDITUS CORNIBUS.

LAUDATIS utiliora quæ contempſeris
Sæpe inveniri, hæc exerit narratio.
¶ Ad fontem Cervus quùm bibiſſet, reſtitit,
Et in liquore vidit effigiem ſuam:
Ibi dum ramoſa mirans laudat cornua,
Crurumque nimiam tenuitatem vituperat,
(a) Venantium ſubitò vocibus conterritus
Per campum fugere cœpit, & curſu levi
Canes eluſit: ſilva tum excepit ſerum,

(a) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Quod contémnitur ſæpè eſt *utiliſſimum.*

Hæc narrátio éxerit, quæ contempſeris ſæpè inveníri utilióra laudátis. Quùm cervus bibíſſet ad fontem, réſtitit, & vidit ſuam effigiem in liquóre: ibi dum mirans laudat ramóſa córnua, vituperátque nímiam tenuitátem crurum, ſúbitò contérritus vócibus venántium, cœpit fugere per campum, & elúſit canes levi curſu: tum ſilva excépit ferum *Cervum.*

In

In quâ retentis impeditus cornibus
Lacerari cœpit morſibus ſævis canum.
Tunc moriens, vocem hanc edidiſſe dicitur;
O me infelicem, qui nunc demùm intelligo,
Ut illa mihi profuerint, quæ deſpexeram,
Et qu (a) laudâram, quantum luctûs habuerint!

(a) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Inquâ impedítus córnibus reténtis, cœpit lacerári ſævis mórſibus canum. Tunc móriens, dícitur edidíſſe hanc vocem; O infelícem me, qui nunc demùm intélligo, ut illa, quæ deſpéxeram, profúerint mihi, & quæ laudáveram, quantum luctûs habúerint!

FABULA XIII.

Laudatore nihil inſidioſus.

VULPES ET CORVUS.

QUI ſe laudari gaudet verbis ſubdolis,
Serâ dat pœnas turpes pœnitentiâ.
¶ Quùm de feneſtrâ Corvus raptum caſeum
Comeſſe vellet celſâ reſidens arbore,
Hunc videt Vulpes, dehinc ſic cœpit loqui;
O qui tuarum, Corve, pennarum eſt nitor!
Quantum decoris corpore & vultu geris!
Si vocem haberes, nulla prior ales foret.
At ille ſtultus, dum vult vocem (a) oſtendere,
Emiſit ore caſeum, quem celeriter
Doloſa Vulpes avidis rapuit dentibus
Tum demum (a) ingemuit Corvi deceptus ſtupor.
Hâc re probatur quantum ingenium valet;
Virtuti ſemper prævalet ſapientia.

(a) *Catachréſis.*

ORDO.

Nihil eſt *inſidióſius laudatóre.*

Homo, qui gaudet ſe laudári ſúbdolis verbis, dat turpes pœnas ſerâ pœniténtiâ. Quùm corvus réſidens celsâ árbore vellet coméſſe cáſeum raptum de fenéſtrâ, vulpes videt hunc, dehinc cœpit loqui ſic: Corve, O qui eſt nitor tuárum pennárum! quantum decóris geris córpore, & vultu! ſi habéres vocem, nulla ales foret prior. At ille ſtultus dum vult oſténdere vocem, emíſit cáſeum ore, quem dolóſa vulpes rápuit celériter ávidis déntibus. Tum demúm decéptus ſtupor corvi ingémuit. Hâc re probátur quantum ingénium valet; ſapiéntia ſemper prævalet virtúti.

FAB.

FABULA XIV.

Fallax vulgi judicium.

MEDICUS EX SUTORE.

MALUS quùm Sutor inopiâ deperditus
Medicinam ignoto facere cœpiſſet loco,
Et venditaret falſo antidotum nomine,
Verboſis adquiſivit ſibi famam ſtrophis.
Hìc, quùm jaceret morbo confectus gravi
Rex urbis, ejus experiendi gratiâ,
Scyphum popoſcit; fuſâ (*a*) dein ſimulans aquâ
Antidoto miſcere illius ſe toxicum,
Hoc bibere juſſit ipſum, poſito præmio.
Timore mortis ille tum confeſſus eſt
Non artis ullâ medicum ſe prudentiâ,
Verùm ſtupore vulgi factum nobilem.
Rex, advocatâ concione, hæc edidit:
Quantæ putatis eſſe vos dimentiæ,
Qui (*b*) capita veſtra non dubitatis credere
Cui calceandos nemo commiſit pedes?
¶ Hoc pertinere verè ad illos dixerim,
Quorum ſtultitia quæſtus impudentiæ eſt.

(a) *Apócope.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Judicium vulgi eſt *fallax.*

Quùm malus ſutor, depérditus inópiâ, cœpíſſet fácere medicínam ígnoto loco, & venditáret antídotum falſo nómine, adquisívit famam ſibi verbóſis ſtrophis. Hìc, quùm rex urbis jacéret confectus gravi morbo, popóſcit ſcyphum grátiâ expériendi ejus; deínde, aquâ fusâ, símulans ſe miſcére tóxicum illíus antídoto, juſſit ipſum bíbere hoc, prǽmio póſito. Tum ille *ſutor*, timóre mortis, eſt conféſſus ſe médicum, non ulla prudéntiâ artis, verùm factum nóbilem ſtupóre vulgi. Rex, conciône advocatâ, édidit hæc; quantæ deméntiæ putátis vos eſſe, qui non dubitátis crédere veſtra cápita, cui nemo commíſit pedes calceándos? Díxerim hoc pertinére verè ad illos, quorum ſtultítia eſt quæſtus impudéntiæ.

FABULA XV.

Pauper dominium non sortem mutat.

ASINUS EGREGIE CORDATUS.

IN principatu commutando, sæpiùs
Nihil præter domini nomen mutant pauperes.
Id esse verum parva hæc fabella indicat.
¶ Asellum in prato timidus pascebat senex:
Is hostium clamore subito territus,
Suadebat Asino fugere, ne posset capi.
At ille lentus; quæso, num binas mihi
Clitellas impositurum victorem putas?
Senex negavit: Ergo, quid refert meâ
Cui serviam, clitellas dum portem meas?

ORDO.

Pauper mutat dóminum, non sortem.

In commutándo principátu, sæpius paúperes mutant nil præter nomen dómini. Hæc parva fabélla índicat id esse verum. Tímidus senex pascébat aséllum in prato: is, térritus súbito clamore hóstium, suadébat Asino fúgere, ne posset capi. At ille lentus *Asinus ait*; Quæso, num putas victórem impositúrum binas citéllas mihi? Senex negávit. Ergo, quid refert meá cui sérviam, dum portem meas clitéllas?

FABULA XVI.

Fide jussorem infidum cave

OVIS ET CERVUS.

FRAUDATOR nomen quùm locat sponsu improbo,
Non rem expedire, sed mala dare expetit.
¶ Ovem rogabat Cervus modium tritici
Lupo sponsore: at illa præmetuens dolum:
Rapere atque abire semper adsuevit Lupus;
Tu de conspectu fugere veloci impetu:
Ubi vos requiram quùm dies advenerit?

ORDO.

Cave infidum fide jussórem.

Quùm fraudátor locat nomen improbo sponsu, expetit non expedíre rem, sed dare mala. Cervus rogábat ovem módium trítici lupo sponsóre: at illa, præmétuens dolum, *ait*; semper Lupus adsuévit rápere atque abíre; tu *adsuevísti* fúgere de conspéctu velóci ímpetu: ubi requíram vos quùm dies *solvendi* advénerit.

FAB.

FABULA XVII.

Calumniatorem ſua pœna manet.

OVIS, CANIS, ET LUPUS.

SOLENT mendaces luere pœnas (*a*) malefici.
¶ (*b*) Calumniator ab Ove quùm peteret Canis
Quem (*c*) commodâſſe panem ſe contenderet,
Lupus, citatus teſtis, non unum modò
Deberi dixit, verùm affirmavit decem.
Ovis, damnata falſo teſtimonio,
Quod non debebat, ſolvit. Poſt paucos dies,
Ovis jacentem in foveâ conſpexit Lupum:
Hoc, inquit, merces fraudis à ſuperis datur.

(a) *Apócope.* (b) *Appóſito.* (c) *Syncópe.*

ORDO.

Sua pœna manet Calumniatórem.

Mendáces ſolent lúere pœnas maléfici. Quùm canis, calumniátor, péteret panem ab ove, quem conténderet ſe commodavíſſe lupus, citátus teſtis, dixit non modò unum *panem*, verùm affirmávit decem debéri. Ovis, damnáta falſo teſtimónio, ſolvit quod non debébat. Poſt paucos dies, ovis conſpéxit lupum jacéntem in fóveâ: inquit, hoc datur merces fraudis à ſúperis.

FABULA XVIII.

Horret quiſque adire locum ubi læſus eſt.

MULIER PARTURIENS.

NEMO libentèr recolit, qui læſit, locum.
¶ Inſtante partu mulier, peractis menſibus,
Humi jacebat flebiles gemitus ciens.
Vir eſt hortatus corpus lecto reciperet,
Onus naturæ melius quo deponeret.
Minimè, inquit, illo poſſe confido loco
Malum finiri, quo conceptum eſt initio.

ORDO.

Quiſque horret adire locum ubi eſt læſus.

Nemo libéntèr récolit locum, qui læſit. Múlier, ménſibus peráctis, partu inſtánte, jacébat humi, ciens flébiles gémitus. Vir eſt hortátus, *ut* recíperet corpus lecto, quo mélius depóneret onus natúræ. Inquit, minimè confído malum poſſe finíri illo loco, quo eſt concéptum inítio.

FAB.

FABULA XIX.

Omnem aditum malis præcludito.

CANIS PARTURIENS.

HABENT insidias hominis blanditiæ mali;
Quas ut vitemus, versus subjecti monent.
¶ Canis parturiens, quùm (*a*) rogâsset alteram,
Ut fœtum in ejus tugurio deponeret,
Facilè impetravit; (*b*) dein reposcenti locum
Preces admovit, tempus exorans breve,
Dum firmiores catulos posset ducere.
(*c*) Hoc quoque consumpto, flagitare validiùs
Cubile cœpit: Si mihi & turbæ meæ
Par, inquit, esse potueris, cedam loco.

(a) *Syncope.* (b) *Apocope.* (c) *Elleipsis.*

ORDO.

Præcludito omnem áditum malis.

Blanditiæ mali hóminis habent insídias: quas ut vitémus, subjécti versus monent. Canis partúriens, quùm rogavísset álteram, ut depóneret fœtum in ejus tugúrio, impetrávit *grátiam* facilè. Deínde admóvit preces *illi* reposcénti locum, exórans breve tempus, dum posset dúcere cátulos firmióres. Hoc *tempore* quoque consúmpto, *altera* cœpit flagitáre cúbile validiùs. *Prior* inquit, si potúeris esse par mihi & meæ turbæ, cedam loco.

FABULA XIX.

Stultitia plerumque exitio est.

CANES FAMELICI.

STULTUM consilium non modò effectu caret,
Sed ad perniciem quoque mortales devocat,
¶ Corium depressum in fluvio viderunt Canes:
Id ut comesse extractum possent faciliùs,
Aquam cœpêre bibere; sed rupti (*a*) prius
Periêre (*a*) quàm quod petiêrant, contingerent.

(a) *Timesis.*

ORDO.

Stultítia plerúmque est exítio.

Stultum consilium non modò caret effectu, sed quoque dévocat mortáles ad perníciem. Canes vidérunt córium deprésſum in flúvio; ut faciliùs possent coméſſe id extráctum, cœpére bíbere aquam; sed rupti periêre priúsquàm contingerent quod petíverant.

FAB.

FABULA XXI.

Miſer vel ignaviſſimo cuique ludibrio eſt.

LEO CONFECTUS SENIO.

QUICUNQUE amiſit dignitatem priſtinam,
Ignavis etiam jocus eſt in caſu gravi.
¶ Defectus annis, & deſertus viribus,
Leo quùm jaceret ſpiritum extremum *(a)* trahens,
Aper *(a)* fulmineis ad eum venit dentibus,
Et vindicavit ictu veterem injuriam,
Infeſtis Taurus mox *(a)* confodit cornibus
Hoſtile corpus. Aſinus ut vidit *(b)* ferum
Impunè lædi, calcibus frontem exterit.
At ille expirans; Forte indignè tuli
Mihi inſultare; *(c)* te, naturæ *(c)* dedecus,
Quòd ferre cogor, certè bis videor mori.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Elleípſis.* (c) *Appoſitio.*

ORDO.

Miſer eſt ludíbrio cuique vel ignavíſſimo.

Quicúnque amíſit priſtínam dignitátem, eſt jocus étiam ignávis in gravi caſu. Quúm leo, defêctus annis & deſértus víribus, jacéret trahens extrémum ſpíritum, aper venit ad eum fulmíneis déntibus, & vindicávit véterem injúriam ictu. Mox taurus confódit hoſtíle corpus inféſtis córnibus. Aſinus, ut vídit ferum *leónem* impúnè lædi, éxterit frontem cálcibus. At ille expírans *ait*; tuli indígnè fortes inſultáre mihi; quòd cogor ferre te, dédecus natúræ, certè vídeor mori bis.

FABULA XXII.

Qui alteri ſuam ob cauſam commodat, injuriâ poſtulat id gratiæ apponi ſibi.

MUSTELA ET HOMO.

MUSTELA ab homine prenſa quùm inſtantem necem
Effugere vellet: Quæſo, inquit, *(a)* parcas mihi,
Quæ tibi moleſtis muribus purgo domum.

(a) *Elleípſis.*

ORDO.

Qui cómmodat álteri ob ſuam cauſam, injúriâ póſtulat id grâtiæ appóni ſibi.

Quùm muſtéla, prenſa ab hómine, vellet effúgere inſtántem necem: inquit, quæſo *ut* parcas mihi, quæ purgo domum tibi moléſtis múribus.

Reſpon-

Reſpondit ille; Faceres ſi cauſâ meâ,
Gratum eſſet, & dediſſem veniam ſupplici:
Nunc qui laboras, ut fruaris reliquiis,
Quas ſunt roſuri, ſimul & ipſos (a) devores.
Noli imputare vanum beneficium mihi.
Atque ità locutus improbam letho dedit.
Hoc in ſe dictum illi debent agnoſcere,
Quorum privata ſervit utilitas ſibi,
Et meritum inane jactant imprudentibus.

(a) *Elleipſis.*

ORDO.

Ille reſpóndit; ſi fáceres meâ cauſâ eſſet grátum, & dediſſem véniam ſúpplici; nunc quia labóras ut fruáris reliquiis, quas *mures* ſunt roſúri, & ſimul *et* dévores ipſos, noli imputáre vanum benefícium mihi. Atque locútus ità dedit ímprobam *muſtélam* letho. Illi debent agnóſcere hoc dictum in ſe, quorum priváta utílitas ſervit ſibi, & *qui* jactant ináne méritum imprudéntibus.

FABULA XXIII.

Suſpecta malorum beneficia.

FIDELIS CANIS.

REPENTE liberalis, ſtultis gratus eſt,
Verùm peritis irritos tendit dolos.
Nocturnus quùm fur panem miſiſſet Cani,
Objecto tentans an cibo poſſet capi;
Heus! inquit, linguam vis meam præcludere,
Ne latrem pro re domini? multum falleris:
Namque iſta ſubita me jubet benignitas
Vigilare, facias ne mea culpâ lucrum.

ORDO.

Beneficia malorum ſunt *ſuſpecta.*

Homo repéntè liberâlis eſt grátus ſtultis, verùm tendit írritos dolos perítis. Quùm fur noctúrnus miſiſſet panem cani, tentans an poſſet capi cibo objécto; *Canis* inquit, Heus! vis præclúdere meam linguam, ne latrem pro re dómini? fálleris multùm. Namque iſta ſúbita benignitas jubet me vigiláre, ne fácias lucrum meâ culpâ.

FAB

FABULA XXIV.

Potentes me tentes æmulari.

RANA RUPTA.

INOPS, potentem dum vult imitari, perit.
¶ In prato quodam Rana conspexit Bovem,
Et tacta invidiâ tantæ magnitudinis,
Rugosam inflavit pellem : tum natos ſ os
Interrogavit, an Bove esset latior :
Illi (*a*) negârunt. Rursus intendit cutem
Majore nisu, & simili quæsivit modo,
Quis major esset : illi dixerunt, Bovem.
Novissimè indignata, dum vult validiùs
Inflare sese, rupto jacuit corpore.

(a) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Ne tentes æmulári poténtes.

Inops *Homo* perit, dum vult imitári poténtem. Rana conspéxit bovem in quodam prato, & tacta invídiâ tantæ magnitúdinis inflávit rugósam pellem; tum interrogávit suos natos, an esset látior bove: illi negavérunt. Rursús intendit cutem majóre nisu, & quæsívit símili modo, quis esset major: illi dixérunt, bovem *esse majorem*. Novissimé indignáta dum vult inflare sese validiùs, jácuit córpore rupto.

FABULA XXV.

Rete ne tendas accipitri & milvio.

CANIS ET CROCODILUS.

CONSILIA qui dant prava cautis hominibus
Et perdunt operam, et deridentur turpiter.
¶ Canes currentes bibere è Nilo flumine,
A Crocodilis ne rapiantur, traditum est.

ORDO.

Ne tendas rete accipitri & milvio.

Homines, qui dant prava consília cautis homínibus, & perdunt óperam, & deridéntur túrpiter. Est tráditum, canes curréntes bíbere è flúmine Nilo, ne rapiántur á crocodílis.

Igitur

Igitur quùm currens bibere cœpiſſet Canis,
Sic Crocodilus; Quamlibet lambe otio,
Noli vereri. At ille, Facerem meherculé,
Niſi eſſe ſcirem carnis te cupidum meæ.

ORDO.

Igitur quùm canis currens cœpíſſet bíbere, crocodilus *ait*; ſic; lambe quàmlibet ótio: noli veréri: at ille *ait*; mehérculè fácerem, niſi ſcirem te eſſe cúpidum meæ carnis.

FABULA XXVI.

Par pari refertur.

VULPES ET CICONIA.

NULLI nocendum: ſi quis verò læſerit,
Multandum ſimili jure fabella admonet.
¶ Vulpes ad cœnam dicitur Ciconiam
Prior (a) invitâſſe, & illi in patinâ liquidam
Poſuiſſe ſorbitionem, quam nulle modo
Guſtare eſuriens potuerit Ciconia:
Quæ vulpem quùm (a) revocâſſet, intrito cibo
Plenam lagenam poſuit: huic roſtrum inſerens
Satiatur ipſa, & (b) torquet convivam fame:
Quæ quùm lagenæ fruſtra collum lamberet,
Peregrinam ſic locutam volucrem accepimus;
Sua quiſque exempla debet æquo animo pati

(a) *Syncope.* (b) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Par refertur pari.

Eſt nocéndum nulli: verò ſi quis læſerit, fabélla ádmonet *illum* multándum símili jure. Vulpes dícitur prior invítaviſſe cicóniam ad cœnam & poſuíſſe illi líquidam ſorbitiónem in pátinâ, quam cicónia eſúriens potúerit guſtare nullo modo; Quæ, quùm revocavíſſet vulpem, póſuit lagénam plenam intríto cibo: ipſa ínſerens roſtrum huic ſatiátur, & torquet convíviam fame. Quæ quùm lamberet collum lagénæ fruſtrà, accépimus peregrínam vólucrem locútam ſic; quiſque debet pati ſua exémpla æquo ánimo.

FABULA XXVII.

Avarus ſuus ſibi carnifex eſt.

CANIS, THESAURUS, ET VULTURIUS.

HÆC res avaris eſſe conveniens poteſt,
Et qui humiles nati, dici locupletes ſtudent.
¶ Humana effodiens oſſa, theſaurum Canis
Invenit: & violavit quià manes Deos,
(a) Injecta eſt illi divitiarum cupiditas,
Pœnas ut ſanctæ religioni penderet.
Itaque aurum dum cuſtodit, oblitus cibi,
Fame eſt conſumptus: quem ſtans Vulturius ſuper
Fertur locutus: O Canis, meritò jaces,
Qui (b) concupîſti ſubitò regales opes,
Trivio conceptus, & educatus ſtercore.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Syncope.*

ORDO.

Avárus eſt ſuus cárnifex ſibi.

Hæc res poteſt eſſe convéniens avàris, & *iis* qui nati húmiles ſtudent dici locuplétes. Canis, effódiens humána oſſa, invénit theſaurum; & quia violávit Deos Manes, cupíditas divitiárum eſt injécta illi, ut pénderet pœnas ſanctæ religióni. Itaque dum cuſtódit aurum, oblítus cibi, eſt conſúmptus fame: ſuper quem vultúrius ſtans fertur locútus; O canis, méritò jaces, qui ſúbitò concupiviſti regáles opes, concéptus trívio, & educátus ſtércore.

FABULA XXVIII.

Ne magnus tenuem deſpicito.

VULPES ET AQUILA.

QUAMVIS ſublimes debent humiles metuere;
Vindicta docili quia patet ſolertiæ.
¶ Vulpinos catulos Aquila quondàm ſuſtulit,
Nidoque poſuit pullis, eſcam ut carperent.

ORDO.

Tu *magnus ne deſpicito tenuem.*

Hómines quamvis ſublímes debent metuére húmiles: quia vindícta patet dócili ſolértiæ. Quondàm áquila ſúſtulit vulpínos cátulos, poſuítque nido pullis, ut cárperent eſcam.

Hanc perſecuta mater, orare incipit,
Ne tantum miſeræ luctum (a) importaret ſibi.
Contempſit illa, tuta quippe ipſo loco:
Vulpes ab arâ rapuit ardentem facem
Totamque flammis arborem circumdedit.
Hoſti doſorem damno miſcens (b) ſanguinis.
Aquila, ut periclo mortis eriperit ſuos,
Incolumes natos ſupplex Vulpi tradidit.
(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Mater perſecúta hanc, incipit oráre, ne importáret tantum luctum ſibi míſeræ. Illa contémpſit, quippe tuta loco ipſo. Vulpes rápuit ardéntem facem ab arâ, circumdedítque totam árborem flammis, miſcens dolórem hoſti damno ſánguinis, i. e. *prolis.* Aquila, ut eríperet ſuos *pullos* periculo mortis, ſupplex trádidit natos incólumes vulpi.

FABULA XXIX.

Eſt, cui magno conſtitit dicterium.

ASINUS IRRIDENS APRUM.

PLERUMQUE ſtulti, riſum dum (a) captant levem,
Gravi (a) diſtringunt alios contumeliâ,
Et ſibi nocivum (a) concitant periculum.
¶ Aſellus, Apro cùm fuiſſet obvius,
Salve, inquit, Frater. Ille indignans repudiat
Officium, & quærit, cur ſic mentiri velit.
Aſinus, demiſſo pene, ſi ſimilem negas
Tibi me eſſe, certè ſimile eſt hoc roſtro tuo.
Aper, cùm vellet facere generoſum impetum,
Repreſſit iram: &, facilis vindicta eſt mihi,
Sed inquinari nolo (b) ignavo ſanguine.
(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Eſt, cui dictérium cónſtitit magno.

Plerúmque ſtulti, dum captant levem riſum, diſtríngunt álios gravi contuméliâ, & concitant nocívum periculum ſibi. Aſéllus, cùm fuiſſet óbvius Apro, inquit, Frater, ſalve. Ille indígnans repúdiat officium, & quærit, cur velit mentíri ſic. Aſinus, demiſſo pene, *ait*; ſi negas me eſſe símilem tibi, certè hoc eſt símile tuo roſtro. Aper, cùm velle facere generóſum ímpetum, repréſſit iram: & *ait*, vindícta eſt fácilis mihi, ſed nolo inquinári ignávo ſánguine.

FAB.

FABULA XXX.

Mala publica in plebem recidunt.

RANÆ METUENTES PRÆLIA TAURORUM.

HUMILES laborant, ubi potentes dissident.
¶ Rana in palude pugnam Taurorum intuens,
Heu quanta nobis (*a*) instat pernicies! ait.
Interrogata ab aliâ, cur hoc diceret,
De principatu quùm illi certarent gregis,
Longèque ab illis degerent vitam boves,
Natio, ait, separata, ac diversum est genus:
Sed pulsus regno nemoris qui profugerit,
Paludis in secreta veniet latibula,
Et proculcatas (*a*) obteret duro pede:
(*b*) Caput ità ad nostrum furor illorum pertinet.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Pública mala récidunt in plebem.

Húmiles labórant, ubi poténtes díssident. Rana, in palúde, íntuens pugnam Taurórum, ait, heu quanta pernícies instat nobis! interrogáta ab áliâ cur díceret hoc, quùm illi certárent de principátu gregis, bovésque dégerent vitam longè ab illis, ait, nátio est separáta, ac genus divérsum: sed qui, pulsus regno némoris, profúgerit, véniet in secréta latíbula palúdis, & obteret *nos* proculcátas duro pede: itá furor illórum pértinet ad nostrum caput.

FABULA XXXI.

Cui fidas vide.

MILVIUS ET COLUMBÆ.

QUI se committit homini tutandum improbo,
Auxilia dum requirit, exitium invenit.
¶ Columbæ sæpè quùm fugissent Milvium,

ORDO.

Vide cui fidas.

Qui committit se ímprobo hómini tutándum, dum requírit auxília, ínvenit exítium. Quùm Colúmbæ sæpè fugíssent Mílvium,

Et celeritate (a) pennæ (b) vitâſſent necem,
Conſilium (c) raptor (d) vertit ad fallaciam,
Et genus inerme tali decepit dolo:
Quare ſollicitum potiùs (e) ævum (d) ducitis,
Quàm regem me creatis (d) icto fœdere,
Qui vos ab omni tutas præſtem injuriâ?
Illæ credentes, tradunt ſeſe Milvio,
Qui regnum adeptus cœpit veſci ſingulas,
Et exercere imperium ſævis unguibus.
De reliquis tunc una: Meritò plectimur.

(a) *Enállage.* (b) *Syncope.* (c) *Antinomáſia.* (d) *Metáphora.* (e) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

& vitavíſſent necem celeritáte pennæ, (i. e. *pennarum,*) raptor vertit conſílium ad falláciam, & decépit inérme genus tali dolo: quare dúcitis ævum ſollícitum pótius quàm creátis me regem fœdere icto, qui præſtem vos tutas ab omni injúriâ? Illæ credéntes tradunt ſeſe Mílvio, qui adéptus regnum cœpit veſci ſíngulas, & exercére impérium ſævis únguibus. Tunc una de réliquis *ait*; pléctimur méritò.

PHÆDRI

PHÆDRI FABULARUM

LIBER SECUNDUS.

PROLOGUS.

EXEMPLIS continetur Æsopi genus;
Nec aliud quicquam per fabellas quæritur,
Quàm corrigatur error ut mortalium,
(a) Acuatque sese diligens industria.
Quicunque fuerit ergo narrandi locus,
Dum (a) capiat aurem & servet propositum suum,
Re commendetur, non auctoris nomine.
Equidem omni curâ morem servabo Senis:
Sed si libuerit aliquid interponere
Diversum, sensus ut delectet varietas,
Bonas in partes, lector, accipias velim.
Sic ista tibi rependet brevitas gratiam,
Cujus verbosa ne sit commendatio,
Attende cur negare cupidis debeas;
Modestis etiam offerre quod non petierint.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Genus *scribéndi* Æsópi continétur exémplis; nec quicquam áliud quæritur per fabéllas, quàm ut error mortálium corrigátur, diligénsque indústria ácuat sese. Ergò quicúnque locus narrándi *quaslibet* fuérit, dum cápiat áurem, & servet suum propósitum, commendétur re, non nómine auctóris. Equidem servábo morem senis *Æsópi* omni curâ: sed si libúerit interpónere áliquid divérsum, ut varietas deléctet sensus, Lector, velím *ut* accípias in bonas partes. Sic ista brévitas repéndet grátiam tibi, cujus commendatio ne sit verbósa, atténde cur débeas negáre cùpidis; etiam offérre modéstis, quod non petíverint.

FABULA I.

Sunt etiam sua præmia laudi.

LEO SAPIENS.

SUPER Juvencum stabat dejectum Leo:
Prædator intervenit partem postulans:
Darem, inquit, nisi soleres per te sumere:
Et improbum ejecit. Fortè innoxius
Viator est deductus in eundem locum,
Feroque viso retulit retrò pedem.
Cui placidus ille, non est quod timeas, ait;
Et quæ debetur pars tuæ modestiæ
Audacter tolle. Tùnc diviso tergore,
Silvas petivit, homini ut accessum daret.
Exemplum egregium prorsùs & laudabile,
Verùm est (a) aviditas dives, & pauper (a) pudor.

(a) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Sua præmia sunt étiàm laudi.

Leo stabat super Juvéncum dejéctum: prædátor intervénit póstulans partem: inquit, darem, nisi soléres súmere per te: & ejécit ímprobum. Fortè innóxius viátor est dedúctus in eúndem locum, feróque viso rétulit pedem retrò. Cui ille placidus ait, non est quod tímeas: & tolle audácter, quæ pars debétur tuæ modéstiæ. Tùnc tergore divíso, petívit silvas, ut daret accéssum hómini. Exémplum prorsùs egrégium & laudábile. Verùm avíditas est dives, & pudor pauper.

FABULA II.

Simile simili gaudet.

REPENTE CALVUS.

A Fœminis utcunque spoliari viros,
Ament, amentur, nempè exemplis discimus.

ORDO.

Símile gaudet símili.

Homo repéntè Calvus.

Discimus nempè exémplis, víros spoliári à fœminis utcúnque, *an* ament, *an* amentur.

¶ Ætatis

¶ Ætatis mediæ quendam mulier non rudis
(a) Tenebat, annos celans elegantiâ;
Animosque ejusdem pulchra juvenis (a) ceperat.
Ambæ videri dum volunt illi pares,
Capillos homini legere cœpêre invicèm.
Quùm se putaret (a) pingi curâ mulierum,
Calvus repentè factus est, nam funditùs
Canos puella, nigros anus evellerat.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Múlier non rudis tenébat quendam *hóminem* médiæ ætátis, celans annos elegántiâ; pulchráque juvénis céperat ánimos ejúsdem. Dum ambæ volunt vidéri pares illi, cœpêre ínvicèm légére capillos hómini. Quùm putáret se pingi curâ mulierum, repénté est factus calvus, nam puélla evéllerat canos *capillos* fúnditùs, anus nigros.

FABULA III.

Impunitas, peccandi illecebra.

HOMO ET CANIS.

LACERATUS quidam morsu vehementis Canis,
Tinctum cruore panem immisit malefico,
Audîerat esse quod remedium vulneris.
Tunc sic Æsopus; Noli coram pluribus
Hoc facere canibus, nè nos vivos devorent,
Quùm scîerint esse tale culpæ præmium.
¶ Successus improborum plures allicit.

ORDO.

Impúnitas peccándi est *illécebra.*

Quidam *homo* lacerátus morsu veheméntis canis, immísit maléfico panem tinctum cruóre, quod audíverat esse remédium vúlneris. Tunc Æsópus *ait* sic; noli fácere hoc coram plúribus cánibus, ne dévorent nos vivos, quùm sciverint præmium culpæ esse tale. Succéssus improbórum állicit plures.

FABULA IV.

Vir doloſus (a) *ſeges eſt mali.*

AQUILA, FELIS, ET APER.

AQUILA in (*b*) ſublimi quercu nidum fecerat:
Felis cavernam nacta in mediâ pepererat:
Sus nemoris cultrix fœtum ad imam poſuerat.
Tum fortuitum Felis contubernium
Fraude et ſceleſtâ ſic (*a*) evertit malitiâ.
Ad nidum ſcandit volucris: pernicies, ait,
Tibi paratur, forſàn & miſeræ mihi:
Nam fodere terram quòd vides quotidiè
Aprum inſidioſum, quercum vult evertere,
Ut noſtram in plano facilè progeniem opprimat.
Terrore offuſo, & perturbatis ſenſibus,
Derepit ad cubile ſetoſæ Suis;
Magno, inquit, in periclo ſunt nati tui:
Nam ſimùl exîeris paſtum, cum tenero grege,
Aquila eſt parata rapere porcellos tibi.
Hunc quoque timore poſtquàm complevit locum,
Doloſa tuto condidit ſeſe cavo.
Inde evagata noctu (*b*) ſuſpenſo pede,
Ubi eſcâ ſe replevit & prolem ſuam,
Pavorem ſimulans proſpicit toto die.
Ruinam metuens Aquila ramis deſidet:

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Dolóſus vir eſt ſeges mali.

Aquila fécerat nidum in ſublimi quercu: Felis nacta cavérnam, pepérerat in mediâ *quercu:* Sus, cultrix némoris, poſuérat fœtum ad imam. Tum felis ſic evértit fortúitum contubérnium fraude & ſceléſtâ malítiâ. Scandit ad nidum vólucris: ait, pernícies parátur tibi, & forſàn mihi míſeræ: nam quòd vides inſidióſum aprum quotídiè fódere terram, vult evértere quercum, ut fácilè ópprimat noſtram progéniem in plano. Terrore offúſo, & ſénſibus perturbátis, derépit ad cubile fetóſæ Suis; inquit, tui nati ſunt in magno perículo: nam ſimùl exíveris paſtum, cum ténero grege, Aquila eſt parata rápere porcéllos tibi. Poſtquàm complévit hunc locum quoque timóre, doloſa *Felis* condidit ſeſe tuto cavo. Inde evagáta noctu ſuſpénſo pede, ubi replévit ſe & ſuam prólem eſcâ, símulans pavórem próſpicit toto die. Aquila métuens ruínam *quercûs* déſidet ramis:

Aper

Aper rapinam vitans non prodit foràs.
Quid multa? inediâ sunt consumpti cum suis,
Felisque catulis largam præbuerunt dapem.
Quantum homo bilinguis sæpe (a) concinnet mali,
Documentum habere stulta credulitas potest.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Aper vitans rapínam, non prodit foràs. Quìd *dicam* multa *verba?* sunt consúmpti inédiâ cum suis, præbuerúntque largam dapem catulis Felis. Stulta credúlitas potest habére documéntum, quantum mali bilínguis homo sæpè concínnet.

FABULA V.

Ne quid nimìs.

CÆSAR AD ATRIENSEM.

EST Ardelionum quædam Romæ natio,
Trepidè concursans, occupata in otio,
Gratìs anhelans, multo agendo nihil agens,
Sibi molesta, aliis odiosissima.
Hanc emendare, si tamen possum, volo
Vera fabellâ: pretium est operæ attendere.
¶ Cæsar Tiberius quùm petens Neapolim,
In Misenensem villam venisset suam,
Quæ, monte summo posita Luculli manu,
Prospectat Siculum & prospicit Tuscum mare,
Ex alticinctis unus Atriensibus,
Cui tunica ab humeris linteo Pelusio
Erat districta, cirris dependentibus,
Perambulante læta Domino viridaria,

ORDO.

Ne quid nimìs.

Quædam nátio Ardeliónum est Romæ, concúrsans trépidè, occupáta in ótio, anhélans gratìs, agens nihil agéndo multa, molésta sibi, & odiosíssima aliis. Tamen si possum, volo emendáre hanc vera fabellâ: est prétium óperæ atténdere. Quùm Tibérius Cæsar, petens Neápolim, venisset in suam Misenénsem villam, quæ, pósita summo monte manu Lucúlli, prospéctat Sículum mare, & prospicit Tuscum, unus ex Atriénsibus alticinctis, cui túnica erat districta ab húmeris Pelúsio linteo, cirris dependéntibus, Dómino *Cæsare* perambulante læta viridaria,

Alveolo

Alveolo cœpit ligneo conſpergere
Humum æſtuantem, come officium jactitans:
Sed deridetur: inde notis flexibus
Prærcurrit alium in Xyſtum, ſedans pulverem.
Agnoſcit hominem Cæſar, remque intelligit.
Id ut putavit eſſe neſcio quid boni,
Heus! inquit Dominus; ille enimverò adſilit,
Donationis alacer certe gaudio.
Tunc jocata eſt (a) tanta majeſtas Ducis:
Non multùm egiſti, & opera nequicquàm perit:
Multò majoris (a) alapæ mecum veneunt.

(a) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

cœpit conſpérgere æſtuántem humum ligneo alvéolo, jáctitans come officium: ſed deridétur: inde prærcúrrit in álium Xyſtum notis fléxibus, ſedans púlverem. Cæſar agnoſcit hóminem, intelligitque rem. Ut *Atriénſis* putávit id eſſe néſcio quid boni, Dóminus inquit, heus! ille enimverò adſilit, álacer gaudio certæ donatiónis. Tum tanta majeſtas Ducis eſt jocáta ſic: non egíſti multùm, & ópera nequícquàm perit; álapæ véneunt mecum multò majoris *pretii.*

FABULA VI.

Potentiam malitiâ adjutam quis effugiat?

AQUILA, CORNIX, ET TESTUDO.

CONTRA potentes nemo eſt (a) munitus ſatis:
Si verò acceſſit conſiliator maleficus,
Vis & nequitia quicquid (a) oppugnant, (a) ruit.
¶ Aquila in ſublime ſuſtulit Teſtudinem:
Quæ quùm abdidiſſet corneâ corpus domo,
Nec ullo pacto lædi poſſet condita,
Venit per auras Cornix, & propter volans:

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Quis effúgiat poténtiam adjútam malítiâ?

Nemo eſt ſatis munitus contra poténtes: verò ſi maléficus conſiliátor accéſſit, quicquid vis & nequítia oppúgnant, ruit. Aquila ſúſtulit teſtúdinem in ſublíme *cælum*, quùm quæ abdidíſſet corpus córneâ domo, nec cóndita in *eâ* poſſet lædi ullo pacto, cornix venit per auras, & volans propter, *ait*:

Opimam

Opimam ſanè prædam rapuiſti unguibus,
Sed niſi monſtrâro quid ſit faciendum tibi,
Gravi nequicquàm te laſſabis pondere.
Promiſſâ parte, ſuadet ut ſcopulum ſuper
Altis ab aſtris durum inlidat corticem,
Quâ comminutâ facilè veſcatur cibo.
Inducta verbis Aquila monitis paruit,
Simùl & magiſtræ largè diviſit dapem.
Sic tuta quæ naturæ fuerat munere,
Impar duabus, occidit triſti nece.

ORDO.

ſanè rapúiſti opímam prædam únguibus, ſed niſi monſtrávero quid ſit tibi faciéndum, laſſábis te nequicquàm gravi pondere. Parte promiſſâ, ſuadet ut inlidat duram córticem ab altis nſtris ſuper ſcópulum, quâ comminutâ fácilè veſcátur cibo. Aquila indúcta verbis, páruit mónitis, & ſimùl largè díviſit dapem magíſtræ. Sic *Teſtudo*, quæ fúerat tuta múnere natúræ, impar duábus, óccidit triſti nece.

FABULA VII.

Plura timenda divitibus.

MULI ET LATRONES.

MULI gravati ſarcinis ibant duo:
Unus ferebat fiſcos cum pecuniâ;
Alter (*a*) tumentes multo ſaccos hordeo.
Ille onere (*b*) dives celsâ cervice eminens,
Clarumque collo jactans tintinnabulum:
Comes quieto ſequitur & placido gradu.
Subitò Latrones ex inſidiis (*a*) advolant,
Interque cædem ferro Mulum truſitant.
Diripiunt nummos, negligunt vile hordeum.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Plura ſunt *timénda divitibus.*

Duo Muli ibant gravâti ſárcinis; unus ferébat fiſcos cum pecúniâ; alter *ferébat* ſaccos tuméntes multo hórdeo. Ille dives ónere *it* éminens celsâ cervice, jactánſque clarum tintinnábulum collo: comes ſequitur quiéto & placído gradu. Súbitò Latrones ádvolant ex inſidiis, truſitántque Mulum ferro inter cædem. Dirípiunt nummos, négligunt vile hórdeum.

Spoliatus

Spoliatus igitur casus quùm (a) fleret suos,
Equidem, inquit alter, me contemptum gaudeo,
Nam nil amisi, nec sum læsus vulnere.
Hoc argumento tuta est hominum tenuitas,
Magnæ periculo sunt opes obnoxiæ.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Igitur quùmspoliátus *Mulus* fleret suor casus, alter inquit, équidem gaudeo mé contémptum, nam amísi nihil, nec sum læsus vúlnere. Hoc argumento tenúitas hóminum est tuta, magnæ opes sunt obnóxiæ periculo.

FABULA VIII.

Plus videas tuis oculis quàm aliénis.

CERVUS ET BOVES.

CERVUS nemorosis excitatus latibulis,
Ut venatorum fugeret instantem necem,
(a) Cæco timore proximam villam petit,
Et opportuno se Bovili condidit.
Hìc Bos latenti; Quidnàm voluisti tibi,
Infelix ultrò qui ad necem cucurreris,
Hominumque (b) tecto spiritum commiseris?
At ille supplex. Vos modò, inquit, parcite,
Occasione rursùs erumpam datâ.
(c) Spatium diei noctis excipiunt vices:
(d) Frondem bubulcus adfert, nec ideò videt.
Eunt subindè & redeunt omnes rustici;
Nemo animadvertit: transit etiam villicus,

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Synécdoche.* (c) *Periphrasis.* (d) *Enállage.*

ORDO.

Videas plus tuis óculis quàm aliénis.

Cervus excitátus nemorósis latíbulis, ut fúgeret instántem necem venatórum, (i. e. à venatoribus) petit próximam villam cæco timóre, & condídit se opportúno bóvili. Hìc bos *ait* laténti; quidnam voluísti tibi, qui infelix cucúrreris ultrò ad necem, commiseríque spíritum tecto hóminum? At ille supplex inquit, modò vos parcite, rursùs erúmpam occasione datâ. Vices noctis excípiunt spátium diei: bubúlcus adfert frondem, nec ídeò videt. Omnes rústici eunt & rédeunt subíndè; nemo animadvértit; étiam villicus transit.

Nec

Nec ille quicquam ſentit: tum gaudens ferus
Bobus quietis agere cœpit gratias,
Hoſpitium adverſo quòd præſtiterint tempore.
Reſpondit unus; Salvum te cupimus quidem,
Sed ille, (c) qui oculos centum habet, ſi venerit,
Magno in perîclo vita verſatur tua.
(e) Hæc inter, ipſe dominus à cœnâ redit:
Et quià corruptos viderat nuper Boves,
Accedit ad præſepe: Cur (d) frondis parum eſt?
Stramenta deſunt? Tollere hæc aranea,
Quantum eſt laboris? Dùm ſcrutatur ſingula,
Cervi quoque alta eſt conſpicatus cornua,
Quem convocatâ jubet occidi familiâ,
Prædamque tollit. ¶ Hæc ſignificat fabula
Dominum videre plurimùm in rebus ſuis.

(c) *Periphraſis.* (d) *Enállage.* (d) *Hyſteron.*

ORDO.

nec ille ſentit quicquam: tum ferus gaudens cœpit ágere grátias quiétis bobus, quód præſtíterint hoſpítium advérſo témpore. Unus reſpóndit; quidem cúpimus te ſalvum, ſed ſi ille vénerit, qui habet centum óculos, (ſc. Dominus) tua vita verſátur in magno perículo. Inter hæc, dóminus ipſe redit à cœnâ, & quià víderat bóves nuper corrúptos, accedit ad præſépe, *dicens*, cur eſt parum frondis? *cur* ſtraménta deſunt? Quantum labóris eſt tóllere hæc aránea? Dùm ſcrutátur ſíngula, eſt conſpicátus alta córnua cervi quoque, quem jubet occídi, convocátâ familiâ, tollítque prædam. Hæc fábula ſignificat dóminum vidére plúrimùm in ſuis rebus.

FABULA XI.

EPILOGUS.

INVIDIA VIRTUTUM COMES.

ÆSOPO ingentem ſtatuam poſuêre Attici,
Servumque collocârunt æternâ in baſi;

ORDO.

Invídia eſt *comes virtútum.*

Attici poſuêre ingéntem ſtátuam Æſópo, collocaverúntque ſervum in ætérnâ baſi;

Patere

(a) Patere honoris ſcirent ut cuncti viam,
Nec generi tribui, ſed virtuti gloriam.
Quoniam occupârat alter nè primus forem,
Nè ſolus eſſe ſtudui, quod ſuperfuit:
Nec hæc invidia, verum eſt æmulatio.
Quòd ſi labori faverit (b) Latium meo,
Plures habebit quos opponat (c) Græciæ.
Si (c) livor obtrectare curam voluerit,
Non tamen (d) eripiet laudis conſcientiam.
(e) Si noſtrum ſtudium ad aures pervenit tuas,
Et arte fictas animus (d) ſentit fabulas,
Omnem querelam ſubmovit felicitas.
Sin autem doctus illis (d) occurret labor,
(a) Siniſtra quos in lucem natura extulit.
Nec quicquam poſſunt niſi meliores (d) carpere,
(f) Fatale exitium corde (d) durato feram,
(a) Donèc Fortunam criminis pudeat ſui.

(a) *Allegória.* (b) *Metalépſis.* (c) *Metonymia.* (d) *Metáphora.* (e) *Periphraſis.* (f) *Irónia.*

ORDO.

ut cuncti ſcirent viam honóris patére, nec glóriam tribui géneri, ſed virtúti. Quóniam alter (ſc. *Æſopus*) occupáverat nè forem primus *ſcriptor fabularum*, ſtúdui nè eſſet ſolus, quod *ſolum* ſupérfuit *mihi:* nec eſt hæc invídia, verùm æmulátio. Quód ſi Látium fáverit meo labóri, habébit plures *labóres*, quos oppónat Græciæ. Si livor volúerit obtrectáre *meam* curam, tamen non éripiet conſciéntiam laudis. Si noſtrum ſtúdium pérvenit ad tuos aures, & ánimus ſentit *meas* fábulas fictas arte, *iſta* felícitas ſubmóvet omnem querélam. Sin autem doctus labor occúrret illis, quos ſiníſtra natúra éxtulit in lucem, nec poſſunt cárpere quicquam niſi *auctóres* melióres *ipſis*, feram fatále exítium duráto corde, donec púdeat fortúnam ſui críminis.

PHÆDRI

PHÆDRI FABULARUM

LIBER TERTIUS.

PHÆDRUS AD *EUTYCHUM.*

PHÆDRI libellos legere ſi deſideras,
Vaces oportet, Eutyche, à negotiis,
Ut liber animus ſentiat (a) vim carminis.
Verùm, inquis, tanti non eſt ingenium tuum,
Momentum ut horæ pereat officii mei.
Non ergò cauſa eſt manibus id tangi tuis,
Quod occupatis auribus non convenit.
Fortaſſe dices: Aliquæ venient feriæ,
Quæ me ſoluto pectore ad ſtudium vocent.
Legeſne, quæſo, potiùs viles nænias,
Impendas curam quàm rei domeſticæ,
Reddas amicis tempora, uxori vaces,
Animum relaxes, otium des corpori;
Ut adſuetam fortiùs præſtes vicem?
Mutandum tibi propoſitum eſt et vitæ genus.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Eútyche, ſi desíderas légere libéllos Phædri, opórtet *ut* vaces à negótiis, ut ánimus liber ſéntiat vim cárminis. Verùm, inquis, tuum ingénium non eſt tanti, ut moméntum horæ mei offícii péreat. Non eſt ergò cauſa id tangi tuis mánibus, quod non cónvenit occupátis áuribus. Fortáſſe dices: áliquæ fériæ vénient, quæ vocent me ad ſtúdium ſolúto péctore. Quæſo, legéſne potiùs viles nænias, quàm impéndas curam domésticæ rei, reddas témpore amícis, vaces uxóri, reláxes ánimum, des ótium córpori; ut præſtes fórtiùs adſuétam vicem? Propósitum eſt mutándum tibi, & genus vitæ.

(a Intrare

(*a*) Intrare si Musarum limen cogitas.
Ego, quem Pierio mater enixa est jugo,
In quo tonanti sancta Mnemosyne Jovi,
Fœcunda noviès, artium peperit chorum,
Quamvis in ipsâ natus sim penè scholâ,
Curamque habendi penitùs corde (*b*) eraserim,
Et laude invitâ in hanc vitam incubuerim,
Fastidiosè tamèn in cœtum recipior.
Quid credis illi accidere, qui magas opes
Exaggerare quærit omni vigiliâ,
Docto labori dulce præponens lucrum?
Sed jàm quòdcunque fuerit (ut dixit Sinon,
Ad regem quùm Dardaniæ perductus foret)
Librum (*b*) exarabo tertium Æsopi stylo,
Honori & meritis dedicans illum tuis:
Quem si leges, lætabor, sin autem minùs,
Habebunt certè quo se oblectent posteri.
Nunc fabularum cùr sit inventum genus,
Brevitèr docebo. Servitus obnoxia,
Quià quæ volebat non audebat dicere,
Affectus proprios in fabellas transtulit,
Calumniamque fictis elusit jocis.
(*a*) Ego porrò illius semitâ feci viam,
Et cogitavi plura quàm reliquerat,
In calamitatem deligens quædam meam.

(a) *Allegória.* (b) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

si cógitas intráre limen Musárum. Ego, quem mater est enixa Piério jugo, in quo sancta Mnemósyne, fœcúnda nóviès, péperit chorum ártium tonánti Jovi, quamvis sim natus penè in ipsâ schólâ, eraserímque pénitùs curam habéndi corde, & incubúerim in hanc vitam laude invitâ, tamen recípior fastidiosè in cœtum *harum musarum*. Quid credis accídere illi, qui quærit exaggeráre magnas opes omni vigíliâ, præpónens dulce lucrum docto labóri? Sed jàm quodcúnque fúerit (ut Sinon dixit, quùm foret perdúctus ad regem Dardániæ) exarábo tertium librum stylo Æsopi, dedicans illum *librum* honóri & tuis méritis: quem si leges lætábor, sin autem minùs, certè pósteri habébunt quo oblécteni se.

Nunc docébo brevitèr cùr genus fabulárum sit inventum. Sérvitus obnóxia, quià non audébat dicere quæ volébat, tránstulit próprios affectus in fabéllas, elusítque calúmniam fictis jocis. Porrò ego feci viam sémitâ illíus (sc. *Æsopi*) & cogitávi plura quàm relíquerat, déligens quædam in meam calamitátem.

Quòd

Quòd ſi accuſator alius Sejano foret,
Si teſtis alius, judex alius denique,
Dignum faterer eſſe me tantis malis,
Nec his dolorem (*b*) delinirem remediis.
Suſpicione ſi quis errabit ſuâ,
Et rapiet ad ſe quod erit commune omnium.
Stultè (*a*) nudabit animi conſcientiam:
Huic excuſatum me velim nihilominùs;
Neque enim notare ſingulos mens eſt mihi,
Verùm ipſam vitam & mores hominum oſtendere.
Rem me profeſſum dicet forſan aliquis gravem.
Si Phryx Æſopus potuit, Anacharſis Scytha,
Æternam famam (*b*) condere ingenio ſuo;
Ego, literatæ qui ſum proprior Græciæ,
(*a*) Cùr ſomno inerti deſeram patriæ decus,
Threïſſa quùm gens numeret auctores ſuos,
Linoque Apollo ſit parens, Muſa Orpheo,
Qui ſaxa cantu movit, et domuit feras,
Hebrique tenuit impetus dulci morâ?
Ergò hìnc abeſto (*c*) livor, ne fruſtrà gemas:
Quoniàm mihi ſolemnis debetur gloria.
Induxi te ad legendum, ſincerum mihi
Candore noto reddas judicium peto.

(a) *Allegória.* (b) *Metáphora.* (c) *Metonymia.*

O R D O.

Quòd ſi álius accusátor Sejáno foret *mihi*, ſi álius teſtis, dénique álius judex, fatérer me dignum tantis malis, nec delinírem dolórem his remédiis. Si quis errábit ſuâ ſuſpicióne, & rápiet ad ſe quod erit commúne ómnium, nudábit ſtultè conſciéntiam ánimi: nihilóminùs velim me *eſſe* excuſátum huic. Enim neque eſt mihi mens notare ſíngulos, verùm oſtendere vitam ipſam et mores hóminum. Forsàn áliquis dicet me profétſum gravem rem. Si Æſópus Phryx, & Anachárſis Scytha pótuit cóndere ætérnam famam ſuo ingénio; cùr ego, qui ſum próprior literátæ Græciæ, déſeram decus pátriæ inérti ſomno, quùm Threïſſa gens númeret ſuos auctóres, Apollóque ſit parens Lino, Muſa Orpheo, qui movit ſaxa cantu, & dómuit feras, tenuítque ímpetus Hebri dulci morâ? Ergò livor, abéſto hìnc, ne gemas fruſtrà: quóniàm ſolémnis glória debétur mihi. Indúxi te ad legéndum: peto *ut* reddas ſincérum judícium mihi noto candóre.

FABULA I.

Rei bonæ vel (a) *veſtigia delectant.*

ANUS AD AMPHORAM.

ANUS jacere vidit epotam amphoram,
Adhuc Falernâ fæce & teſtâ nobili,
Odorem quæ jucundum latè ſpargeret.
Hunc poſtquam totis avida traxit naribus;
O ſuavis anima! (*b*) qualem te dicam bonam
Antehac fuiſſe, tales cum ſint reliquiæ?
Hoc quò pertineat, dicet qui me noverit.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Antiméria.*

ORDO.

Vel veſtigia bonæ rei deléctant.

Anus vidit ámphoram jacére epótam, quæ adhuc ſpárgeret jucúndum ódorem latè, Falérnâ fæce & nóbili teſtâ. Poſtquam ávida traxit hunc totis náribus, *ait*; O ſuavis ánima! qualem, i.e. *quàm* bonam dicam te fuiſſe antehac, cum relíquiæ ſint tales? Qui nóverit me, dicet quò hoc pertíneat.

FABULA II.

Benefico benè erit.

PANTHERA ET PASTORES.

SOLET à deſpectis par referri gratia.
¶ Panthera imprùdens olìm in foveam decidit:
Vidêre agreſtes: alii fuſtes congerunt,
Alii onerant ſaxis: quidam contrà miſeriti,
Perituræ quippe, quamvis nemo læderet,
Miſêre panem, ut ſuſtineret ſpiritum.
Nox inſecuta eſt, abeunt ſecuri domum,

ORDO.

Erit benè benéfico.

Par grátia ſolet referri à deſpéctis. Olìm Panthéra imprúdens décidit in fóveam: agréſtes vidére: alii cóngerunt fuſtes, alii ónerant ſaxis: contrà quidam miſériti *illius*, quippe peritúræ, quamvis nemo læderet, miſére panem, ut ſuſtinéret ſpíritum. Nox eſt inſecúta, ſecúri ábeunt domum,

Quaſi

Quaſi inventuri mortuam poſtridiè.
At illa vires ut refecit languidas,
Veloci ſaltu foveâ ſeſe liberat,
Et in cubile concito properat gradu.
Paucis diebus interpoſitis (*a*) provolat,
Pecus trucidat, ipſos Paſtores necat,
Et cuncta vaſtans ſævit irato impetu.
Tum ſibi timentes, qui feræ pepercerant,
Damnum haùd recuſant, tantùm pro vitâ rogant.
Et illa; Memini qui me ſaxo petierint,
Qui panem dederint: vos timere abſiſtite;
Illis revertor hoſtis, qui me læſerant.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

quaſi inventúri *illam* mórtuam poſtridiè. At illa, ut refécit lánguidas vires, líberat ſeſe fóveâ velóci ſaltu, & próperat in cubíle cóncito gradu. Paucis diébus interpóſitis, próvolat, trucídat pecus, necat paſtóres ipſos, & vaſtans cuncta, ſævit iráto impétu. Tum qui pepércerant feræ, timéntes ſibi, haùd recúſant damnum, tantùm rogant pro vitâ. Et illa *ait*; Mémini qui petíverint me ſaxo, qui déderint panem; vos absíſtite timére, revértor hoſtis illis *tantùm*, qui læſerant me.

FABULA III.

Experientia præſtantior arte.

ÆSOPUS ET RUSTICUS.

USU peritus hariolo (*a*) velocior
Vulgò eſſe fertur; cauſâ ſed non dicitur;
Noteſcet quæ nunc primùm fabellâ meâ.
¶ Habenti cuidam pecora pepererunt Oves
Agnos humano capite; monſtro exterritus
Ad conſulendos currit mœrens hariolos.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Expérientia eſt *præſtántior arte.*

Homo perítus uſu fertur vulgò eſſe velócior *ingénio* (i. e. *ſagácior*) haríolo; ſed cauſa non dícitur; quæ notéſcet nunc primùm meâ fabéllâ. Oves peperérunt agnos humáno cápite cuídam habénti pécora; extérritus monſtro, mœrens currit ad haríolos conſuléndos.

Hic pertinere ad domini respondit (*b*) caput,
Et avertendum victimâ periculum.
Ille autèm affirmat conjugem esse adulteram,
Et (*a*) infitivos significari liberos;
Sed expiari posse majori hostiâ.
Quid multa? variis dissident sententiis,
Hominisque curam curâ majore aggravant.
Æsopus ibi stans, naris emunctæ senex,
Natura nunquàm verba cui potuit dare:
Si procùrare vis ostentum, rustice,
Uxores, inquit, da tuis pastoribus.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Hic respóndit *istud* pertinére ad caput dómini, & periculum averténdum víctimâ. Autèm ille affirmat cónjugem esse adúlteram, & líberos significári *esse* insitívos, sed posse expiári majóri hóstiâ. Quid *loquar* multa *verbis?* díssident váriis sententiis, aggravántque curam hóminis majore curâ. Æsópus senex emúnctæ naris (i. e. *sagax*) stans ibi, cui natúra nunquàm potuit dare verba (i. e. *fallere*) inquit, rústice, si vis procuráre osténtum, da uxores tuis pastóribus.

FABULA IV.

Mentem hominis spectato, non frontem.

SIMII CAPUT.

PENDERE ad Lanium quidam vidit Simium
Inter reliquas merces atque opsonia.
Quæsivit quidnam saperet: tum Lanius jocans,
Quale, inquit, caput est, talis præstatur sapor.
¶ Ridiculè magis hoc dictum quàm verè æstimo.
Quandò & formosos sæpè inveni pessimos,
Et turpi facie multos cognovi optimos.

ORDO.

Méntem hóminis spectáto, non frontem.

Quidam vidit Símium pendére ad Lánium inter réliquas merces atque opsónia. Quæsívit quidnam saperet; tum Lánius jocans *inquit*, quale caput est, talis sapor præstátur. Æstimo hoc dictum magis ridículè quàm verè, quandò & invéni sæpe te formósos esse péssimos, & cógnovi multos turpi facie óptimos.

FAB.

FABULA V.

Erit ubi pœnas det procax audacia.

ÆSOPUS ET PETULANS.

SUCCESSUS ad perniciem multos devocat.
¶ Æsopo quidam petulans lapidem impegerat:
Tanto, inquit, melior; assem deindè illi dedit,
Sic prosequutus: Plus non habeo meherculè,
Sed undè accipere possis monstrabo tibi.
Venit eccè dives & potens; huic similiter
Impinge lapidem, & dignum accipies præmium.
Persuasus ille, fecit quod monitus fuit:
Sed spes fefellit (a) impudentem audaciam;
Comprehensus namque pœnas (b) persolvit cruce.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Erit tempus *ubi procax audácia det pœnas.*

Succéssus dévocat multos ad perníciem. Quidam pétulans impégerat lápidem Æsopo: inquit, *sum* mélior tantò; deindè dedit assem illi, sic prosecútus; meherculè non hábeo plus, sed monstrábo tibi unde possis accípere. Eccè dives & potens venit; impínge lápidem huic símíliter, & accípies dignum præmium. Ille persuásus, fecit quod fuit mónitus; sed spes feféllit impudéntem audáciam *illíus*; namque comprehénsus persólvit pœnas cruce.

FABULA VI.

Ridenda imbecillorum (a) *superbiloquentia.*

MUSCA ET MULA.

MUSCA in temone sedit, & Mulam increpans,
Quàm tarda es, inquit: non vis citiùs progredi?
Vide, ne dolone collum compungam tibi,

(a) *Onomatópœia.*

ORDO.

Superbiloquéntia imbecillórum est *ridénda.*

Musca sedit in témone, & increpans mulam, inquit, quàm tarda es: non vis prógredi cítiùs? Vide, ne compúngam collum tibi dolóne.

Respondit

Reſpondit illa; Verbis non moveor tuis,
Sed iſtum timeo, ſellâ qui primâ ſedens,
Tergum flagello temperat lento meum,
Et ora frænis continet ſpumantibus.
Quapròpter aufer frivolam inſolentiam;
Namque ubi ſtrigandum eſt, & ubi currendum ſcio.
¶ Hâc derideri fabulâ meritò poteſt,
Qui ſine virtute vanas exercet minas.

ORDO.

Illa reſpóndit; non móveor tuis verbis, ſed tímeo iſtum, qui ſedens primâ ſellâ, témperat meum tergum lento flagéllo, & cóntinet ora ſpumántibus frænis. Quapròpter aufer frívolam inſoléntiam: námque ſcio, ubi ſtrigándum eſt *mihi*, & ubi curréndum. *Ille* poteſt derideri méritò hâc fábulâ, qui exércet vanas minas ſine virtúte.

FABULA VII.

Liber inops ſervo divite felicior.

CANIS ET LUPUS.

QUAM dulcis ſit libertas brevitèr proloquar.
¶ Cani perpaſto, macie confectus Lupus
Fortè occurrit: ſalutantes deìn invicem
Ut reſtiterunt: undè ſic quæſo nites,
Aut quo cibo feciſti tantum corporis?
Ego qui ſum longè fortior, pereo fame.
Canis ſimpliciter; Eadem (a) eſt conditio tibi,
Præſtare domino ſi par officium potes.
Quod? inquit ille: Cuſtos ut ſis liminis,
A furibus tueàris & noctu domum.
Ego verò ſum paratus; nunc patior nives,

(a) *Enállage.*

ORDO.

Inops liber eſt *felicior divite ſervo.*

Próloquar brévitèr quam dulcis libértas ſit. Lupus conféctus mácie fortè occúrrit Cani perpáſto. Deìn ſalutántes ínvicem ut reſtitérunt, *Lupus ait*; quæſo undè nites ſic, aut quo cibo fecísti tantum córporis? Ego qui ſum longè fórtior *te*, péreo fame. Canis ſimplícitèr *ait*, éadem condítio eſt (i. e. *erit*) tibi, ſi potes præſtare par offícium dómino. Ille inquit, quod *officium?* *Canis ait*, Ut ſis cuſtos líminis, & tueáris domum à fúribus noctu. *Lupus ait*, Ego veró ſum parátus; nunc patior nives,

Imbreſque,

Imbreſque, in ſylvis aſperam (*b*) vitam trahens;
Quantò eſt facilius mihi ſub (*c*) tecto vivere,
Et otioſum larga ſatiari cibo!
Veni ergò mecum. Dum procedunt, aſpicit
Lupus à catenâ collum detritum Canis.
Unde hoc, amice? Nihil eſt. Dic quæſo tamèn
Quia videor, acer, alligant me interdiù,
Luce ut quieſcam, & vigilem nox quùm venerit:
Crepuſculo, ſolutus, quà viſum eſt vagor.
Adfertur ultrò panis, de menſâ ſuâ
Dat oſſa dominus, fruſtra jactat familia,
Et quod faſtidit quiſque pulmentarium,
Sic ſine labore venter impletur meus.
Age, ſi quò eſt abire animus, eſt licentia?
Non planè eſt, inquit. Fruere quæ laudas, Canis:
Regnare nolo, liber ut non ſim mihi.

(b) *Metáphora.* (c) *Synécdoche.*

ORDO.

imbréſque, trahens áſperam vitam in ſylvis; quantò eſt facílius mihi vívere ſub tecto, *& me* otióſum ſatiári largo cibo! *Canis ait*, Ergò veni mecum. Dum procédunt, Lupus áſpicit collum Canis detritum à caténâ. *Lupus inquit*, Amice, unde hoc? *Canis ait*, eſt nihil. *Lupus ait*, Tamen quæſo, dic. *Canis dixit*, Quia vídeor acer, alligant me interdiù, ut quiéſcam luce, & vígilem quùm nox vénerit; ſolútus crepúſculo, vagor qua viſum eſt *mihi*. Panis adfértur ultrò, dóminus dat oſſa de ſuâ menſâ, família jactat fruſtra & pulmentárium quod quiſque faſtídit. Sic meus venter implétur ſine labóre. *Lupus ait*, Agé, ſi ánimus eſt *tibi* abíre quò, eſt licéntia? *Canis* inquit, planè non eſt. *Lupus ait*, Canis, frúere quæ laudas; noto *etiam* regnáre, ut non ſim liber mihi.

FABULA VIII.

Sat pulcher, qui ſat bonus.

FRATER ET SOROR.

PRÆCEPTO monitus ſæpè te conſidera:
¶ Habebat quidam filiam turpiſſimam,

ORDO.

Ille eſt *pulcher ſat*, *qui* eſt *bonus ſat*.

Mónitus hóc præcepto ſæpè considera te. Quidam habébat turpíſſimam filiam, Idemque

Idèmque insigni & pulchrâ facie filium.
Hi, speculum ut cathedrâ matris positum fuit,
Puerilitèr ludentes, fortè inspexerant.
Hic se formosum jactat: illa irascitur,
Nec gloriantis sustinet fratris jocos,
Accipiens (quid enim?) cuncta in contumeliam.
Ergò ad patrem cucurrit læsura invicèm,
Magnâque invidiâ criminatur filium,
Vir natus quòd rem fœminarum tetigerit.
Amplexus utrumque ille, & carpens oscula,
Dulcemque in ambos charitatem partiens,
Quotidiè, inquit, speculo vos uti volo:
Tu formam ne (a) corrumpas nequitiæ malis;
Tu faciem ut istam moribus (a) vincas bonis.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

idèmque *habébat* filium insìgni & pulchrâ fácie. Hi, ut spéculum fuit positum cathédrâ matris, ludéntes puerilitèr, fortè inspéxerant. Hic jactat se formósum: Illa iráscitur, nec sústinet jocos arátris gloriántis, accípiens cuncta in contuméliam, (enim quid?) Ergò læsúra ínvicèm cucúrrit ad patrem, criminatúrque fílium magnâ invidiâ, quòd natus vir tetígerit rem fœminárum. Ille amplexus utrúmque & carpens óscula, partiénsque dulcem charitátem in ambos, inquit, volo vos uti spéculo quotídiè: tu, *filius*, ne corrúmpas formam malis nequitiæ; tu, *filia*, ut vincas istam faciem bonis móribus.

FABULA IX.

Fidelem ubi invenias virum?

DICTUM SOCRATIS.

VULGARE amici nomen, sed rara est fides.
¶ Quùm parvas ædes sibi fundâsset Socrates,
(Cujus non fugio mortem, si famam adsequar,
Et cedo invidiæ, dummòdo absolvat cinis).
E populo sic nescio quis, ut fieri solet;

ORDO.

Ubi invénias fidélem virum?

Nomen amíci *est* vulgáre, sed fides est rara. Quùm Sócrates fundavisset parvas ædes sibi, (cujus mortem non fugio, si ádsequar famam, & cedo invídiæ, dummòdo cinis absólvat) néscio quis è pópulo, ut solet fieri *ait*;

Quæso, tàm anguſtam talis vir ponis domum?
Utinam, inquit, veris hanc amicis impleam.

ORDO.

quæſo, *tu*, talis vir, ponis tàm anguſtam domum? *Socrates* inquit, útinam impleam hanc veris amícis.

FABULA X.

Ne ſis credulus maximè criminatori.

RES GESTA SUB AUGUSTO.

PERICULOSUM eſt credere & non credere.
Utriuſque exemplum brevitèr exponam rei.
Hippolytus obiit, quià novercæ creditum eſt:
Caſſandræ quià non creditum, ruit Ilium.
Ergò exploranda eſt veritas multùm priùs,
Quàm ſtulta pravè judicet ſententia.
Sed fabulosâ ne vetuſtate (*a*) elevem,
Narrabo tibi memoriâ quod factum eſt meâ.
¶ Maritus quidam quùm diligeret conjugem,
Togamque puram jàm pararet filio,
Seductus in ſecretùm à liberto eſt ſuo,
Sperante hæredem ſuffici ſe proximum.
Qui dùm de puero multa mentitus foret,
Et plura de flagitiis caſtæ mulieris,
Adjecit id, quod ſentiebat maximè
Doliturum amanti, ventitare adulterum,
Stuproque turpi pollui famam domûs.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Ne ſis crédulus máxime criminatóri.

Eſt periculóſum crédere & non crédere. Expónam brévitèr exémplum utriúſque rei. Hippólytus obívit, quià eſt créditum novércæ *Phædræ à Theſeo*; Ilium ruit, quià non *eſt* créditum Caſſándræ *vati*. Ergò véritas eſt exploránda multùm priùs quàm ſtulta ſenténtia júdicet pravè. Sed ne élevem *ſenténtiam ſupradíctam* fabulósâ vetuſtáte, narrábo tibi quod eſt factum meâ memóriâ. Quùm quidam máritus dilígeret cónjugem, jamque paráret puram togam fílio, eſt ſedúctus in ſecrétum *locum* à ſuo libérto, ſperánte ſe ſúffici próximum hærédem. Qui, dùm foret mentítus multa de púero, & plura de flagítiis caſtæ mulíeris, adjécit id, quod ſentiébat máximè dolitúrum amánti *maríto*, *ſcil.* adúlterum ventitáre, famámque domûs póllui turpi ſtupro.

Incenſus

Incenſus ille falſo uxoris crimine,
Simulavit iter ad villam, clàmque in oppido
Subſedit, deindè noctu ſubitò januam
Intravit, rectà cubiculum uxoris petens,
In quo dormire mater natum juſſerat,
Ætatem adultam ſervans diligentiùs.
Dùm quærunt lumen, dùm concurſat familia,
Iræ furentis impetum non ſuſtinens,
Ad lectum accedit, tentat in tenebris caput:
Ut ſentit tonſum, gladio pectus transfigit,
Nihil reſpiciens dùm dolorem vindicet.
Lucernâ adlatâ, ſimùl adſpexit filium,
Sanctamque uxorem dormientem cubiculo,
Sopita primo quæ nil ſomno ſenſerat,
Repræſentavit in ſe pœnam facinoris,
Et ferro incubuit, quod credulitas ſtrinxerat.
Accuſatores poſtulàrunt mulierem,
Romamque pertraxerunt ad Centumviros.
Maligna inſontem deprimit ſuſpicio,
Quòd bona poſſideat. Stant patroni fortitèr
Cauſam tuentes innocentis fœminæ.
A Divo Auguſto tunc petiêre judices
Ut adjuvaret jurisjurandi fidem,
Quòd ipſos error (*a*) implicuiſſet criminis.
(*b*) Qui poſtquam tenebras diſpulit calumniæ,
(*c*) Certumque fontem veritatis reperit,

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Allegória.*

ORDO.

Ille incénſus falſo crímine uxóris, ſimulávit iter ad villam, ſubſedítque clam in óppido, deíndè noctu intrávit jánuam ſúbitò, petens cubículum uxóris rectà, in quo mater júſſerat natum dormíre, ſervans adúltam ætátem diligentiùs. Dùm quærunt lumen, dùm família concúrſat, non ſúſtinens impétum furéntis iræ, accédit ad lectum, tentat caput in tenébris; ut ſentit *illud* tonſum, tránsfigit pectus gladio, reſpíciens nihil dùm víndicet dolórem. Lucérnâ adlátâ, ſimùl adſpéxit fílium, ſanctámque uxórem dormiéntem cubículo, quæ ſopíta primo ſomno ſénſerat nil, repræſentávit pœnam facínoris in ſe, & incúbuit ferro, quod credúlitas ſtrínxerat. Accuſatóres poſtulavérunt mulíerem, pertraxerúntque Romam ad Centúmviros. Malígna ſuſpício déprimit *eam* insóntem, quòd poſsídeat bona. Patróni ſtant tuéntes fórtitèr cauſam innocéntis fœminæ. Tunc júdices petívere á Divo Augúſto ut adjuváret fidem *ſui* jurisjurándi, quòd error críminis implicuíſſet ipſos. Qui, (ſc. *Augúſtus*) poſtquam díſpulit ténebras calúmniæ, reperítque certum fontem veritátis,

Luat,

Luat, inquit, pœnas cauſa libertus mali.
Namque orbam nato ſimùl & privatam viro,
Miſerandam potiùs quàm damnandam exiſtimo.
Quòd ſi damnanda perſcrutatus crimina
Paterfamilias eſſet, ſi mendacium
Subtilitèr limâſſet à radîcibus,
Non evertiſſet ſcelere funeſto domum.
¶ Nil ſpernat auris, nea tamèn credat ſtatîm,
Quandòquidem & illi peccant quos minimè putes,
Et qui non peccant impugnantur fraudibus:
Hoc admonere ſimplices etiàm poteſt,
Opinione alterius ne quid (a) ponderent:
(b) Ambitio namque diſſidens mortalium,
Aut gratiæ (c) ſubſcribit, aut odio ſuo.
Erit ille notus, quem per te cognoveris.
¶ Hæc exſecutus ſum propterea pluribus,
Brevitate nimiâ quoniàm quoſdam offendimus.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Allegória.*

ORDO.

Inquit, libértus, cauſa mali, luat pœnas. Nam exíſtimo *mulíerem* orbam nato, & ſimùl privátam viro, pótius miſerándam quàm damnándam. Quòd ſi paterfamílias eſſet perſcrutátus crímina damnánda, ſi limavíſſet mendácium ſubtíli èr à rádicibus, non evertíſſet domum funéſto ſcélere. Auris ſpernat nil, tamèn nec credat ſtatím, quandòquidem & illi peccant, quos minimè putes *peccáre*, & qui non peccant impugnántur fraúdibus. Hoc, poteſt étiam admonére ſimplices, ne pónderent quid opiniónè altérius: namque díſſidens ambítio mortálium aut ſubſcríbit *ſuæ* grátiæ aut ſuo ódio. Ille erit notus, quem cognóveris per te. Sum exſecútus hæc plúribus propterèa, quóniam offéndimus quoſdàm nímiâ brevitáte.

FABULA XI.

Deformitas dolenda, quæ ex merito venit.

EUNUCHUS AD IMPROBUM.

EUNUCHUS litigabat cum quodam Improbo;
Qui ſuper obſcœna dicta & petulans jurgium.

ORDO.

Defórmitas dolénda, quæ ex mérito venit.

Eunúchus litigabat cum quodam ímprobo; qui, ſuper obſcœna dicta & pétulans júrgium.

Damnum

Damnum (*a*) infectatus eſt amiſſi (*b*) corporis.
En, ait, hoc unum eſt, cùr laborem validiùs,
Integritatis teſtes quià deſunt mihi.
Sed quid fortunæ, ſtulte, delictum arguis?
Id demùm eſt homini turpe, quod meruit pati.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Synécdoche.*

ORDO.

eſt infectátus damnum córporis amíſſi. *Eunúchus* ait. En hoc eſt unum, cùr labórem validiùs, quià teſtes integritátis deſunt mihi. Sed ſtulte, quid árguis delíctum fortunæ? Id demùm eſt turpe hómini, quod méruit pati.

FABULA XII.

Optima ſæpè deſpecta.

MARGARITA IN STERQUILINIO.

IN ſterquilinio, pullus gallinaceus,
Dum quærit eſcam, Margaritam reperit:
Jaces indigno quanta res, inquit, loco?
Oſi quis pretii cupidus vidiſſet tui,
Olim (*a*) redîſſes ad ſplendorem maximum.
Ego qui te inveni, potior cui multò eſt cibus,
Nec tibi prodeſſe, nec mihi quicquam potes.
¶ Hoc illis narro, qui me non intelligunt.

(a) *Catachréſis.*

ORDO.

Optima ſunt *ſæpè deſpécta.*

Gallináceus pullus, dum quærit eſcam in ſterquilínio, réperit Margarítam: inquit, quanta res jaces indígno loco? O ſi quis cúpidus tui prétii vidíſſet *te*, olìm redivíſſes ad máximum ſplendórem. Ego, qui invéni te, cui cibus eſt pótior multò, nec *poſſum* prodéſſe tibi *quicquam*, nec *tu* potes *pródeſſe* mihi quicquam. Narro hoc illis, qui non intélligunt me.

FABULA XIII.

Opus artificem probat.

APES ET FUCI, VESPA JUDICE.

APES in altâ quercu fecerant favos,
Hos Fuci inertes esse dicebant suos.
Lis ad forum deducta est, Vespâ judice:
Quæ genus utrumque nôsset cùm pulcherrimè,
Legem duabus hanc proposuit partibus:
Non inconveniens corpus, & par est color,
In dubium planè res ut meritò venerit;
Sed ne religio peccet imprudens mea,
Alveos accipite & ceris opus infundite,
Ut ex sapore mellis, & forma favi,
De queis nùnc agitur, auctor horum appareat.
Fuci recusant, Apibus conditio placet.
Tunc illa talem (*a*) sustulit sententiam:
(*a*) Apertum est quis non possit, aut quis fecerit,
Quapropter Apibus fructum restituo suum.
¶ Hanc præterîssem fabulam silentio
Si pactam Fuci non recusâssent fidem.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Opus probat artíficem.

Apes fécerant favos in altâ quercu: Inértes fuci dicébant hos esse suos. Lis est dedúcta ad forum, vespâ júdice. Quæ, cùm novísset utrúmque genus pulchérrimè, propósuit hanc legem dúabus partíbus: *Vestrum* corpus non *est* inconvéniens, & color est par, ut planè res vénerit méritò in dúbium. Sed ne mea religio imprúdens peccet, accípite álveos, & infúndite opus (sc. *mel*) ceris, ut ex sapóre mellis & formâ favi auctor horum *favórum*, de queis nùnc ágitur, appáreat. Fuci recúsant *conditiónem*, condítio placet ápibus. Tunc illa (sc. *Vespa*) sústulit talem sententiam: Est apértum quis non possit, aut quis fécerit *favos*, quapropter restítuo suum fructum apibus. Prætervìssem hanc fábulam siléntio, si fuci non recusavíssent pactam fidem.

FABULA XIV.

Otiare, quò labores.

ÆSOPUS LUDENS.

PUERORUM in turbâ quidam ludentem Atticus
Æſopum nucibus quùm vidiſſet, reſtitit,
Et quaſi delirum riſit: quod ſenſit ſimùl
Deriſor potiùs quàm deridendus ſenex,
Arcum retenſum poſuit in mediâ viâ:
Heus! inquit (*a*) ſapiens, expedi quid fecerim.
Concurrit populus: ille ſe torquet diù,
Nec quæſtionis poſitæ cauſam intelligit.
Noviſſimè (*b*) ſuccumbit: Tum victor ſophus;
Citò rumpes arcum, ſemper ſi tenſum habueris;
At ſi laxâris, quùm voles erit utilis.
¶ Sic luſus animo debent aliquandò dari,
Ad cogitandum melior ut redeat tibi.

(a) *Irónia.* (b) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Otiare, quò labóres.

Quùm quidam Atticus vidiſſet Æſopum ludéntem núcibus in turbâ puerórum, réſtitit, & riſit *eum* quaſi delírum; quod ſimùl ſenex *Æſópus* deríſor pótiùs quàm deridéndus, ſenſit, póſuit arcum reténſum in mediâ viâ: Inquit, heus! ſapiens, éxpedi quid fecerim. Pópulus concúrrit: ille torquet ſe diù, nec intélligit cauſam quæſtiónis póſitæ: noviſſimè ſuccúmbit: Tum ſophus victor *ait*; citò rumpes arcum, ſi habúeris *eum* ſemper tenſum: At ſi laxáveris, erit útilis, quùm voles. Sic luſus debent dari ánimo aliquándò, ut rédeat tibi mélior ad cogitándum.

FABULA XV.

Qui educat eſt pater magìs quàm ille qui genuit.

AGNUS A CAPELLA NUTRITUS.

INTER capellas Agno balanti Canis,
Stulte, inquit, erras; non eſt hìc mater tua:

ORDO.

Qui éducat pater magìs quàm qui génuit.

Canis inquit agno balánti inter capéllas, erras, ſtulte; tua mater non eſt hìc:

Oveſque

Oveſque ſegregatas oſtendit procùl.
Non illam quæro, quæ, quùm libitum eſt, concipit,
Dein portat onus ignotum certis menſibus;
Noviſſimè prolapſam effundit ſarcinam:
Verùm illam, quæ me nutrit admoto ubere,
Fraudatquè natos lacte, ne deſit mihi.
Tamèn illa eſt potior quæ te peperit. Non ità eſt.
Undè illa ſcivit niger an albus naſcerer?
Agè porrò ſcîſſet, quùm crearer maſculus,
(a) Beneficium magnum ſanè natali dedit,
Ut expectarem lanium in horas ſingulas.
Cujus poteſtas nulla in gignendo fuit,
Cùr hâc ſit potior, quæ jacentis miſerita eſt,
Dulcemque ſponte præſtat benevolentiam?
Facit parentes bonitas, non neceſſitas.
¶ His demonſtrare voluit auctor verſibus,
Obſiſtere homines legibus, meritis capi.

(a) *Irónia.*

ORDO.

oſtendítque oves ſegregátas procùl. *Agnus ait*; Non quæro illam (ſc. *ovem*) quæ cóncipit, ubi eſt libitum, dein portat ignótum onus certis ménſibus; noviſſimè effúndit ſárcinam prolápſam: Verùm *quæro* illam ſc. (*capéllam*) quæ nutrit me, úbere admóto, fraudátque *ſuos* natos lacte, ne deſit mihi. Tamèn ílla quæ péperit te, eſt potior. Non eſt ità. Undè illa ſcivit, *an* náſcerer niger an albus? Porrò agè ſciviſſet, quùm créarer máſculus, ſanè dedit magnum benefícium natáli, *ſcil.* ut expectárem lánium in ſíngulas horas. Cujus potéſtas in gignéndo fuit nulla, cùr ſit pótior hâc, quæ eſt miſérita *mei* jacéntis, præſtátque dulcem benevolén-tiam ſponte? Bónitas facit paréntes, non necéſſitas. Auctor vóluit de-monſtráre his verſibus, hómines obſíſtere légibus, capi méritis.

FABULA XVI.

Humanitas & gratior & tutior.

CICADA ET NOCTUA.

HUMANITATI qui ſe non accommodat,
Plerumque pœnas oppetit ſuperbiæ.

ORDO.

Humánitas eſt *& grátior & tútior* inhumanitáte.
Qui non accómmodat ſe humanitáti, plerúmque óppetit pœnas ſuperbiæ.

¶ Cicada (a) acerbum noctuæ convicium
Faciebat, solitæ victum in tenebris quærere,
Cavoque ramo capere somnum interdiù.
Rogata est ut taceret: multò validiùs
Clamare cœpit. Rursùs (a) admotâ prece,
(a) Accensa magis est. Noctua, ut vidit sibi
Nullum esse auxilium, & verba contemni sua,
Hâc est adgressa garrulam fallaciâ:
Dormire quià me non sinunt cantus tui,
Sonare citharâ quos putes Apollinis,
Potare est animus nectar, quod Pallas mihi
Nupèr donavit: si non fastidis, veni;
Unà bibamus. Illa, quæ (a) ardebat siti,
Simùl cognovit vocem laudari suam,
Cupidè advolavit. Noctua egressa cavo
Trepidantem consectata est, & letho dedit.
Sic viva quod negârat, tribuit mortua.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Cicáda faciébat acérbum convícium nóctuæ sólitæ quærére victum in tenebris, caperéque somnum cavo ramo intérdiù. Est rogâta ut taceret: cœpit clamáre multò validiùs. Rursûs prece admótâ, est magis accénsa. Nóctua, ut vidit nullum auxílium esse sibi, & sua verba contémni, est adgréssa gárrulam (sc. *cicàdam*) hâc fallácià: Quià tui cantus, quos putes sonáre cítharâ Apollínis, non sinunt me dormíre, ánimus, est *mihi* potáre nectar, quod Pallas donávit mihi nupèr: Si non fastídis *id* veni; bibámus unà. Illa, quæ ardébat siti, simùl cognóvit suam vocem laudári, advolávit cúpidè. Nóctua egréssa cavo est consectáta trepidántem *cicádam*, & dedit *eam* letho. Sic mórtua tríbuit, quod viva negáverat.

FABULA XVII.

Fructu, non foliis, arborem æstima.

ARBORES IN DEORUM TUTELA.

OLIM quas vellent esse in tutelâ suâ
Divi legerunt arbores. Quercus Jovi,
Et myrtus Veneri placuit, Phœbo laurea,

ORDO.

Æstima árborem fructu non fóliis.

Olìm Divi legérunt arbores, quas vellent esse in suâ tutélâ. Quercus placuit Jovi, & myrtus Veneri, laúrea Phœbo,

Pinus

Pinus Cybelæ, populus celsa Herculi.
Minerva admirans, quare steriles sumerent,
Interrogavit causam; dixit Jupiter,
(a) Honore fructum ne videamur vendere.
At meherculè narrabit quod quis voluerit;
Oliva nobis propter fructum est gratior.
(b) Tunc sic Deorum genitor atque hominum (c) sator;
O nata, meritò sapiens dicere omnibus:
Nihil utile est quod facimus, stulta est gloria.
¶ Nihil agere quod non prosit, fabella admonet.

(a) *Hyppallage.* (b) *Periphrásis.* (c) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Pinus Cybélæ, celsa pópulus Hérculi. Minérva admírans, quare súmerent stériles, interrogávit causam; Júpiter dixit, ne videámur véndere fructum honóre. *Minérva ait*, At meherculè quis narrábit quod volúerit; olíva est grátior nobis (i. e. *mihi*) propter fructum. Tunc génitor Deórum atque sator hóminum (sc. *Jupiter*) sic *ait*; O nata, méritò dícere sápiens ómnibus: nisi fácimus quod est útile, glória est stulta. Fabélla ádmonet, ágere nihil quod non prosit.

FABULA XVIII.

Tuis contentus, ne concupiscas aliena.

PAVO AD JUNONEM.

PAVO ad Junonem venit, indignè ferens
Cantus luscinii quod sibi non tribuerit:
Illum esse cunctis avibus admirabilem,
Se derideri simùl ac vocem (a) miserit.
Tunc consolandi gratiâ dixit Dea;
Sed formâ (a) vincis, vincis magnitudine,
Nitor smaragdi collo præfulget tuo,
Pictisque plumis (a) gemmeam caudam explicas.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Conténtus tuis, ne concupíscas aliéna.

Pavo venit ad Junónem, ferens indignè quod *illa* non tribúerit cantus luscínii sibi: *ait*, Illum esse admirábilem cunctis ávibus, *tamen* se derideri simùl ac míserit vocem. Tunc Dea dixit grátiâ consolándi *eum*; sed vincis formâ, vincis magnitúdine, nitor smarágdi præfúlget tuo collo, explicásque gémmeam caudam pictis plumis.

Quò mî, inquit, mutam ſpeciem, ſi vincor ſono?
Fatorum arbitrio partes ſunt vobis datæ;
Tibi forma, vires aquilæ, luſcinio melos,
Augurium corvo, læva cornici omina;
Omneſque propriis ſunt contentæ vocibus.
¶ Noli adfectare quod tibi non eſt datum,
Deluſa ne ſpes ad querelam (*a*) recidat.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Inquit, quò *dediſti* mihi mutam ſpéciem, ſi vincor ſono? Partes ſunt datæ vobis arbitrio fatórum; forma tibi, vires áquilæ, melos luſcínio, augurium corvo, læva ómina corníci, omnéſque ſunt conténtæ própriis vócibus. Noli adfectáre quod non eſt datum tibi, ne ſpes delúſa récidat ad querélam.

FABULA XIX.

Multi homines nomine, non re.

ÆSOPUS AD GARRULUM.

ÆSOPUS, domino ſolus cùm eſſet familia,
Parare cœnam juſſus eſt maturiùs.
Ignem ergò quærens, aliquot luſtravit domus:
Tandèmque invenit ubì lucernam accenderet.
Tum circumeunti fuerat quod iter longiùs,
Effecit brevius: namque rectà per forum
Cœpit redire: & quidam è turbâ Garrulus;
Æſope, medio ſole quid cum lumine?
Hominem quæro, inquit, & abiit feſtinans domum.
¶ Hoc ſi moleſtus ille ad animum retulit,
Senſit profectò ſe hominem non viſum ſeni,
Intempeſtivè qui occupato adluſerit.

ORDO.

Multi ſunt *hómines nómine, non re.*

Æſópus, cùm ſolus eſſet *tota* família dómino, eſt juſſus paráre cœnam matúriùs. Ergò, quærens ignem, luſtrávit áliquot domus; tandèmque invénit ubi accénderet lucérnam. Tum effécit iter brévius, quod fúerat lóngiùs *illi* circumeúnti; numque cœpit redíre rectà per forum: & quidam Gárrulus è turbâ *ait:* Æſope, quid *agis* cum lúmine médio ſole; Inquit, quæro hóminem, & feſtínans abívit domum. Si ille moleſtus *homo* rétulit hoc ad ánimum, profécto ſenſit ſe, qui intempeſtívè adlúſerit *Æſópo* occupáto, non viſum hóminem ſeni.

FABULA XX.

Miſerrimus, qui, in vitâ miſer, poſt mortem miſerior.

ASINUS ET GALLI.

QUI natus eſt infelix, non vitam modò
Triſtem (a) decurrit, verùm poſt obitum quoque
(a) Perſequitur illum dura fati miſeria.
¶ Galli Cybeles (b) circùm quæſtûs (b) ducere
Aſinum ſolebant bajulantem ſarcinas.
Is quùm labore & plagis eſſet mortuus,
Detractâ pelle ſibi fecerunt tympana.
Rogati mòx à quodam (c) delicio ſuo
Quidnam feciſſent, hoc locuti ſunt modo;
Putabat ſe poſt mortem ſecurum fore:
Ecce aliæ plagæ congeruntur mortuo.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Tmeſis.* (c) *Irônia.*

ORDO.

Ille eſt *miſérrimûs, qui, miſer in vitâ*, eſt *miſérior poſt mortem.*

Qui eſt natus infélix, non modò decúrrit triſtem vitam, verùm poſt óbitum quoque dura miſéria fati perſéquitur illum. Galli Cybéles ſolébant circumdúcere áſinum bajulántem ſárcinas *grátiâ* quæſtûs. Quùm is eſſet mórtuus labóre & plagis, pelle detráctâ, fecérunt tympana ſibi. Mòx rogáti à quodam quidnam feciſſent ſuo delicio, ſunt locúti hoc modo; putábat ſe fore ſecúrum poſt mortem, ecce áliæ plagæ congerúntur *illi etiam* mórtuo.

PHÆDRI
FABULARUM

LIBER QUARTUS.

PROLOGUS.

JOCULARE tibi videtur: & ſanè leve,
Dùm nihil habemus majus, calamo ludimus,
Sed diligenter intuere has nænias,
Quantam ſub illis utilitatem reperies?
Non ſemper ea ſunt quæ videntur; decipit
(a) Frons prima multos: rara mens intelligit
Quod interiore condidit (b) cura (a) angulo.
Hoc ne locutus ſine mercede exiſtimer,
Fabellam adjiciam de muſtelâ & muribus.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Hoc opus vidétur joculáre tibi; & ſanè lúdimus leve cálamo, dùm habémus nihil majus; ſed intuére has nænias diligénter, quantam utilitátem repéries ſub illis? Non ſemper ſunt ea quæ vidéntur; prima frons décipit multos; rara mens (i. e. *paucæ mentes*) intélligit, quod cura cóndidit interióre ángulo. Ne exiſtimer *fuiſſe* locútus hoc ſine mercéde, adjíciam fabéllam de muſtélâ & múribus.

FABULA I.

Astutus astu non capitur.

MUSTELA ET MURES.

MUSTELA, quùm annis & senectâ debilis,
Mures veloces non valeret adsequi,
Involvit se farinâ, & obscuro loco
Abjecit negligenter. Mus escam putans,
Adsiluit, & comprensus occubuit neci;
Alter similiter; deindè periit tertius.
Aliquot secutis, venit & retorridus,
Qui sæpè laqueos & muscipulam effugerat,
Procùlque insidias cernens hostis callidi,
Sic valeas, inquit, ut farina es, quæ jaces.

ORDO.

Astútus non cápitur astu.

Mustéla, quùm débilis annis & senéctâ non valéret ádsequi velóces mures, invólvit se farinâ, & abjécit *se* negligénter obscúro loco. Mus putans *illam esse* escam, adsíluit, & comprénsus occúbuit neci; alter simíliter, deíndè tértius périit. Aliquot secútis, & retórridus venit, qui sæpè effúgerat láqueos & muscípulam, cernénsque insídias cállidi hostis procùl, inquit, sic váleas *tu*, quæ jaces, ut es farína.

FABULA II.

Spernit superbus quæ nequit assequi.

VULPES ET UVA.

FAME coacta Vulpes, altâ in vineâ
Uvam adpetebat summis saliens viribus:
Quam tangere ut non potuit, discedens ait,
Nondum matura est, nolo acerbam sumere.
¶ Qui facere quæ non possunt verbis elevant,
Adscribere hoc debebunt exemplum sibi.

ORDO.

Supérbus spernit quæ nequit assequi.

Vulpes coácta fame adpetébat uvam in altâ víneâ, sáliens summis víribus, quam ut non pótuit tangére, díscedens ait, nondum est matûra, nolo súmere *eam* acérbam. Qui élevant verbis quæ non possunt fácere, debébunt adscríbere hoc exémplum sibi.

FABULA III.

Vindictæ cupidus ſibi malum arceſſit.

EQUUS ET APER.

EQUUS ſedare ſolitus quò fuerat ſitim,
Dùm ſeſe Aper volutat, turbavit vadum:
Hinc orta lis eſt. (a) Sonipes, iratus fero,
Auxilium petit hominis, quem dorſo levans,
Rediit ad hoſtem lætus. Hunc telis eques.
Poſtquam interfecit, ſic locutus traditur:
Lætor tuliſſe auxilium me precibus tuis;
Nam prædam cepi, & didici quàm ſis utilis:
Atque ità coegit frænos invitum pati.
Tum mœſtus ille: Parvæ vindictam rei
Dum (b) quæro demens, ſervitutem (b) repperi.
¶ Hæc iracundos admonebit fabula,
Impunè potiùs lædi, quàm dedi alteri.

(a) *Antonomaſia.* (b) *Catachreſis.*

ORDO.

Homo *cupidus vindictæ, arceſſit malum ſibi.*

Dùm aper volutat ſeſe, quò equus fuerat ſolitus ſedare ſitim, turbavit vadum: hinc lis eſt orta. Sonipes, iratus fero, petivit auxilium hominis, quem levans dorſo, lætus redivit ad hoſtem. Poſtquam eques interfecit hunc *aprum* telis, traditur *eſſe* locutus ſic; Lætor me tuliſſe auxilium *tibi* tuis precibus; nam cepi prædam, & didici quàm utilis ſis; atque ità coegit *equum* invitum pati frænos. Tum ille mœſtus *ait*; Dum demens quæro vindictam parvæ rei, repperi ſervitutem. Hæc fabula admonebit iracundos, potiùs lædi impunè, quàm dedi alteri.

FABULA IV.

Homines non numerandi, ſed ponderandi.

ÆSOPUS INTERPRES TESTAMENTI.

PLUS eſſe in uno ſæpè quam in turbâ boni,
Narratione poſteris (a) tradam brevi.

(a) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

Homines non ſunt *numerandi, ſed ponderandi.*

Tradam poſteris brevi narratione eſſe plus boni ſæpè in uno, quàm in turbâ.

¶ Quidam

¶ Quidam (a) decedens tres reliquit filias,
Unam formosam, & oculis (a) venantem viros;
At alteram lanificam, frugi, & rusticam:
(a) Devotam vino tertiam, & turpissimam.
Harum autem matrem fecit hæredem senex
Sub conditione, totam ut fortunam tribus
Æqualiter distribuat, sed tali modo,
Ne data possideant, aut fruantur: tùm simùl
Habere res desierint, quas acceperint,
Centena matri conferant sestertia.
Athenas rumor (a) implet: mater sedula
Juris peritos consulit; nemo expedit
Quo pacto non possideant, quod fuerit datum,
Fructumve capiant: deinde, quæ tulerint nihil,
Quânam ratione conferant pecuniam.
(b) Postquàm consumpta est temporis longi mora,
Nec testamenti potuit sensus (a) colligi,
Fidem (a) advocavit, jure neglecto, parens:
Seponit mœchæ vestem, mundum muliebrem,
Lavationem argenteam, eunuchos glabros:
Lanificæ agellos, pecora, villam, operarios,
Boves, jumenta, & instrumentum rusticum:
Potrici plenam antiquis apothecam cadis,
Domum politam, & delicatos hortulos.
Sic destinata dare quùm vellet singulis,
Ut adprobaret populus qui illas noverat,

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Periphrásis.*

ORDO.

Quidam decédens *vitâ* relíquit tres fílias, unam formósam, & venántem viros óculis; at álteram lanificam, frugi, & rústicam; tértiam devótam vino, & turpíssimam. Autem senex fecit matrem harum hærédem sub conditióne, ut distríbuat totam fortúnam æquáliter tribus, sed tali módo, ne posséant data, aut fruántur: tùm simùl desíverint habére res, quas accéperint, cónferant centéna sestértia matri. Rumor implet Athénas: sédula mater cónsulit juris petítos: nemo éxpedit quo pacto non possídeant quod fúerit datum, capiántve fructum: deinde quânam ratióne *illæ*, quæ túlerint nihil, cónferant pecúniam. Postquàm mora longi témporis est consúmpta, nec sensus testaménti pótuit cólligi, parens advocávit *suam* fidem, jure neglécto: sepónit mœchæ vestem, muliébrem mundum, argénteam lavatiónem, & glabros eunúchos: *sepónit* lanificæ, agéllos, pécora, villam, operários, boves, juménta, & rústicum instruméntum: & *sepónit* potrici apóthécam plenam antíquis cadis, polítam domum, & delicátos hórtulos. Quùm vellet dare *hæc* sic destináta síngulis, & pópulus, qui nóverat illas, adprobáret *factum*,

Æsopus mediâ subitò in tuabâ constitit;
O si maneret condito sensus patri,
Quàm graviter ferret, quòd voluntatem suam
Interpretari non potuissent Attici!
Rogatus deinde (a) solvit errorem omnium.
Domum & ornamenta cum venustis hortulis,
Et vina vetera date lanificæ rusticæ:
Vestem, uniones, pedissequos, & cætera
Illi adsignate, vitam quæ luxu (a) trahit:
Agros, vites, & pecora cum pastoribus
Donate mœchæ: Nulla poterit perpeti
Ut moribus quid teneat alienum suis.
Deformis cultum vendet, ut vinum paret:
Agros (a) abjiciet mœcha, ut ornatum paret:
At illa gaudens pecore, & lanæ dedita,
Quàcunque summâ tradet luxuriæ domum:
Sic nulla possidebit quod fuerit datum,
Et dictam matri conferent pecuniam,
Ex pretio rerum quas vendiderint singulæ.
¶ Ita quod multorum (a) fugit imprudentiam,
Unius hominis (a) repperit (b) solertia.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Æsópus cónstitit súbitò in médiâ turbâ, *dicens*; O si sensus manéret patri cóndito, quám grávitèr ferret quòd Attici non potuíssent interpretâri suam voluntátem! Deínde rogátus, *sic* solvit errorem ómnium. Date domum & ornaménta cum venústis hórtulis, & vétera vina rústicæ lanificæ: assignáte vestem, uniónes, pedíssequos, & cætera illi, quæ trahit vitam luxu: donâte agros, vites, & pécora cum pastóribus mœchæ: nulla *harum* póterit pérpeti, ut téneat quid aliénum suis móribus. Defórmis vendet cultum, ut paret vinum: mœcha abjíciet agros, ut paret ornátum: at illa gaudens pécore & dédita lanæ, tradet domum luxúriæ quâcúnque summâ; sic nulla possídebit quod fúerit datum, & cónferent dictam pecúniam matri, ex prétio rerum quas singulæ vendíderint. Ita solértia unius hóminis répperit, quòd fugit imprudéntiam multórum.

FAB.

FABULA V.

Feriunt ſummos fulmina montes.

PUGNA MURIUM, ET MUSTELARUM.

QUUM victi Mures Muſtelarum exercitu
Fugerent, & arctos circum trepidarent cavos,
Ægrè recepti, tamèn evaſerunt necem.
Duces eorum, & qui captibus cornua
Suis ligârant, ut conſpicuum in prælio
Haberent ſignum quod ſequerentur milites,
Hæsêre in portis, ſuntque capti ab hoſtibus,
Quos (*a*) immolâtos victor (*b*) avidis dentibus
Capacis alvi (*a*) merſit tartareo ſpecu.
¶ Quemcunque populum triſtis eventus premit,
Periclitatur magnitudo principum;
Minuta plebes facili præſidio latet.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Fúlmina fériunt ſummos montes.

Quùm Mures victi exércitu Muſtelárum fúgerent, & trepidárent circum arctos cavos, recépti ægrè, tamèn evaſérunt necem. Duces eórum, ut qui ligáverant córnua ſuis capítibus, ut mílites habérent conſpícuum ſignum in prælio quod ſequeréntur, hæſére in portis, ſuntque capti ab hóſtibus, quos immolátos ávidis déntibus victor merſit tartáreo ſpecu capácis alvi. Quemcúnque pópulum triſtis evéntus premit, magnitúdo príncipum periclitátur; minúta plebes latet fácili præsídio.

FABULA VI.

Stultus, niſi quod ipſe facit, nil rectum putat.

PHÆDRUS IN FABULARUM ÆSOPIARUM CENSORES.

TU, qui naſutè ſcripta (*a*) diſtringis mea,
Et hoc jocorum legere (*a*) faſtidis genus,

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Stultus putat nil rectum, niſi quod ipſe facit.

PHÆDRUS IN CENSORES ÆSOPIARUM FABULARUM.

Tu, qui diſtríngis mea ſcripta naſútè, & faſtídis légere hoc genus jocórum,

Parvâ

Parvâ libellum (*a*) ſuſtine patientiâ,
(*b*) Severitatem frontis dùm (*a*) placo tuæ,
Et in cothurnis (*a*) prodit Æſopus novis.
Utinam nec unquam Pelii nemoris jugo
Pinus bipenni concidiſſet Theſſala,
Nec ad profeſſæ mortis audacem viam
Fabricâſſet Argus opere Palladio ratem,
Inhoſpitalis prima quæ Ponti ſinus
(*a*) Patefecit, in perniciem Graiûm & Barbarûm.
Namque & ſuperbi luget Æetæ (*b*) domus,
Et regna Peliæ ſcelere Medeæ (*a*) jacent,
Quæ, ſævum ingenium variis (*a*) involvens modis,
Illic per artus fratris (*a*) explicuit fugam,
Hìc cæde patris Peliadum infecit manus.
Quid tibi videtur? hoc quoque (*a*) inſulſum eſt, ais,
Falsòque dictum; longè quia vetuſtior
Ægea Minos claſſe (*a*) perdomuit (*b*) freta,
Juſtoque vindicavit exemplo impetum.
Quid ergò poſſum facere tibi, lector (*c*) Cato,
Si nèc tabellæ te juvant, nèc fabulæ?
Noli moleſtus eſſe omninò literis,
Majorem exhibeant ne tibi moleſtiam.
Hoc illis dictum eſt, qui ſtultitiâ (*a*) nauſeant,
Et ut putentur (*a*) ſapere, (*d*) cœlum vituperant.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Sarcáſmus.* (d) *Paræmia.*

ORDO.

Súſtine libéllum parvâ patiéntiâ, dùm placo ſeveritátem tuæ frontis, & Æſópus prodit in novis cothúrnis. Utinam nec Théſſala pinus unquàm concidíſſet bipénni jugo Pélii némoris, nec Argus fabricavíſſet ratem Palládio ópere, ad audácem viam profeſſæ mortis, quæ *ratis* prima patefécit ſinus inhoſpitális ponti, in perníciem Graiorum & Barbarórum. Namque & domus ſupérbi Æétæ luget, & regna Péliæ jacent ſcélere Medeæ, quæ, invólvens ſævum ingénium váriis modis, illic (ſc. *in Cólchide*) explicuit *ſuam* fugam per artus fratris, hìc (ſc. *in Theſſália*) infécit manus Peliadum cæde patris. Quid vidétur tibi? ais, hoc quoque eſt inſúlſum, dictúmque falsò; quia Minos longè vetúſtior perdómuit Ægéa freta claſſe, vindicavítque ímpetum *Piratórum* juſto exémplo. Ergò quid poſſum fácere tibi, lector Cato, ſi nèc fabéllæ nèc fábulæ juvant te? Noli eſſe omninò moléſtus literis, ne exhibeant majórem moléſtiam tibi. Hoc eſt dictum illis, qui ſtultítiâ náuſeant, & vitúperant cœlum, ut puténtur ſápere.

FABULA VII.

Maledico maledicens pejus audiet.

VIPERA ET LIMA.

(a) MORDACIOREM qui improbo dente adpetit,
Hoc argumento ſe deſcribi ſentiat.
¶ In officinam fabri venit Vipera:
Hæc quùm tentaret ſi qua res eſſet cibi,
Limam momordit: illa contrà contumax,
Quid me, inquit, ſtulta, dente captas lædere,
Omne adſuevi ferrum quæ conrodere?

(a) *Allegoria.*

ORDO.

Homo *maledicens maledico audiet pejus.*

Qui adpetit mordaciorem improbo dente, ſentiat ſe deſcribi hoc argumento. Vipera venit in officinam fabri; quùm hæc tentaret ſi eſſet qua res cibi, momordit Limam: contrà illa (ſc. *Lima*) contumax inquit, ſtulta, quid captas lædere me dente, quæ adſuevi conrodere omne ferrum?

FABULA VIII.

Improbi, ne pereant, perdunt.

VULPES ET HIRCUS.

HOMO, ſimùl ac venit in magnum periculum,
Effugium reperire alterius quæret malo.
¶ Quùm decidiſſet Vulpes in puteum inſcia,
Et altiore clauderetur margine,
Devenit Hircus ſitiens in eundem locum:
Simùl rogavit, eſſet an dulcis liquor,
Et copioſus? Illa, fraudem (a) moliens;
Deſcende, amice, tanta bonitas eſt aquæ,

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Improbi, ne ipſi *pereant, perdunt* álios.

Homo, ſimùl ac venit in magnum periculum, quæret reperire effugium malo altérius. Quùm Vulpes inſcia decidiſſet in puteum & clauderétur altióre márgine, Hircus ſitiens devénit in eúndem locum; ſimùl rogávit, an liquor eſſet dulcis & copióſus; Illa, móliens fraudem, *ait*; amice, deſcénde, bónitas aquæ eſt tanta,

Volupta-

Voluptas ut ſatiari non poſſit mea.
(*b*) Immiſit ſe Barbatus: tùm Vulpecula
Evaſit puteo, nixa celſis cornibus,
Hircumque clauſo liquit hærentem vado.

(b) *Antónomaſia.*

ORDO.

ut mea volúptas non poſſit ſatiári. Barbátus *Hircus* immíſit ſe: tùm Vulpécula eváſit pûteo, nixa celſis córnibus *hirci*, liquítque hircum hæréntem clauſo vado.

FABULA IX.

DUÆ PERÆ.

PERAS impoſuit Jupiter nobis duas:
Propriis repletam vitiis poſt tergum dedit,
Alienis ante pectus ſuſpendit gravem.
¶ Hac re videre noſtra mala non poſſumus:
Alii ſimùl delinquunt cenſores ſumus.

ORDO.

Júpiter impóſuit duas peras nobis; dedit *unam* replétam própriis vítiis poſt tergum, ſuſpéndit *álteram* gravem aliénis ante pectus. Hac re non poſſumus vidére noſtra mala; ſimùl álii delínquunt, ſumus cenſóres.

FABULA X.

Antecedentem ſceleſtum non deſerit pede pœna claudo.

FUR COMPILANS ARAM.

LUCERNAM fur accendit ex ara Jovis;
Ipſumque compilavit ad lumen ſuum:
Onuſtus qui (*b*) ſacrilegio quùm diſcederet,
Repentè vocem ſancta (*a*) miſit (*b*) religio;

(a) *Catachréſis.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Pœna non déſerit claudo pede ſceléſtum antecedéntem.

Fur accéndit lucérnam ex arâ Jovis, compilavítque ipſum ad ſuum lumen; qui quùm diſcéderet onúſtus ſacrilégio, repéntè ſancta religio miſit vocem;

Malorum

Malorum quamvis iſta fuerint munera,
Mihique inviſa, ut non offendar ſubripi;
Tamèn, ſceleſte, ſpiritu culpam lues,
Olìm quùm adſcriptus venerit pœnæ dies.
Sed ne ignis noſter faci nori præluceat,
Per quem verendos excolit (*b*) pietas Deos,
Veto eſſe tale luminis commercium:
Ità hodiè nec lucernam de flammâ Deûm,
Nec de lucernâ fas eſt accendi ſacrum.
¶ Quot res contineat hoc argumentum utiles,
Non explicabit alius quàm qui (*c*) repperit.
Significat primò, ſæpè quos ipſe alueris,
Tibi inveneri maximè contrarios.
Secundò oſtendit, ſcelera non irâ Deûm,
Fatorum dicto ſed puniri tempore.
Noviſſimè interdicit, ne cum malefico
Uſum bonus (*c*) conſociet ullius rei.

(b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

quamvis iſta fúerint múnera malórum, inviſáque mihi, ut non offéndar *ea* fúbripi; tamen, ſceléſte, lues culpam ſpíritu, quùm olìm adſcríptus dies pœnæ vénerit. Sed ne noſter ignis, per quem pietas éxcolit veréndos Deos, prælúceat facínori, veto tale commércium lúminis eſſe; ita hódiè eſt fas nec lucérnam accéndi de flammâ Deórum, nec ſacrum *ignem* de lucérnâ. Quot útiles res hoc arguméntum contíneat, non álius quàm *ille* qui répperit, explicábit. Primò ſignificat, ſæpè *eos* inveníri máximè contrários tibi, quos ipſe alúeris. Secúndó oſténdit ſcélera non puníri irâ Deórum, ſed dicto témpore fatórum. Noviſſimè interdícit, ne bonus conſóciet uſum ullíus rei cum maléfico.

FABULA XI.

Opes irritamenta malorum.

HERCULES ET PLUTUS.

OPES inviſæ meritò ſunt forti viro,
Quia (*a*) dives arca veram laudem (*b*) intercipit.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Opes ſunt *irritaménta malórum.*

Opes ſunt méritò inviſæ forti viro, quia dives arca intércipit veram laudem.

¶ Cœlo

¶ Cœlo receptus propter virtutem Hercules,
Quùm gratulantes perſalutâſſet Deos,
Veniente Pluto, qui Fortunæ eſt filius,
Avertit oculos: cauſam ut quæſivit (c) Pater:
Odi, inquit, illum, quia malis amicus eſt,
Simùlque objecto cuncta (b) corrumpit (a) lucro.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metáphora.* (c) *Antónomaſia.*

ORDO.

Hércules recéptus cœlo propter virtútem, quùm perſalutavíſſet Deos gratulántes *ei*. Pluto veniénte, qui eſt fílius Fortúnæ, avértit óculos: at Pater *Deórum* (i. e. *Júpiter*) quæsívit cauſam: *Hércules* inquit, odi illum, quia eſt amícus malis, ſimùlque corrúmpit cuncta lucro objécto.

FABULA XII.

Siuceritas laudanda.

LEO REGNANS.

UTILIUS homini nihil eſt quàm rectè loqui.
Probanda cunctis eſt quidem ſententia;
Sed ad perniciem ſolet (a) agi ſinceritas.
¶ Quùm ſe ferarum regem feciſſet Leo,
Et æquitatis vellet famam (a) conſequi,
A priſtinâ (a) deflexit conſuetudine:
Atque inter illas tenui contentus cibo,
Sancta incorruptâ jura reddebat fide.

Reliqui verſus hujuſce Fabulæ periêre.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Sincéritas eſt *laudánda.*

Nihil eſt utíliùs hómini quàm loqui rectè. Sententia eſt quidem probánda cunctis; ſed ſincéritas ſolet agi ad perníciem. Quùm Leo feciſſet ſe regem ferárum, & vellet cónſequi famam æquitátis, deflexit à príſtinâ conſuetúdine; atque conténtus ténui cibo inter illas, reddébat ſancta jura incorrúptâ fide.

Deſunt FABULÆ XIII. & XIV. Parum modeſtæ.

FAB.

FABULA XV.

Pares non habitu, sed virtus facit.

CAPELLÆ ET HIRCI.

BARBAM Capellæ quùm impetrâssent ab Jove,
Hirci mœrentes indignari cœperant,
Quòd dignitatem fœminæ æquâssent suam.
Sinite, inquit, illas gloriâ vanâ frui,
Et usurpare vestri ornatum muneris,
Pares dùm non sint vestræ fortitudini.
¶ Hoc argumentum monet, ut sustineas tibi
Habitu esse similes, qui sint virtute impares.

ORDO.

Non habitus, sed virtus facit pares.

Quùm capéllæ impetravíssent barbam ab Jove, hirci mœréntes cœperant indignári, quòd fœminæ æquavíssent suam dignitátem. *Júpiter* inquit, sínite illas frui vanâ glóriâ, & usurpáre ornátum vestri múneris, dùm non sint pares vestræ fortitúdini. Hoc argumentum monet, ut sustíneas *illos* esse símiles tibi hábitu, qui sint ímpares virtúte.

FABULA XVI.

In secundis time, in adversis spera.

GUBERNATOR ET NAUTÆ.

QUUM de fortunis quidam quererétur suis,
Æsopus (a) finxit consolandi gratiâ,
(a) Vexata sævis navi tempestatibus,
Inter vectorum lacrymas & mortis metum,
(a) Faciem ad serenam subitò mutatur dies,
Ferri secundis tuta cœpit flatibus,

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Time in secúndis, & spera in advérsis.

Quùm quidam quererétur de suis fortúnis, Æsópus finxit *fábulam* grâtiâ consolándi *eum*. Navi vexátâ sævis tempestátibus, inter lácrymas vectórum, & metum mortis, súbitò dies mutátur ad serénam faciem, *navis* tuta cœpit ferri secúndis flátibus,

Nimiâque

Nimiâque nautus hilaritate (a) extollere.
Factus periclo tum Gubernator sophus:
Parcè gaudere oportet, & sensim queri:
Totam quia vitam (a) miscet dolor & gaudium.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

& extóllere nautas nímiâ hilaritáte. Tum Gubernátor factus sophus perículo, *ait;* opórtet *nos* gaudére parcè, & queri sensim: quia dolor & gáudium miscet totam vitam.

FABULA XVII.

Nimia verecundia inverecundum facit.

CANUM LEGATI AD JOVEM.

CANES Legatos olim misêre ad Jovem,
Melioris vitæ tempus oratum suæ,
Ut se abripierint hominum contumeliis,
Furfuribus sibi conspersum quòd panem darent,
Fimoque turpi maximam explerent famem.
Profecti sunt Legati non celeri pede,
Dum naribus scrutantur escam in stercore.
Citati non respondent: vix tandem invenit
Eos Mercurius, & turbatos adtrahit.
Tùm verò vultum magni ut viderunt Jovis,
Totam timentes concacârunt regiam.
Propulsi vero fustibus, vadunt foràs:
Vetat dimitti magnus illos Jupiter.
Mirati sibi Legatos non revertier,

ORDO.

Nimia verecúndia facit hóminem *inverecúndum.*

LEGATI CANUM AD JOVEM.

Olim Canes misérere Legátos ad Jovem, orátum tempus suæ melióris vitæ, ut abríperent se contuméliis hóminum: quod darent panem sibi conspérsum furfúribus, explerêntque máximam famem turpi fimo. Legáti sunt profécti non céleri pede, dum scrutántur escam náribus in stércore. Citáti non respóndent: tandem Mercúrius vix invénit eos, & ádtrahit *eos* turbátos. Tùm verò ut vidérunt vultum magni Jovis, timéntes concacavérunt totam régiam. Verò propúlsi fústibus vadunt foràs: *tamen* magnus Júpiter vetat illos dimítti. *Canes* miráti Legátos sibi (i. e. *suos*) non revértier,

Turpe æſtimantes aliquid commiſſum à ſuis,
Poſt aliqu d tempus alios adſcribi jubent.
Rumor Legatos ſuperiores prodidit:
Timentes rursùs aliquid ne ſimile accidat,
(b) Odore canibus anum cum multo replent;
Mandata dant; Legati mittuntur; ſtatim
Adeunt; rogantes aditum, continuò impetrant.
Conſedit (c) genitor tum Deorum maximus,
Quaſſatque fulmen; tremere cœpêre omnia:
Canes confuſi, ſubitò quod fuerat fragor,
Repentè (b) odorem mixtum cum merdis cacant.
Reclamant omnes vindicandam injuriam.
Sic eſt locutus ante pœnam Jupiter;
Non eſt Legatos regis non dimittere,
Nec eſt difficile pœnas culpæ imponere:
Non veto dimitti, verùm cruciari fame,
Ne ventrem continere non poſſint ſuum:
Sed hoc feretis pro judicio (d) præmium.
Illi autem qui miſerunt vos tam (e) futiles
Nunquam carebunt hominis contumeliâ.
Ita nunc legatos expectant & poſteri;
Novumque venire qui videt, culum olfacit.

(b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Periphraſis.* (d) *Ironia.* (e) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

æſtimántes áliquid turpe commíſſum à ſuis, poſt áliquod tempus jubent álios adſcríbi. Rumor pródidit ſuperióres Legátos: timéntes ne áliquid ſímile àccidat rursùs, replent anum Cánibus (i. e. *Canum*) cum multo odóre; dant mandáta; Legáti mittúntur; ſtatìm ádeunt; rogántes áditum, continuò ímpetrant. Tum máximus génitor Deórum (i. e. *Júpiter*) conſédit, quaſsátque fulmen: ómnia cœpére trémere: Canes confúſi, quòd súbitò fúerat fragor, repénte cacant odórem mixtum cum merdis. Omnes *Dii* reclámant injúriam *eſſe* vindicándam. Júpiter eſt locútus ſic ante pœnam; Non eſt *mos* regis non dimíttere Legátos, nec eſt difficile imponere pœnas culpæ: non veto *eos* dimítti, verùm cruciári fame, ne non poſſint continére ſuum ventrem: ſed ferétis hoc præmium pro judício. Autem *illi* qui miſérunt vos tam fútiles nunquam carébunt contuméliâ hóminis. Ita nunc & póſteri *Canum* expectant Legátos; quique videt novum veníre, olfácit culum.

FABULA XVIII.

Malo qui benefacit, pejorem facit.

HOMO ET COLUBRA.

QUI fert malis auxilium, post tempus dolet.
¶ Gelu rigentem quidam Colubram sustulit,
Sinuque fovet, contra se ipse misericors:
Namque ut refecta est, necuit hominem protinùs.
Hanc alia quùm rogaret causam facinoris,
Respondit; Ne quis discat prodesse improbis.

ORDO.

Qui benefácit malo hómini, *facit* illum *pejórem.*

Homo, qui fert auxílium malis, dolet post tempus. Quidam sústulit Colúbram rigéntem gelu, fovitque sinu ipse miséricors contra se: Namque ut est refécta, nécuit hóminem prótinùs. Quùm ália *Colúbra* rogáret hanc causam facínoris, respóndit; Ne quis discat prodésse ímprobis.

FABULA XIX.

Avarus auri custos, non Dominus.

VULPES ET DRACO.

VULPES cubile fodiens, dum terram eruit,
Agitque plures altiùs cuniculos,
Pervenit ad Draconis speluncam ultimam,
Custodiebat qui thesauros abditos.
Hunc simul aspexit; Oro ut (a) imprudentiæ
Des primùm veniam, deinde si pulchrè vides,
Quàm non conveniens aurum sit vitæ meæ,
Respondeas clementer, quem fructum capis
Hoc ex labore, quodve tantum est præmium.

(a) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Avárus est *custos auri, non dóminus.*

Vulpes fódiens cubile, dum éruit terram, agítque plures cunículos áltiùs, pervenit ad últimam spelúncam Dracónis, qui custodiébat ábditos thesaúros. Simul aspéxit hunc, *ait*; Oro ut primùm des véniam *meæ* imprudéntiæ, deindè si vides pulchrè quàm non convéniens aurum sit meæ vitæ, respóndeas clementèr, quem fructum capis ex hoc labóre, quodve præmium est tantum.

Ut

Ut careas ſomno & ævum in tenebris exigas?
Nullum, inquit ille; verùm hoc à ſummo mihi
Jove attributum eſt. Ergò nec ſumis tibi,
Nec ulli donas quicquam? Sic fatis placet.
Nolo iraſcaris, liberè ſi dixero;
Diis eſt iratis natus, qui eſt ſimilis tibi.
Abiturus illuc quò priores abierunt,
Quid mente *(b)* cæcâ miſerum *(b)* torques ſpiritum?
Tibi dico, avare, gaudium hæredis tui,
Qui thure ſuperos, ipſum te fraudas cibo;
Qui triſtis audis muſicum citharæ ſonum;
Quem tibiarum macerat jucunditas;
Obſonorium pretia cui gemitum *(b)* exprimunt;
Qui, dum quadrantes aggeras patrimonio,
(a) Cœlum fatigas ſordido perjurio;
Qui *(b)* circumcidis omnem impenſam funeris,
(a) Libitina ne quid de tuo faciat lucrum.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metaphora,*

ORDO.

ut cáreas ſomno & éxigas ævum in ténebris! Ille inquit, nullum *præmium*; verùm hoc *officium* eſt attribútum mihi à ſummo Jove. Ergò, nec ſumis tibi, nec donas quicquam ulli? Sic placet fatis. Nolo *ut tu* iraſcáris, ſi díxero líberè; qui eſt símilis tibi, eſt natus Diis irátis. Quid *tu*, abitúrus illuc quo prióres abiérunt, torques míſerum ſpíritum cæcâ mente? Dico *hoc* tibi, avári, gáudium tui hærédis, qui fraudas súperos thure, te ípſum cibo; qui triſtis audis múſicum ſonum cítharæ; quem jucúnditas tibiárum mácerat; cui prétia obſoniórum exprimunt gémitum; qui dum aggeras quadrántes património, fatígas cœlum sórdido perjúrio; qui circumcidis omnem impénſam fúneris, ne Libitína fáciat quid lucrum de tuo.

FABULA XX.

Inventa perficere non inglorium.

PHÆDRUS DE FABULIS.

QUID judicare cogitet *(a)* livor modò,
Licet diſſimulet, pulchrè tamen intelligo.

(a) *Menonymia.*

ORDO.

Non eſt inglórium perfícere invénta.

Quid livor cógitet judicáre modò, licet diſsímulet, tamen intelligo pulchrè.

Quicquid putabit esse dignum memoriæ,
Æsopi dicet: si quid minùs *(b)* adriserit,
A me (*b*) contendet fictum quovis pignore:
Quem volo refelli jam nunc responso meo:
Sive hoc ineptum, sive laudandum est opus,
(*b*) Invenit ille, nostra *(b)* perfecit manus.
Sed exequamur cœptum propositi ordinem.

(b) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

Quicquid putábit esse dignum memóriæ, dicet *id* esse Æsópi: si quid adriserit minùs, contendet quovis pignore *istud esse* fictum à me: quem volo refélli jam nunc meo respónso; sive hoc opus est inéptum, sive laudándum, ille (sc. *Æsopus*) invénit, nostra manus perfécit. Sed exequámur cœptum órdinem *nostri* propositi.

FABULA XXI.

Veras divitias éripit nemo.

NAUFRAGIUM SIMONIDIS.

HOMO doctus in se semper divitias habet.
Simonides, qui scripsit egregium (*a*) melos,
Quo paupertatem (*b*) sustineret faciliùs,
Circumire cœpit urbes Asiæ nobiles,
Mercede acceptâ laudem victorum canens.
Hoc genere quæstûs postquam locuples factus est,
Venire in patriam voluit cursu pelagio;
(Erat autem natus, ut aiunt, in Ceo insulâ:)
Ascendit navem, quam tempestas horrida,
Simul & vetustas medio dissolvit mari.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

Nemo éripit veras divítias.

Doctus homo habet divítias semper in se. Simónides, qui scripsit egrégium melos, quò sustinéret paupertátem facílius, cœpit circumíre nóbiles urbes Asiæ, canens laudem victórum mercéde accépta. Postquam est factus lócuples hoc génere quæstûs, vóluit venire in pátriam cursu pelágio (autem erat natus in ínsulâ Ceo, ut aiunt) ascéndit navem quam hórrida tempéstas & simul *ejus* vetústas dissólvit mèdio mari.

Hi

Hi zonas, illi res pretiosas colligunt,
(c) Subsidium vitæ. Quidam curiosior;
Simonide, tu ex opibus nihil sumis tuis?
Mecum, inquit, mea sunt cuncta. Tunc pauci enatant,
Quia plures onere degravati perierant.
Prædones adsunt, rapiunt quod quisque extulit,
Nudos relinquunt. Forte Clazomenæ prope,
Antiqua fuit (c) urbs, quam petierunt naufragi.
Hìc literarum quidam studio deditus,
Simonidis qui sæpe versus legerat,
Eratque absentis admirator maximus,
Sérmone ab ipso cognitum, cupidissimè
Ad se recepit; veste, nummis, familiâ
Hominem (b) exornavit. Cæteri tabulam suam
Portant, rogantes victum; quos, casu obvius
Simonides, ut vidit; Dixi, inquit, mea
Mecum esse cuncta; vos quod rapuistis, periit.

(b) *Metaphora.* (c) *Appositio.*

ORDO.

Hi cólligunt zonas, illi *cólligunt* pretiósas res, subsídium vitæ. Quidam curiósior *ait*; Simónide, tu *ne* sumis nihil ex tuis ópibus? Inquit, cuncta mea sunt mecum. Tunc pauci énatant, quia plures degravâti ónere perierant. Prædónes adsunt, rápiunt quod quisque éxtulit, & relinquunt *eos* nudos. Fortè Clázómenæ, antíqua urbs, quam naúfragi petiérunt, fuit propè. Hìc quidam déditus stúdio literárum, qui sæpe légerat versus Simónidis, erátque máximus admirátor *illius* abséntis, recèpit *illum* cupidíssimè ad se, cógnitum ab sermóne ipso, & exornávit hominem veste, nummis & famíliâ. Cæteri *naúfragi* portant suam tábulam, rogántes victum; quos, ut Simónides óbvius casu vidit, inquit; dixi cuncta mea esse mecum; quod vos rapuístis, perívit.

FABULA XXII.

Magna ne jactes, sed præstes.

MONS PARTURIENS.

MONS parturibat, gemitus (a) immanes ciens,
Eratque in terris maxima expectatio:

(a) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

Ne jactes magna, sed præstes.

Mons parturíbat, ciens immanes gémitus, maximáque expectátio erat in terris;

At

At ille murem peperit. Hoc ſcriptum eſt tibi,
Qui, magna quùm (*b*) minaris, (*a*) extricas nihil.
(b) *Catachreſis.* (a) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

at ille péperit murem. Hoc eſt ſcriptum tibi, qui, quùm mináris magna, éxtricas nihil.

FABULA XXIII.

Vera glória fictam obſcurat.

FORMICA ET MUSCA.

FORMICA & Muſca contendebant acritèr,
Quæ pluris eſſet: Muſca ſic cœpit prior;
Conferre noſtris tu potes te laudibus?
Ubi immolatur, exta prægufto Deûm;
Moror inter aras; templa perluſtro omnia:
In capite regis ſedeo, quùm viſum eſt mihi;
Et matronarum (*b*) caſta (*a*) delibo (*b*) oſcula;
Laboro nihil, atque optimis rebus fruor:
Quid horum ſimile tibi contingit, ruſtica?
Eſt glorioſus ſanè convictus deûm,
Sed illi qui (*c*) invitatur, non qui (*c*) inviſus eſt:
Reges commemoras & matronarum oſcula:
Ego granum in hyemem quùm ſtudioſè congero,
Te circa murum video paſci ſtercore:
Aras frequentas, nempe abigeris quò venis:
(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Paronomaſia.*

ORDO.

Vera glória obſcúrat fictam glóriam.

Formica et Muſca contendébant ácritèr, quæ eſſet pluris *prétii:* Muſca prior cœpit ſic; Pores tu conférre te noſtris laudibus? Ubi immolátur, prægúſto exta Deorum (i. e. *obláta Diis*) moror inter aras; perlúſtro ómnia templa: ſédeo in capite regis, quùm eſt viſum mihi, & delíbo caſta óſcula matronárum: labóro nihil, atque fruor óptimis rebus. *Tu*, rúſtica *Formica*, quid símile horum contíngit tibi? Sanè convíctus Deórum eſt glorióſus, ſed illi qui invitátur, non *illi* qui eſt invíſus: commémoras reges & óſcula matronarum: quùm ego cóngero granum ſtudióſè in hyemem, vídeo te paſci ſtércore circa murum: frequéntas aras, nempe abigeris quò venis;

Nihil

Nihil laboras, ideo quùm opus eſt nil habes:
Superba jactas *(a)* tegere quod debet pudor.
Æſtate me laceſſis: quùm *(d)* bruma eſt, ſiles:
Mori contractam quùm te cogunt frigora,
Me *(b)* copioſa recipit incolumem domus
Satis profectò *(a)* retudi ſuperbiam.
¶ Fabella talis hominum diſcernit notas
Eorum, qui ſe falſis *(a)* ornant laudibus,
Et quorum zirtus exhibet ſolidum decus.

(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Metonymia.* (c) *Synecdoche.*

ORDO.

labóras nihil, ideò habes nil quùm eſt opus, *tu* ſupérba jactas quod pudor debet tégere. Lacéſſis me æſtáte; quùm eſt bruma, ſiles; quùm frígora cogunt te contráctam mori, copiòſa domus récipit me incólumem. Profécto ſatis rétudi *tuam* ſupérbiam. Talis fábella diſcérnit notas eórum hóminum, qui ornant ſe falſis laúdibus, & *eorum* quorum virtus éxhibet ſolidum decus.

FABULA XXIV.

Deum colenti (a) *ſtat ſua merces.*

SIMONIDES A DIIS SERVATUS.

QUANTUM valerent inter homines literæ,
Dixi ſuperiùs, quantus nunc illis honos
A ſuperis ſit tributus *(a)* tradam *(b)* memoriæ.
Simonides, idem ille de quo retuli,
Victori laudem cuidam pyctæ ut ſcriberet
Certo condixit pretio: ſecretum petiit:
Exigua quùm *(a)* frænaret materia impetum,
Uſus Poetæ, ut moris eſt, licentiâ:
Atque interpoſuit gemina Ledæ ſidera,

(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Quantùm líteræ valérent inter hómines, dixi ſupériùs; nunc tradam memoriæ, quantus honos ſit tribútus illis a súperis. Simónides, ille idem de quo rétuli, condíxit cuidam pyctæ victóri, ut ſcríberet *ejus* laudem, certo prétio: pétiit ſecrétum *locum*. Quúm exígua matéria frænáret ímpetum *ſui ingénii, eſt* uſus licéntiâ Poétæ, ut eſt moris, atque interpóſuit *ſuis carmínibus* gémina sídera (ſc. *Câſtorem & Pollucem, fílios*) Ledæ.

Auctori-

Auctoritatem similis referens gloriæ.
Opus adprobavit: sed mercedis tertiam
Accepit partem. Quùm reliquam poscceret;
Illi, inquit, reddent quorum sunt laudes duæ.
Verùm ne iratè dimissum te sentiam,
Ad cœnam mihi promitte, cognatos volo
Hodiè invitare, quorum es in numero mihi.
Fraudatus quamvis & dolens injuriâ,
Ne malè dimissam gratiam (a) corrumperet,
Promisit. Rediit horâ dictâ; recubuit.
Splendebat (a) hilare poculis convivium;
Magno apparatu (a) læta resonabat domus:
Repentè quùm duo juvenes sparsi pulvere,
Sudore multo (c) diffluentes, (c) corpora,
Humanam supra formam, cuidam servulo
Mandant, ut ad se provocet Simonidem:
Illius interesse ne faciat moram.
Homo perturbatus excitat Simonidem:
Unum promôrat vix pedem triclinio,
Ruina cameræ subitò oppressit cæteros;
Nec ulli juvenes sunt reperti ad januam.
Ut est vulgatus ordo narratæ rei,
Omnes sciêrunt numinum præsentiam
Vati dedisse vitam, mercedis loco.

(a) *Metaphora.* (c) *Hellenismus.*

ORDO.

réferens auctoritátem símilis glóriæ. Adprobávit opus *pyctæ* sed accépit *tantum* tértiam partem mercédis. Quúm póscceret réliquam; *pycta* inquit, illi reddent *réliquam* quorum laudes sunt duæ (i. e. *quibus sunt duæ partes laudis:*) Verúm ne sentiam te dimíssum iratè, promítte *te* mihi ad cœnam; volo invitáre *meos* cognátos hódie, in número quorum *tu* es mihi. *Simónides*, quamvis fraudátus & dolens injúriâ, promísit, ne corrúmperet grátiam malè dimíssam. Rédiit horâ dictâ; recúbuit. Hílare convívium splendébat poculis; læta domus resonábat magno apparátu; quùm repéntè duo júvenes sparsi púlvere, diffluéntes córpora (i. e. *habentes córpora diffluéntia*) multo sudóre, supra humánam formam, mandant cuidam servulo, ut próvocet Simónidem ad se: interésse illíus ne faciat morum. Homo perturbátus excitat Simónidem. Vix promóverat unum pedem triclínio, *cum* ruína cámeræ súbitò oppréssit cæteros; nec ulli juvenes sunt reperti ad jánuam. Ut ordo rei narrátæ est vulgátus, omnes sciêrunt, præséntiam núminum *Cástoris & Póllucis* dedísse vitam Vati, loco mercédis.

FABULA XXV.

Multum auxiliatur, qui cito.

EPILOGUS AD EUTYCHUM.

SUPERSUNT mihi quæ ſcribam, ſed (a) parco ſciens:
Primúm eſſe ne tibi videar moleſtior,
(a) Diſtringit quem multarum rerum varietas;
Dein, ſi quis eadem fortè conari velit,
Habere ut poſſit aliquid operis reſidui:
Quamvis (a) materiæ tanta abundet copia,
(b) Labori faber ut deſit, non fabro labor.
Brevitatis noſtræ præmium ut reddas peto,
Quod es pollicitus. Exhibe vocis fidem;
Nam vita morti propior eſt quotidiè;
Et hòc minus veniet ad me muneris,
Quò plus conſumet temporis dilatio.
Si citò rem perages, uſus fiet longior;
Fruar diutiùs, ſi celeriùs cepero.
(a) Languentis ævi dum ſunt aliquæ reliquiæ,
Auxilio locus eſt; olim ſenio debilem
Fruſtrà adjuvare (c) bonitas nitétur tua,
Quùm jam deſierit eſſe beneficium utile,
(b) Et mors vicina flagitârit debitum.
Stultum admovere tibi preces ſexcenties,
(a) Proclivis ultrò quúm ſit miſericordia.

(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Allegoria.* (c) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Ille *multùm auxiliátur, qui* auxiliátur *cito.*

Multa ſupérſunt mihi quæ ſcribam, ſed parco ſciens; primùm ne vídear eſſe moleſtior tibi, quem varietas multárum rerum diſtringit; dein, ſi fortè quis velit conári éadem, ut poſſit habere aliquid óperis reſídui; quamvis tanta cópia matériæ abúndet, ut faber deſit labóri, non labor fabro. Peto ut reddas præmium noſtræ brevitatis quod es pollícitus. Exhibe fidem *tuæ* vocis; nam vita eſt quotidiè própior morti; & minus múneris véniet ad me hòc, quò dilátio consúmet plus témporis. Si pérages rem citò, uſus fiet lóngior; fruar *tuo múnere* diútiùs, ſi cépero *id* celérius. Dum ſunt aliquæ relíquiæ languéntis ævi, eſt locus auxílio; olím tua bónitùs nitétur fruſtrà adjuvâre *me* débilem sénio, quúm jam benefícium desíerit eſſe útile, & vicína mors flagitáverit débitum. *Et* ſtultum admovére preces tibi ſexcénties, quúm *tua* miſericórdia ſit proclívis ultrò.

Sæpè

Sæpè impetravit veniam confeſſus reus;
Quantò innocenti juſtiùs debet dari?
Tuæ priùs ſunt (a) partes, aliorum dein;
Similique (a) gyro (b) venient aliorum vices.
Decerne quod religio, quod patitur fides,
Et gratulari me fac judicio tuo.
Excedit animus quem propoſuit (a) terminum;
Sed difficultèr (a) continetur ſpiritus,
Integritatis qui ſinceræ conſcius
A noxiorum (a) premitur inſolentiis.
Qui ſint requires; (a) apparebunt tempore.
Ego quondam legi quam puer ſententiam,
Palàm mutire Plebeio periculum eſt,
Dum ſanitas conſtabit, pulchrè meminero.

(a) *Metaphoræ.* (b) *Catachreſis.*

ORDO.

Homo reus confeſſus ſæpe impetrávit véniam; quantò júſtiús debet dari innocénti? Tuæ partes ſunt priús, dein *partes* aliórum; vicéſque aliórum vénient símili gyro. Decérne quod relígio, quod fides pátitur, & fac me gratulári tuo judício. *Meus* ánimus excédit términum, quem propóſuit. Sed ſpíritus continétur difficultèr, qui, cónſcius ſincéræ integritátis, prémitur ab inſoléntiis noxiórum. Requires qui ſint *illi noxii*; apparébunt tempore. Dum sánitas conſtábit, ego pulchré memínero ſenténtiam, quam quóndam puer legi; Periculum eſt plebéio mutíre palám.

PHÆDRI
FABULARUM

LIBER QUINTUS.

PROLOGUS AD PARTICULONEM.

QUUM destinâssem operis habere terminum.
In hoc ut aliis esset (a) materiæ satis,
Consilium tacito (b) corde damnavi meum.
Nam si quis talis etiam est tituli (a) Artifex,
Quo pacto divinabit quidnam omiserim,
Ut illud ipsum cupiat famæ tradere,
Sua cuique quum sit animi cogitatio,
(a) Colorque privus? Ergo non levitas mihi,
Sed certa ratio causam scribendi dedit
Quare, Particulo, quoniam (a) caperis fabulis,
Quas Æsopeas non Æsopi nomino,

(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Quùm destinavíssem habére términum óperis, in hoc ut satis matériæ esset aliis, damnávi meum consílium tácito corde. Nam si quis est étiam Artifex *óperis* talis tituli, quo pacto divinabit quidnam omíserim, ut cúpiat trádere illud ipsum famæ, quùm sua cogitatio animi privusque color (i. e. *ratio scribéndi*) sit cuique? Ergò non levitas, sed certa rátio dedit mihi causam scribendi. Quare, Particulo, quóniam caperis fábulis, quas nómino Æsopéas non Æsópi,

(Quia

(Quia paucas ille (*a*) oſtendit, ego plures diſſero,
Uſus vetuſto genere, ſed rebus novis)
Quartum libellum dum tu vacivè perleges,
Hunc (*a*) obtrectare ſi volet (*b*) malignitas,
Imitari dum non poſſit, obtrectet licet.
Mihi parta laus eſt, quòd tu, quòd ſimiles tui
Veſtras in chartas verba transfertis mea,
Dignumque longâ judicatis memoriâ.
(*b*) Illiteratum (*a*) plauſum non deſidero.

(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

(quia ille oſténdit paucas, ego díſſero plures, uſus vetúſto génere, ſed novis rebus) dum tu pérleges quartum libéllum vacívè, ſi malignitas volet obtrectare hunc, dum non poſſit imitári, licet *us* obtréctet. Laus eſt parta mihi, quòd tu, quòd ſimiles tui transfértis mea verba in veſtras chartas, judicatíſque *me* dignum longâ memóriâ. Non deſídero illiterátum plauſum.

FABULA I.

Nihil ad honorem famâ ingenii aptius.

DEMETRIUS ET MENANDER.

ÆSOPI nomen ſicubi interpoſuero,
Cui reddidi jampridem quidquid debui,
Auctoritatis eſſe ſcito gratiâ;
Ut quidam artifices noſtro faciunt ſæculo,
Qui pretium operibus majus inveniunt, novo
Si (*a*) marmori (*b*) adſcripſerunt (*a*) Praxitelem ſuo,
Myronem (*a*) argento; plus vetuſtis nam favet
Invidia (*b*) mordax quàm bonis præſentibus.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

Nihil eſt *áptius ad honorem famâ ingénii.*

Sicubi interpósuero nomen Æsópi, cui jampridem réddidi quid quid débui, ſcito *id* eſſe grátiâ auctoritatis; ut quidam artífices fáciunt noſtro ſæculo, qui invéniunt majus prétium opéribus, ſi adſcripsérunt Praxítelem (i. e. *nomen Praxítelis*) *ſuo* novo mármori, & Myrónem (i. e. *nomen Myronis*) *ſuo* argénto; nam mordax invídia favet vetúſtis plus quam præséntibus bonis.

Sed

Sed jam ad fabéllam talis exempli (*b*) feror.
¶ Demetrius qui dictus est Phalereus,
Athenas occupavit imperio improbo.
Ut mos est vulgi, passim & certatim ruunt:
Feliciter! subclamant ipsi principes:
Illam osculantur, quâ sunt oppressi, manum,
Tacitè gementes tristem fortunæ vicem.
Quin etiam resides & sequentes otium,
Ne defuisse noceat, reptant ultimi;
In queis Menander nobilis comœdiis,
Quas, ipsum ignorans, legerat Demetrius,
Et admiratus fuerat ingenium viri:
Unguento delibutus, vestitu (*c*) adfluens,
Veniebat gressu delicato & languido.
Hunc ubi tyrannus vidit extremo agmine,
Effœminatus quid hic in conspectu meo
Audet venire? Responderunt proximi;
Hic est Menander scriptor: mutatus statim,
Compellat hominem blandè, dextramque arripit.

(b) *Metaphora.* (c) *Enallage.*

ORDO.

Sed jam feror ad fabéllam talis exempli. Demétrius, qui est dictus Phaléreus, occupávit Athénas ímprobo império. Ut mos vulgi est, ruunt passìm & certatìm: príncipes ipsi subclamant felíciter! osculéntur illam manum, quâ sunt oppréssi, tácitè gemèntes tristem vicem fortúnæ. Quin étiam résides & sequéntes otium, reptant últimi, ne nóceat *sibi* defuísse; in queis Menánder nóbilis comœdiis, quas Demétrius légerat, ignórans ipsum & fúerat admirátus ingénium viri: delibútus unguénto, adfluens vestitu (i. e. *vestitu adfluente*) veniébat delicáto & lánguido gressu. Ubi tyrannus vidit hunc extrémo agmine; *ait*; quìd hìc effœminátus audet venire in meo conspéctu? Proximi respondérunt; hic est Menánder scriptor; *Demétrius*, statim mutátus, compéllat hóminem blandè, arripitque dextram.

FABULA II.

Ventosa lingua, pedes fugaces.

VIATORES ET LATRO.

VIAM expediti paritèr (*a*) carpebant duo,
Imbellis alter, alter at promptus manu.
Occurrit illis Latro, & intentans necem
(*b*) Aurum popoſcit: Audax confeſtìm irruens
Vim vi repellit, ac (*b*) ferro incautum occupat,
Et vindicavit ſeſe forti (*b*) dexterâ.
Latrone occiſo, timidus accurrit comes,
Stringitque gladium, dein rejectâ penulâ;
Cedò, inquit, illum, jam curabo ſentiat
Quos adtentârit. Tunc qui depugnaverat;
Vellem iſtis verbis ſaltém adjuviſſes modò,
Conſtantior fuiſſem, vera exiſtimans:
Nunc (*a*) conde ferrum, & (*b*) linguam pariter futilem,
Ut poſſis alios ignorantes fallere:
Ego, qui ſum expertus quantis fugias viribus,
Scio quòd virtuti non ſit credendum tuæ.
¶ Illi (*a*) aſſignari debet hæc narratio,
Qui re ſecundâ fortis eſt, dubiâ fugax.

(a) *Metaphora.* (b) *Metonymiq.*

ORDO.

Duo *hómines* expediti carpébant viam păritèr, alter imbellis, at alter promptus manu. Latro occúrrit illis, & intentans necem dopóſcit aurum; Audax *viátor* confeſtim írruens repellit vim vi, ac óccupat *illum* incáutum ferro, & vindicávit ſeſe forti dextrâ. Latróne occíſo, tímidus comes accúrrit, ſtringítque gládium, dein pénulâ rejectâ, inquit; cedò illum, jam curábo *ut* ſentiat quos adtentaverit. Tunc *ille* qui depugnáverat, *ait*; vellem *ut* adjuvíſſes modò ſaltém iſtis verbis, fuíſſem conſtántior, exíſtimans *illa eſſe* vera: nunc conde ferrum, & păritèr *compèſce* fútilem linguam, ut poſſis fállere álios ignorántes *te*; ego, qui ſum expertus quantis víribus fúgias, ſcio quòd non ſit credendum tuæ virtúti. Hæc narrátio debet aſſignári illi, qui eſt fortis ſecúndâ re, fugax dúbiâ *re*.

FABULA III.

Sponte peccanti nullus eſt veniæ (a) *locus.*

CALVUS ET MUSCA.

CALVI momordit Muſca nudatum caput,
Quam opprimere captans, alapam ſibi duxit gravem:
Tunc illa irridens; Punctum volucris parvulæ
Voluiſti morte ulciſci: quid facies tibi,
Injuriæ qui addideris contumeliam?
Reſpondit; Mecum facilè redeo in gratiam,
Quia non fuiſſe (*b*) mentem lædendi ſcio:
Sed te, contempti generis animal improbum,
Quæ delectaris bibere humanum ſanguinem,
Optem necare, vel majore incommodo.
¶ Hoc argumentum veniam magè dari docet,
Qui caſu peccat, quam qui conſilio eſt nocens:
Illum eſſe quâvis pœnâ dignum judico.

(a) *Metaphora,* (b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

Eſt nullus locus véniæ hómini *peccánti ſponte.*

Muſca memórdit nudátum caput calvi *hóminis*, quam captans opprímere, duxit gravem alapam ſibi: tunc illa irrídens, *ait*; voluíſti ulciſci punctum párvulæ vólucris (i. e. *Muſcæ*) morte; quid fácies tibi *ipſi*, qui addideris contuméliam injúriæ? Reſpóndit, fácilè rédeo in grátiam mecum, quia ſcio non fuíſſe *mihi* mentem lædéndi *meípſum*: ſed optem necáre te, vel majore incómmodo, ímprobum ánimal contémpti géneris, quæ delectáris bíbere humánum ſánguinem. Hoc arguméntum docet véniam dari magè *illi*, qui pèccat caſu, quám *illi* qui eſt *tantùm* nocens conſílio: júdico illum eſſe dignum quâvis pœnâ.

FABULA IV.

Felicitèr ſapit, qui alieno periculo ſapit.

HOMO ET ASINUS.

QUIDAM immolâſſet verrem quùm ſancto Herculi,
Cui pro ſalute votum debebat ſuâ,

ORDO.

Ille *ſapit felicitèr, qui ſapit aliéno períclo.*

Quùm quidam immolaviſſet verrem ſancto Herculi, cui debe bat *illud* votum pro ſuâ ſalúte.

Aſello juſſit reliquias poni hordei;
Quas aſpernatus ille, ſic locutus eſt;
Tuum libentèr prorſùs adpeterem cibum,
Niſi, qui nutritus illo eſt, jugulatus foret.
¶ Hujus reſpectu fabulæ deterritus,
Periculoſum ſemper vitavi lucrum.
Sed dicis; Qui rapuêre divitias, habent.
Numeremus, agèdum, qui deprenſi perierint:
Majorem turbam punitorum reperies.
Paucis temeritas eſt bono, multis malo.

ORDO.

juſſit relíquias hórdei poni aséllo; Quas ille aſpernátus, eſt locútus ſic, adpéterem prórsùs libéntèr tuum cibum, niſi *ille* foret jugulátus, qui eſt nutrítus illo. *Ego* detérritus reſpéctu hujus fabluæ, ſemper vitávi periculóſum lucrum. Sed dicis; qui rapuére divítias habent *eas*. Agedum, numerémus *eos* qui deprehénſi perierint: repéries majórem turbam punitórum. Temèritas eſt bono paucis, *eſt* malo multis.

FABULA V.

Præjudicata opinio judicium (a) *obruit.*

SCURRA ET RUSTICUS.

PRAVO favore *(a)* labi mortales ſolent,
Et, pro judicio dum ſtant erroris ſui,
Ad pœnitendum rebus manifeſtis *(a)* agi.
¶ Facturus ludos quidam dives nobilis,
Propoſito cunctos invitavit præmio,
Quam quiſque poſſit ut novitatem oſtenderet.
Venêre artifices laudis ad certamina,
Quos inter Scurra notus urbano ſale,

(a) *Metaphora.*

ORDO.

Præjudicáta opínio óbruit judícium.

Mortáles ſolent labi pravo favóre, & dum ſtant pro judício ſui errôris, agi ad pœniténdum maniféſtis rebus. Quidam dives nóbilis facturus ludos, invitávit cunctos *pantomìmos* præmio propoſito, ut quiſque oſténderet novitátem quam poſſit. *Scenici* artifices venére ad certámina laudis, inter quos Scurra, notus urbáno ſale,

Habere

Habere dixit se genus spectaculi,
Quod in theatro nunquam prolatum foret.
Dispersus rumor civitatem (a) concitat;
Paulò antè vacua turbam deficiunt loca.
In scenâ verò postquàm solus constitit,
Sine apparatu, nullis adjutoribus,
Silentium ipsa fecit expectatio.
Ille in sinum repentè demisit caput,
Et sic porcelli vocem est imitatus suâ,
Verum ut subesse pallio contenderent,
Et excuti juberent; quo facto simul
Nihil est repertum, multis (a) onerant laudibus,
Hominemque plausu (a) prosequuntur maximo.
Hoc vidit ut fieri Rusticus: Non mehercule
Me (a) vincet, inquit; & statim professus est
Idem facturum meliùs se postridiè.
Fit turba major; jam favor mentes (a) tenet,
Et derisuri, non spectaturi sedent.
Uterque prodit: Scurra digrunnit prior,
(a) Movetque plausus, & clamores (a) suscitat.
Tunc simulans sese vestimentis Rusticus
Porcellum obtegere, (quod faciebat scilicèt,
Sed, in priore quia nil compererant, latens,)
Pervellit aurem vero quem celaverat,
Et cum dolore vocem naturæ exprimit.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

dixit se habére genus spectáculi, quod nunquam foret prolátum in theátro. Rumor dispérsus cóncitat civitátem: loca vácua paulò antè, deficiunt turbam *spectatórum.* Verò postquàm *Scurra* cónstitit solus in scenâ, sine apparátu, nullis adjutóribus, expectátio ipsa fecit silétium. Ille repéntè demísit caput in *suum* sinum, & est imitatus vocem porcélli suâ *voce* sic, (i. e. *tam naturáliter*) ut contenderent verum *pórcellum* subésse *ejus* pállio, & jubérent *id* éxcuti: quo facto simul nihil est repertum. onerant hóminem multis laúdibus, prosequuntúrque *illum* máximo plausu. Ut Rústicus vidit hoc fieri; inquit, mehércule non vincet me; & statím est profétsus se facturum idèm méliùs postridiè. Turba fit major: jam favor tenet mentes *spectatórum,* & sedent derisúri *rústicum,* non spectatúri. Utérque prodit: Scurra prior digrúnnit, movétque plausus, & súscitat clamores. Tunc rústicus símulans sese obtégere porcéllum vestiméntis, (quod scilicèt faciébat, sed latens (i. e. *clám*) quia compérerant nil in prióre (i. e. *Scurra*) pervéllit aurem vero *porcéllo* quem celáverat, & éxprimit vocem natúræ cum dolóre.

Adclamat populus, Scurram multò ſimiliùs
Imitatum, & cogit Ruſticum trudi foràs.
At ille profert ipſum porcellum è ſinu,
Turpemque aperto pignore errorem probans,
En hic declarat quales ſitis judices.
Adhuc ſuperſunt multa quæ poſſim loqui,
Et copioſa abundat rerum varietas;
Sed temperatæ ſuaves ſunt argutiæ,
Immodicæ offendunt. Quare, vir ſanctiſſime
Particulo, chartis nomen victurum meis,
Latinis dum manebit pretium literis:
Si non ingenium, certè brevitatem adproba,
Quæ commendari tantò debet juſtiùs,
Quantò Poetæ ſunt moleſti validiùs.

ORDO.

Pópulus adclámat, Scurrum imitátum *vocem porcélli* multò ſimíliùs, & cogit rúſticum trudi foràs. At ille profert porcéllum ipſum é ſinu, probánſque turpem errórem *eórum* apérto pígnore, *inquit*; En hic *porcéllus* declárat quales júdices ſitis. Multa ſupérſunt adhuc quæ poſſim loqui, & copióſa varíetas rerum abúndat; ſed temperátæ argútiæ ſunt ſuaves, immódicæ offéndunt. Quare ſanctíſſime vir Particulo, nomen victúrum meis chartis, dum prétium manébit Latínis líteris: ádproba, ſi non *meum* ingénium, certé *meam* brevitátem, quæ debet commendári tantò júſtiùs, quantò Poétæ ſunt validiùs moléſti.

FABULA VI.

Non omnia omnibus congruunt.

DUO CALVI.

INVENIT Calvus fortè in trivio pectinem;
Acceſſit alter æquè defectus pili:
Hei! inquit, *In commune*, quodcunque eſt lucri.a
Oſtendit ille (*a*) prædam, & adjecit ſimùl;

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Omnia non cóngruunt ómnibus.

Calvus *homo* fortè ínvenit péctinem in trívio: alter æquè defóctus pilis accéſſit: hei! inquit, *confer* in commúne quodcúnque eſt lucri. Ille oſtendit prædam, (ſc. *péctinem*) & ſimùl adjécit;

Superùm

Superûm voluntas favit, ſed fato invido
(*b*) Carbonem, ut aiunt, pro theſauro invenimus.
¶ Quem ſpes deluſit, huic querela convenit.

(b) *Paræmia.*

ORDO.

volúntas ſuperûm favit *nobis*, ſed ínvido fato invénimus, ut aiunt, carbónem pro theſaúro. *Hæc* querela cónvenit huic *hómini*, quem ſpes delúſit.

FABULA VII.

Stulta (a) *ſapiéntia ridetur ab ómnibus.*

PRINCEPS TIBICEN.

UBI vanus (*a*) animus (*b*) aurâ captus frivolâ
(*b*) Arripuit inſolentem ſibi fiduciam,
Facilè ad deriſum ſtulta (*a*) levitas ducitur.
¶ (*c*) Princeps Tibicen notior paulò fuit,
Operam Bathyllo ſolitus in ſcenâ dare.
Is fortè ludis, non ſatìs memini quibus,
Dum pegma rapitur, concidit caſu gravi,
Nec opinans, & ſiniſtram fregit (*d*) tibiam,
Duas quùm dextras maluiſſet perdere.
Inter manus ſublatus & multùm gemens
Domum refertur. Aliquot menſes tranſeunt,
Ad ſanitatem dum venit curatio.
Ut ſpectatorum mos eſt, & lèpidum genus,
Deſiderari cœpit, cujus flatibus
Solebat excitari ſaltantis vigor.

(a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metáphora.* (c) *Antonomáſia.* (d) *Paronomáſia.*

ORDO.

Stulta ſapiéntia ridétur ab ómnibus.

Ubì vanus ánimus, captus frívolâ aurâ (i. e. *laude*) arrípuit inſoléntem fidúciam ſibi, ſtulta lévitas dúcitur fácile ad deriſum. Princeps Tibícen fuit paulò nótior, ſólitus dare óperam Bathyllo *mimo* in ſcenâ. Is ludis, non mémini ſatìs quibus, dum pegma rápitur, cóncidit gravi caſu, nec opínans, & fregit *ſuam* ſiniſtram tíbiam, quùm maluíſſet pérdere duas dextras *tíbias*. Sublátus inter manus *pópuli* & gemens multùm, reférttur domum. Aliquot menſes tránſeunt, dum curátio venit ad ſanitátem. Ut eſt mos ſpectatórum, & *ut ſunt* lépidum genus *hóminum*. *Princeps tibícen* cœpit deſiderári, cujus flátibus *in tíbia* vigor *Bathylli* ſaltántis ſolébat excitári.

Erat facturus ludos quidam nobilis,
Et incipiebat (*c*) Princeps ingredier: eum
Adducit pretio, precibus, ut tantùmmodò
Ipso ludorum ostenderet sese die.
Qui simùl advenit, rumor de tibicine
(*b*) Fremit in theatro; quidam affirmant mortuum,
Quidam in conspectum proditurum sine morâ
Aulæo misso, devolutis (*a*) tonitrubus
(*a*) Dii sunt locuti more translatitio.
Tunc chorus ignotum modò reducto canticum
Imposuit, cuju hæc fuit sententia;
Lætare incolumis Roma salvo Principe.
In plausus consurrectum est, (*b*) jactat basia
Tibicen, gratulari fautores putat.
Equester ordo (*a*) stultum errorem intelligit,
Magnoque risu canticum repeti jubet;
Iteratur illud; homo meus se in pulpito
Totum prosternit; plaudit includens (*b*) eques:
Rogare populus hunc coronam existimat.
Ut verò (*a*) cuneis notuit res omnibus:
Princeps ligato crure (*b*) niveâ fasciâ,
Niveisque tunicis, niveis etiàm calceis,
Superbiens honore divinæ domûs,
Ab universis capite est protrusus foras.

(c) *Antonomásia.* (a) *Metonymia.* (b) *Metáphora.* (c) *Synécdoche.*

ORDO.

Quidam nóbilis *homo* erat factúrus ludos & Princeps *tíbicen* incipiébat íngredi; addúcit eum pretio, & précibus, ut tantùmmodò osténderet sese ipso die ludórum. Qui símul advénit, rumor de tibícine fremit in theátro; quidam affírmant *illum esse* mórtuum, quidam proditúrum in conspéctum sine morâ. Aulæo míssо, tonítrubus (i. e *faxis*) devolútis, Dii (sc. *Mimi répræsentántes Deos*) sunt locúti translatítio more. Tunc Chorus impósuit cánticum ignotum *Príncipi tíbicini* modò redúcto *in theatrum*, sententia cujus fuit hæc; Roma lætáre incólumis Príncipe (sc. *Tibério*) salvo. Consurréctum est in plausus: Tíbicen jactat básia, & putat fautóres gratulári *sibi*. Equéster ordo intélligit stultum errórem, jubétque magno risu cánticum repeti; iliud iterátur; meus homo (sc. *Princeps tíbicen*) prostérnit se totum in púlpito; eques inlúdens plaudit; populus exístimat hunc rogáre corónam. Verò ut res nótuit ómnibus cúneis. Princeps, crure ligáto níveâ fáscià, niveísque túnicis, étiam niveis cálceis, supérbiens honóre divínæ (i. e. *Cæsareæ*) domûs, est protrúsus foràs cápite ab univérsis.

FABULA VIII.

Fugit irreparabile tempus.

OCCASIO DEPICTA.

CURSU volucri pendens in novaculâ,
Calvus, comosâ fronte, nudo corpore,
Quem si occupâris, teneas, (a) elapsum semèl
Non ipse possit Jupiter reprehendere,
Occasionem rerum significat brevem.
¶ Effectus impediret ne segnis mora,
Finxêre antiqui talem effigiem temporis.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Tempus fugit irreparábile.

Calvus *Homo* pendens in novâculâ vŏlucri cursu, comósâ fronte, nudo córpore, quem si occupâris, téneas, *at quem* semèl elápsum, Jupíter ipse non possit reprehéndere, signíficat brevem occasiónem rerum. Ne segnis mora impediret effectus, antíqui finxére talem effígiem témporis.

FABULA IX.

Ne sus Minervam.

TAURUS ET VITULUS.

ANGUSTO in aditu Taurus luctans cornibus,
Quùm vix intrare possit ad præsepia,
Monstrabat Vitulus quo se pacto plecteret:
Tace, inquit, (a) ante hoc novi (a) quàm tu natus es.
¶ Qui doctiorem emendat, sibi dici putet.

(a) *Tmesis.*

ORDO.

Ne sus dóceat *Minérvam.*

Taurus, luctans córnibus in angústo áditu, quùm vix possit intrare ad præsépia, Vítulus monstrábat quo pacto plécteret se: Inquit, tace, novis hoc antequàm tu es natus. Qui eméndat doctiórem, putet *hoc* dici sibi.

FAB.

FABULA X.

Omnia fert ætas.

VENATOR ET CANIS.

ADVERSUS omnes fortis veloces feras
Canus quùm domino ſempèr feciſſet ſatìs,
Languere cœpit annis ingravantibus.
Aliquando objectus hiſpidi pugnæ ſuis,
Adripuit aurem: ſed carioſis dentibus
Prædam dimiſit. Hìc tum Venator dolens
Canem objurgabat: cui ſenex contrà latrans:
Non me deſtituit animus, ſed vires meæ.
Quod fuimus lauda, ſi jam damnas quod ſumus.
¶ Hoc cur, Philete, ſcripſerim, pulchrè vides.

ORDO.

Ætas fert ómnia.

Fortis Canis, quùm ſempèr ſatisfecíſſet dómino advérſus omnes velóces féras, cœpit languere ingravántibus annis. Aliquándo objéctus pugnæ híſpidi ſuis, arrípuit *ejus* aurem; ſed dimíſit prædam cariósis déntibus. Hìc tum Venátor dolens objurgábat Canem: cui ſenex *Canis* latrans contrá; ánimus non deſtítuit me, ſed meæ vires. Lauda quod fúlmus, ſi jam damnas quod ſumus. Philéte, vides pulchrè, cur ſcripſérim hoc.

APPENDIX

FABULARUM,

A

MARQUARDO GUDIO

Ex Manuſcripto Veteri deſcriptarum.

FABULA I.

Milvius Ægrotans.

MULTOS quùm menſes ægrotâſſet Milvius,
Nec jâm (*a*) videret eſſe vitæ ſpem ſuæ,
Matrem rogábat, ſancta circumiret loca,
Et pro ſalute vota faceret maxima.
Faciam, inquit, fili; ſed opem ne non impetrem
Vehementèr vereor; tu, qui delubra omnia
(*b*) Vaſtando, cuncta polluiſti altaria,
Sacrificiis nullis parcens, nunc quid vis rogem?

(a) *Catachréſis.* (*b*) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Quùm Milvius ægrotavíſſet multos menſes, nec jàm vidéret eſſe ſpem ſuæ vitæ, rogábat matrem, *ut* circumíret ſancta loca, & fáceret máxima vota pro ſalúte. *Illa* ínquit, fili, fáciam; ſed véreor vehémentèr, ne non ímpetrem opem; tu, qui vaſtándo ómnia delúbra, polluíſti cuncta altária, parcens nullis ſacrificiis, quid vis nunc *ut* rogem *Deos pro te?*

FABULA II.

Lepores Vitæ Pertæsi.

QUI (*a*) ſuſtinere non poteſt ſuum malum,
Alios (*a*) inſpiciat, & diſcat (*a*) tolerantiam.
¶ Aliquando in ſilvis ſtrepitu magno conciti
Lepores clamant, ſe propter aſſiduos metus
Finire velle vitam. Sic quendam ad lacum
Venerunt, miſeri quo ſe præcipites darent.
Adventu quorum poſtquàm ranæ territæ
Virides in algas miſerè fugientes ruunt,
Heu! inquit unus, ſunt & alii, quos timor
Vexat Malorum. (*a*) Fertè vitam ut cæteri.

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Lepores pertæsi Vitæ.

Qui non poteſt ſuſtinére ſuum malum, inſpíciat álios, & diſcat tolerántiam. Aliquándo Lépores, cónciti magno ſtrépitu in ſilvis, clamant, ſe velle finíre vitam propter aſsíduos metus. Sic venérunt ad quendam lacum, quo míſeri darent ſe præcípites. Advéntu quórum poſtquam ranæ térritæ míſerè fugiéntes ruunt in vírides algas, unus *léporum* inquit, heu! ſunt & álii, quos timor malórum vexat. Fertè vitam ut cæteri.

FABULA III.

Vulpes et Jupiter.

NATURAM turpem nulla fortuna (*a*) obtegit.
¶ Humanam in ſpeciem quùm vertiſſet Jupiter
Vulpem, regali pellex ut ſedit throno,
Scarabæum vidit prorepentem ex angulo,
Notamque ad prædam celeri proſiluit gradu.
Superi risere, magnus erubuit pater,
Repudiatam turpemque pellicem expulit;

(a) *Metáphora.*

ORDO.

Nulla fortúna óbtegit turpem natúram. Quùm Júpiter vertíſſet Vulpem in humánam ſpéciem (i. e. *mulierem*;) ut *illa* pellex *Jovis* ſedit regáli thróno, vidit Scárabæum prorepéntem ex ángulo, proſiluítque ad notam prædam céleri gradu. Súperi risére; magnus pater *Deórum* (ſc. *Júpiter*) erúbuit, expulítque turpem péllicem repudiátam;

His

His prosequutus; Vive quo digna es modo,
Quæ nostris uti (*b*) meritis dignè non potes.

(b) *Metonymia.*

ORDO.

prosequútus *eam* his *verbis*; Vive modo quo es digna, quæ non potes uti nostris méritis (i. e. *beneficiis*) dignè.

FABULA IV.

Leo et Mus.

NE quis minores lædat, fabula hæc monet.
¶ Leone in silvâ dormiente, rustici
Luxuriabant Mures: unus ex iis
Super cubantem casu quodam transiit.
Expergefactus miserum Leo celeri impetu
Adripuit. Ille veniam sibi dari rogat,
Crimen fatetur, peccatum imprudentiæ
Hoc Rex ulcisci glorioſum non putans,
Ignovit & dimisit. Post paucos dies
Leo, dum vagatur noctu, in foveam decidit.
Captum ut se agnovit laqueis, voce maximâ
Rugire cœpit; cujus immanem ad sonum
Mus subitò accurrens, non est quod timeas, ait;
Beneficio magno gratiam reddam parem.
Mox omnes (*a*) artus, artuum & ligamina
Lustrare cœpit, cognitosque dentibus
(*b*) Nervos rodendo laxat (*a*) ingenia artuum.
Sic captum Mus Leonem silvis reddidit.

(a) *Metáphora.* (b) *Metónymia.*

ORDO.

Hæc fábula monet, ne quis lædat minóres. Leóne dormiénte in silvâ, rústici Mures luxuriábant: & unus ex iis, quódam casu, transivit super *eum* cubántem. Leo expergefáctus arrípuit miserum *murem* céleri ímpetu. Ille rogat véniam dari sibi, & fatétur crimen, peccátum imprudéntiæ. Rex (sc. *Leo*) pútans non glorióſum ulcísci hoc, ignóvit & dimísit *eum*. Post paucos dies, dum vagátur noctu, décidit in fóveam. Ut agnóvit se captum láqueis, cœpit rugíre máximâ voce; ad immánem sonum cujus Mus súbitò accúrrens, ait, non est quod tímeas; reddam grátiam parem *tuo* magno benefício. Mox cœpit lustráre omnes artus *laqueorum*, & ligámina ártuum, rodendóque cógnitos nervos déntibus laxat ingénia ártuum. Sic Mus réddidit captum Leónem silvis.

FABULA V.

Homo et Arbores.

PEREUNT, ſuis auxilium qui dant hoſtibus.
¶ Factà bipenni quidam ab Arboribus petit,
Manubrium ut darent è ligno, quod foret
Firmum; juſſérunt omnes oleaſtrum dari:
Accepit munus, factumque aptans manubrium
Cœpit ſecuri magna excidere robora.
Dumque eligebat quæ vellet, ſic traxino
Dixiſſe fertur Quercus: Meritò cædimus.

(a) *Synecdoche.*

ORDO.

Péreunt, qui dant auxílium ſuis hóſtibus: Quidam, bipénni factâ, petit ab arbóribus, ut darent manúbrium è ligno, quod foret firmum: omnes juſſérunt oleáſtrum dári. Accépit munus, & aptans manúbrium factum cœpit excídere magna róbora ſecúri. Dumque eligébat quæ vellet, quercus fertur dixíſſe ſic fráxino; Cædimus méritò.

BRITISH 28 JA 85 MUSEUM

A Collection of the Proverbial Mottos to *PHÆDRUS'S* Fables, In *LATIN* and *ENGLISH.*

The First Book,

1. FACILE eſt opprimere innocentem. — *THE weakeſt goes to the Wall.*
2. Minima de malis. — *Of two Evils chooſe the leaſt.*
3. In propriâ pelle quieſce. — *Be content in your own Station.*
4. Avidum ſua ſæpè deludit aviditas. — *All covet, all loſe.*
5. Potentioris ſocietatem fuge. — *Keep not too great Company.*
6. Improborum improba ſoboles. — *Like Father like Son.*
7. Stultorum honor inglorius. — *Honour becomes not a Fool.*
8. Malus tueri haud tutum. — *Save a Thief from the Gallows, and he will cut your Throat.*
9. Ne inſultes miſeris. — *Inſult no man under his Misfortunes.*
10. Mendaci ne verum quidem dicenti creditur. — *A Liar is not believed though he ſpeak the truth.*
11. Ridicula in imbelli virtutis oſtentatio. — *A Boaſter and a Liar are Couſin-Germans.*
12. Utiliſſimum ſæpè quod contemnitur. — *What we moſt deſpiſe often, proves the moſt ſerviceable.*
13. Laudatore nihil inſidioſiùs. — *Nothing is more deceitful than a Flatterer.*
14. Fallax vulgi judicium. — *The common People are not good Judges.*
15. Pauper dominum non ſortem mutat. — *The Poor often change their Maſters without changing their Condition.*
16. Fide-juſſorem infidum cave. — *Beware of a knaviſh Bondſman.*
17. Calumiatorem ſua pœna manet. — *Slander always leaves a Score behind.*
18. Horret quiſque adire locum ubi læſus eſt. — *The burnt Child dreads the Fire.*
19. Omnem aditum malis præcludito. — *Always keep a Rogue at a Diſtance.*
20. Stultitia plerumque exitio eſt. — *Folly is generally attended with fatal Conſequences.*
21. Miſer vel ignaviſſimo cuique ludibrio eſt. — *The Unfortunate are inſulted by every Raſcal.*

22. Qui alteri ſuam ob cauſam commodat, injuriâ poſtulat id gratiæ apponi ſibi. — *He that ſerves another for his own Ends, ought not to expect any Thing for his Pains.*
23. Suſpecta malorum beneficia. — *Always ſuſpect the Generoſity of Sharpers.*
24. Potentes ne tentes æmulari. — *Do not pretend to imitate the Great.*
25. Rete ne tendas accipitri & milvio. — *Old Birds are not caught with Chaff.*
26. Par pari refertur. — *Give a Man a* Rowland *for his* Oliver.
27. Avarus ſuus ſibi carnifex eſt. — *Covetous Men live Drudges to die Wretches.*
28. Ne magnus tenuem deſpicito. — *No man ſhould deſpiſe his inferiors.*
29. Eſt cui magno conſtitit dicterium. — *Jeſts, like ſweet Meats, have often ſour Sauce.*
30. Mala publica in plebem recidunt. — *Publick Calamities fall heavieſt on the Common People.*
31. Cui fidas vide. — *Look before you leap.*

The Second Book.

1. SUNT etiam ſua præmia laudi. — *VIRTUE does not always go unrewarded.*
2. Simile ſimili gaudet. — *Like to like.*
3. Impunitas peccandi illecebra — *Impunity is an Encouragement to Vice.*
4. Vir doloſus ſeges eſt mali. — *Hypocriſy is a Complication of Wickedneſs.*
5. Ne quid nimis. — *Too much of one Thing is good for nothing.*
6. Potentiam malitiâ adjutam quis effugiat? — *Who can withſtand Malice joined with Power?*
7. Plura timenda divitibus. — *Rich Men feel Misfortunes that fly over poor Men's Heads.*
8. Plus videas tuis oculis quam alienis. — *The Maſter's Eye makes the Horſe fat.*

The Third Book.

1. REl bonæ vel veſtigia delectant. — *THE leaſt Remainder of Good is valuable.*
2. Benefico benè erit. — *Do Good if you expect to receive it.*
3. Experientia præſtantior arte. — *Knowledge without Experience makes but half an Artiſt.*
4. Mentem hominis ſpectato non frontem. — *Judge not a Man by his Face but his Mind.*

5. Erit

5. Erit ubì pœnas det procax audacia — *Inſolence will one Time or other be deſervedly puniſhed.*
6. Ridenda imbecillorum ſuperbi loquentia. — *A Coward's Bouſting is ridiculous.*
7. Liber inops ſervo divite felicior. — *Lean Liberty is better than fat Slavery.*
8. Sat pulcher qui ſat bonus. — *Handſome is that handſome does.*
9. Fidelem ubì invenias virum? — *A faithful friend is hard to be found.*
10. Ne ſis credulus maximè criminatori. — *Don't credit Reports raſhly, eſpecially thoſe of an Informer.*
11. Deformitas dolenda quæ ex merito venit. — *Grieve not at any Deformity but what you brought upon yourſelf.*
12. Optima ſæpè deſpecta. — *The moſt valuable Things are often deſpiſed.*
13. Opus artificem probat. — *The Work ſhows the Workman.*
14. Otiare quo labores. — *All Work and no Play makes* Jack *a dull Boy.*
15. Qui educat pater magis quàm qui genuit. — *A Child's Tutor is more his Parent than he that begat him.*
16. Humanitas & gratior & tutior. — *'Tis both obliging and ſafe to be courteous.*
17. Fructu non foliis arborem æſtima. — *Value a Tree for its Fruit, and not for its Leaves.*
18. Tuis contentus, ne concupiſcas aliena. — *Content is Happineſs, but Covetouſneſs Miſery.*
19. Multi homines nomine, non re. — *Many are Men in Name, but not in Fact.*
20. Miſerrimus qui in vitâ miſer, poſt mortem miſerior. — *He is moſt miſerable who can neither reſt alive nor dead.*

The Fourth Book.

1. Astutus aſtu non capitur — *Old Birds are not caught with Chaff.*
2. Spernit ſuperbus quæ nequit aſſequi. — *The Proud always pretend to deſpiſe what they can't obtain.*
3. Vindictæ, cupidus ſibi malum accerſit. — *Revenge drinketh up the greateſt Part of its own Poiſon.*
4. Homines non numerandi ſed ponderandi. — *We ſhould not judge of Men by their Numbers, but by their Merit.*
5. Feriunt ſummos fulmina montes. — *The higher Men are, the greater their Fall will be.*
6. Stultus niſi quod ipſe facit nil rectum putat. — *Conceited Fools think nothing can be well done without them.*
7. Maledico maledicens pejus audiet. — *Ill Language begets worſe.*
8. Improbi ne pereant, perdunt. — *Some People care not who ſink ſo they do but ſwim.*
9. Sententia deeſt.

10. Ante-

10. Antecedentem ſceleſtum non deſerit pede pœna claudo. — *Sooner or later the Wicked will be puniſhed.*
11. Opes irritamenta malorum. — *Riches are the Root of Evil, and often the Fruit of it.*
12. Sinceritas laudanda. — *Plain Dealing is a Jewel, but theythat wear it are out of the Faſhion.*
13. 14. Fabulæ deſunt — *Fables wanting.*
15. Pares non habitus ſed virtus facit. — *Not their Outſide, but their Virtue makes Men Equals.*
16. In ſecundis time, in adverſis ſpera. — *In Proſperity fear the worſt, in Adverſity hope the beſt.*
17. Nimia verecundia in verecundum facit. — *Too much Complaiſance makes a Man rude.*
18. Malo qui benefacit, pejorem facit. — *Do a bad Man a Kindneſs, and he will be the worſe for it.*
19. Avarus auri cuſtos, non dominus. — *Covetous Men's Cheſts are rich, not they.*
20. Inventa perficere non inglorium. — *To perfect another Man's Inventions, is praiſe worthy.*
21. Veras divitias eripit nemo. — *No Man can be robbed of true Riches.*
22. Magna ne jactes, ſed præſtes. — *Brag is a good Dog, but Holdfaſt is a better.*
23. Vera gloria fictam obſcurat. — *True Glory eclipſes the counterfeit.*
24. Deum colenti ſtat ſua merces. — *The Religious are ſure to be rewarded.*
25. Multùm auxiliatur qui citò. — *He that helps ſooneſt, helps beſt.*

The Fifth Book.

1. NIHIL ad honorem fam â ingenii aptius. — INGENUITY *gets great Reputation.*
2. Ventoſa lingua, pedes fugaces. — *A Coward's Weapons are his Tongue and his heels.*
3. Sponte peccanti nullus eſt veniæ locus. — *Wilful Faults have no Excuſe, and deſerve no Pardon.*
4. Feliciter ſapit, qui alieno periculo ſapit. — *The beſt Wiſdom is that which is got at other Folks' Coſt.*
5. Præjudicata opinio judicium obruit. — *A prejudiced Opinion ſpoils the Judgement.*
6. Non omnia omnibus congruunt. — *All Things do not ſuit all Men.*
7. Stulta ſuperbia ridetur ab omnibus. — *A fooliſh Conceitedneſs is ridiculed by all the World.*
8. Fugit irreparabile tempus. — *Time and Tide ſtay for no Man.*
9. Ne ſus Minervam. — *Don't teachyourGrandame to ſuckEggs.*
10. Omnia fert ætas. — *Time devours all Things.*

A COLLECTION of Phraſes in *Phædrus's* FABLES.

In *LATIN* and *ENGLISH.*

LIBER PRIMUS.	BOOK the FIRST.
Prol. REPPERIT	*ORIGINALLY invented*
Senariis verſibus	*With* Iambick *verſes*
Dos libelli	*The Uſe of this Book*
Nos jocari	*That we entertain ourſelves*
Fab. Superior	*Higher up the Stream*
1. Improbâ fauce	*By his ravenous Appetite*
Ante hos ſex menſes	*Six Months ago*
Fictis cauſis.	*By falſe Accuſations*
2. Æquis legibus	*Under a free Government*
Miſcuit civitatem	*Confounded the Government*
Partibus factionum conſpíratis	*The factious Parties conſpiring together*
Compeſceret vi	*Might reſtrain by the Exerciſe of Authority*
Explorato rege	*Having examined their King as a Spy*
Omni contumeliâ	*With all Sorts of Abuſe*
Cœpit corripere ſingulas	*He fell to ſnapping them up one after another*
Dant Mercurio mandata	*They charge* Mercury *with a Meſſage*
Tum contra	*Then in Anſwer*
3. Alienis bonis	*In other People's Excellencies*
Suo habitu	*In his own natural Way, proper Station*
Triſtem notam	*A ſad Mark of Diſgrace*
Tua calamitas	*Your unfortunate Condition*
Hanc repulſam	*This Rebuff*
4. Appetit alienum	*Snaps at, reaches after another's*
Speculo lympharum	*In the Watry Mirrour*
Nec adeò potuit	*And after all could not*
5. Cum potente	*With a Man of Power and Intereſt*
Patiens injuriæ	*Patient under Wrong*
Partibus factis	*The Shares being laid out*
Quia plus valeo	*On account of my higher Quality*
Adficietur malo	*He ſhall ſuffer for it*
Improbitas ſola	*His unreaſonable Greedineſs alone*

Permotus

Fab. Permotus convicio	*Much diſturbed by their Noiſe*
6. Arridâ ſede	*In our parched Habitation*
Quidnam eſt futurum?	*What will become of us?*
7. Tragicam perſonam	*A Tragedian's Maſk*
Quanta ſpecies!	*How glorious an Appearance!*
Abſtulit communem ſenſum	*Hath denyed common Senſe*
8. Deſiderat pretium meriti	*Expects a Reward for a good Turn*
Abire impunè	*To come off without loſs*
Inlicere pretio	*To tempt by the Propoſal of a Reward*
Illud malum	*That Plague*
Credens longitudinem colli	*Venturing her long Neck*
Fecit medicinam lupo	*She wrought a Cure for the Wolf*
9. Non cavere ſibi	*Not to take Care of one's Self*
Objurgabat leporem	*Was rating a Hare*
Edentem graves fletus	*Bewailing his ſad Misfortune*
Nota pernicitas	*Famed Swiftneſs*
Nec opinum	*Dreaming of no ſuch Thing*
In ſolatium mortis	*As ſome Alleviation of her ſuffering Death*
Modò ſecurus	*A little before void of Care*
Innotuit turpi fraude	*Is becoming notorious for ſcandalous Cheating*
Amittit fidem	*Fails of Credit*
Arguebat vulpem crimine furti	*Indicted a Fox upon an Action of Theft*
Proximam culpæ	*Any thing concerned in the Fault*
Dixiſſe ſententiam	*To have pronounced Sentence*
Quod petis	*What you ſue for*
11. Expers virtutis	*A Coward deſtitute of true Courage*
Jactans gloriam verbis	*Bouncing in ſwaggering Terms*
Fallit ignotos	*Impoſes upon thoſe that do not know him*
Notes exitus	*Their uſual Way of Eſcape*
Premere vocem	*To ceaſe his Noiſe*
Inſolens *ait*	*Conceitedly ſays*
12. Vituperat nimiam tenuitatem	*Vilifies the exceſſive Slenderneſs*
Eluſit canes	*Baffled the Dogs*
Edidiſſe hanc vocem	*To have ſpoken thus*
Ut illa profuerint	*How ſerviceable thoſe things were*
Quantum luctûs habuerint	*How much Sorrow they carried in them*
13. Qui eſt nitor!	*How great is the Sleekneſs*
Quantum decóris geris	*What grace you have*
Corpore et vultu	*In your Shape and Air*
Vult oſtendere vocem	*Had a mind to give Proof of his Pipe*
Stupor corvi	*The ſtupid Crow*
Prævalet virtuti	*Is too hard for Ability of Body*
14. Malus ſutor	*A bungling Cobler*
Deperditus inopiâ	*Broke for Want of Trade*

Fab. Facere medicinam — *To practiſe Phyſick*
Ignoto loco — *In a place where he was known*
Venditaret Antidotum — *Made boaſt of an Antidote againſt Poiſon*
Falſo nomine — *Falſely ſo called*
Verbofis ſtrophis — *By cunning Tricks*
Gratiâ ejus experiendi — *To put his ſkill upon Tryal*
Poſito Præmio — *At a ſet Reward*
Non ullâ prudentiâ artis — *Not by any Inſight into the Faculty*
Veſtra capita — *Your Lives*
Pertinere ad illos — *Comes home upon thoſe*
Eſt quæſtus impudentiæ — *Is a livelihood to the impudent*
15. In principatu commutando — *In the Revolution of a ſtate*
Paſcebat aſcellum — *Was graſing his little Aſs*
Ne poſſent capi — *Leſt they ſhould be taken Priſoners*
At ille lentus — *But he in no great Haſte*
Quid refert meâ? — *What is it to me?*
Cui ſerviam — *Under whom I ſlave*
Dum portem — *As long as I muſt carry*
16. Locat nomen ſponſu — *Paſſes his word for another*
Expedire rem — *To perform the contract*
Dare mala — *To entangle it; do Miſchief, cheat*
Præmetuens dolum — *Suſpecting a Trick*
Ubi requiram vos? — *Where ſhall I look for you*
Cum dies advenerit — *When Pay-day comes*
17. Luere pœnas — *To ſuffer Puniſhment*
Calumniator — *Coming with a forged Title*
Damnata falſo teſtimonio — *Caſt by a falſe Evidence*
Poſt paucos dies — *Some Days after*
Merces fraudis — *A Puniſhment of your Perjury*
18. Nemo libenter recolit — *Nobody viſits again with Pleaſure*
Actis menſibùs — *Having gone her full Time*
Melius deponeret — *She might the better drop*
19. Habent inſidias — *Carry treacherous Deſigns with them*
Verſus ſubjecti — *The Lines under-written*
Admovit preces — *Applyed by Prayer*
Dum poſſet ducere — *Till ſhe could carry abroad*
Hoc conſumpto — *This Time being expired*
Flagitare validiùs — *To demand with great Inſtance*
Par mihi — *A Match for myſelf*
Cedam loco — *I'll reſign the Place*
20. Stultum conſilium — *A fooliſh Project*
Devocat mortales — *Lures down Mortals*
21. Etiam ignavis — *Even to Cowards*
In gravi caſu — *In his ſad Condition*
Defectus annis — *Enfeebled by Length of Years*
Trahens extremum ſpiritum — *Breathing his Laſt*
Fulmineis dentibus — *With his lightning Tuſks*

Fab. Hoſtile corpus	*The Body of his old Enemy*
Lædi impunè	*Abuſed with Safety, without Revenge*
Extudit frontem	*He batter'd his Forehead*
Tuli indignè	*I took it heinouſly*
22. Fugo domum	*I clear your houſe*
Meâ cauſâ	*On my Account; for my Sake*
Eſſet gratum	*'Twere an Obligation*
Dediſſem veniam	*I had pardoned you*
Quia laboras	*Becauſe you make it your Buſineſs*
Reliquiis, quæ ſunt roſuri	*The Orts, that they would but nibble*
Noli imputare beneficium mihi	*Don't charge me with a Kindneſs*
Noli imputare mihi	*Do not ſet to my Account*
Dedit letho	*Put to Death*
Servit ſibi	*Is ſerviceable for themſelves*
23. Gratus ſtultis	*Welcome to Fools*
Tendit dolos irritos	*He ſpreads his Trains to no Purpoſe*
Miſiſſet panem	*Had flung a Loaf*
An poſſet capi	*Whether he could be won*
Pro re	*For the Advantage*
Ne facias lucrum	*Leſt you ſhould make an Advantage*
24. Tantæ magnitudinis	*Of ſuch a Bulk*
Majore niſu	*With a greater Strain*
Validiùs	*With more violence*
25. Prava conſilia	*Inſidious Council*
Eſt traditum	*There's an old Tradition*
In flumine Nilo	*At the River* Nile
Lambe quamlibet otio	*Lap as much as you pleaſe at your Leiſure*
Facerem mehercule	*Troth, ſo I would*
Niſi ſcirem	*Were I not ſure*
26. Nocendum nulli	*We muſt injure no man*
Simili jure	*In the like Kind, with the ſame Sauce*
Poſuiſſe illi	*To have ſet before her: ſerved her up*
Quum revocâſſet	*When ſhe invited again in her turn*
Intrito cibo	*Minc'd Meat*
Accepimus	*We are informed*
Æquo animo	*With an even mind; patiently*
27. Conveniens avaris	*Applicable to the Covetous*
Deos manes	*The Gods below*
Eſt injecta illi	*Was ſhot into him*
Penderet pœnas	*He might ſuffer Puniſhment*
28. Docili ſolertiæ	*To Quickneſs of Invention*
Aquila ſuſtulit	*An Eagle caught up*
Ut carperent cibum	*That they might pick for Food*
Tutapſo loco	*Secured by the very Nature of her Station*
Ardentem facem	*A lighted Brand*
Miſcens dolorem hoſti	*Mixing Sorrow to the Enemy*
Damno ſanguinis	*With the Loſs of her Brood*

Fab. Ut eriperet	*To ſave, reſcue from*
29. Cùm fuiſſet obvius	*When he met*
Repudiat officium	*Rejects the Civility*
Repreſſit iram	*He check'd his Paſſion*
Ignavo ſanguine	*With the Blood of a Coward*
30. Humiles laborant	*The Poor are hard put to it*
De principatu gregis	*For the Government of the Herd*
Degerent vitam	*They lived, paſſed their Life*
Natio	*The Breed*
Profugerit	*Shall go into Baniſhment*
Pertinet ad noſtrum caput	*Concerns our Life*
31. Tutandum improbo homini	*To the Protection of a Knave*
Dum requirit auxilia	*While he looks for help*
Raptor vertit conſilium	*The Bird of Prey turned his Thoughts*
Tali dolo	*By ſuch an artifice*
Sollicitum ævum	*An anxious penſive Life*
Qui præſtem vos tutas	*Who ſhall warrant you ſafe*
Tradunt ſeſe milvio	*Put themſelves into the Kite's Hands*
Cœpit veſci ſingulas	*Fell to eating them one after another*
De reliquis	*Of thoſe that were left*

LIBER SECUNDUS.

BOOK THE SECOND.

Prol. ÆSOPI genus	ÆSOP'S *Way of Writing*
Continetur exemplis	*Conſiſts of Examples*
Nec quicquam aliud quæritur	*Nor is any thing elſe intended*
Quicunque locus fuerit	*Whatever Opportunity I may have*
Dum capiat aurem	*As long as it pleaſes the Ear*
Suum propoſitum	*Its intent*
Commendatur re	*It recommends itſelf by its own Weight*
Fab. Stabat ſuper	*Stood Victorious over*
1. Per te	*Of your own Accord*
Retulit pedem retrò	*Return'd back again*
Non eſt quod timeas	*You have no reaſon to fear*
Tergore diviſo	*The Chine being divided*
Petivit ſylvas	*He went into the Woods*
2. Diſcimus nempe	*We learn you ſee*
Viros ſpoliari	*That Men are ſtript*
Utcunque	*Be it how it will*
Non rudis	*Well practiſed in the Female Art*
Ceperat animos	*Had won the affections*
Paros illi	*A fit Match for him*
Se pingi	*That he was ſetting out*
3. Vehementis canis	*Of a mad Dog*
Miſit malefico	*Threw the cur that had done the Miſchief*

Fab. In ſublimi quercu	*On the Top of an Oak*
4. Sceleſtâ malitiâ	*With curſed Cunning*
Suſpenſo pede	*On her Tip-toes*
Quid multa	*In ſhort*
Stulta credulitas	*The fooliſhly credulous*
Habere documentum	*To have a Leſſon, Warning*
4. Trepidé	*In a Hurry*
Occupata in otio	*Taken up about nothing*
Gratis	*To no manner of Purpoſe*
Verâ fabellâ	*By a true Story*
Eſt pretium operæ	*It is worth while*
Petens Neapolim	*Going to* Naples
Villam Miſenenſem	*His Country Seat upon* Miſenus
Summo Monte	*Upon the Top of the Mountain*
Proſpectat	*Has a View at a Diſtance*
Proſpicit	*Has a near View*
Domino perambulante	*The Emperor walking through*
Jactitans come officium	*Setting off his officious Service*
Notis flexibus	*By ſhort cuts that he was acquainted with*
Agnoſcit Hominem	*Takes notice of the Fellow*
Majeſtas tanti ducis	*His Imperial Majeſty*
Alapæ veneunt Majoris	*Freedom coſts more*
6. In ſublime	*On high, high in the Air*
Ullo pacto	*By any Means*
Volans propter	*Flying hard by*
Quâ comminutâ	*Which being broke into ſmall Pieces*
Munere naturæ	*By the Bounty of Nature*
Impar duabus	*Not being a Match for two*
7. Ex inſidiis	*Out of Ambuſh*
Inter cædem	*Amidſt the Scuffle*
Hoc argumento	*According to this Fable*
Tenuitas hominum	*People in a low Eſtate*
8. Excitatus nemoroſis latibulis	*Rouſed out of his ſhady Covert*
Venatorum	*From the Huntſmen*
Petit proximam villam	*Made to the next Farm houſe*
Quidnam voluiſti	*What did you propoſe*
Commiſeris ſpiritum	*Ventured your Life*
Erumpam	*I'll ſally forth*
Vices noctis	*The Night in her Turn*
Excipiunt ſpatium diei	*Succeeds the Day, that had run its Courſe*
Præſtiterint hoſpitium	*They afforded him Lodging*
Agere gratias	*To give Thanks*
Verſatur in periculo	*Is in Danger*
Inter hæc	*In the mean Time*
A cœnâ	*After Supper; from Supping abroad*
Ad præſepe	*To the Crib*

Fab. Convocatâ familiâ — *Summoning his Servants*
Tollit prædam — *Carries off the Veniſon*
Videre plurimùm — *Is ſharpeſt Sighted*
9. Collocaverunt ſervum — *They placed him, though a ſlave*
In baſi — *Upon a Pedeſtal*
Nec tribui generi, ſed virtuti — *Not due to Family, but to true Worth*
Occupârat — *Had prevented, taken the Start*
Quod ſuperfuit — *The only Thing that was left me*
Quos opponat Græciæ — *To match with the Wits of* Greece
Conſcientiam laudis — *The inward perſuaſion of my own worth*
Sentit fabulas — *Reliſhes, is pleaſed with Fables*
Siniſtra natura — *Croſs-grained Nature*
Extulit in lucem — *Help'd into the World*
Nec poſſunt quicquam — *And can do nothing elſe*
Durato Corde — *With a ſtout heart, a reſolute Mind*

LIBER TERTIUS.

BOOK the THIRD.

Prol. ANIMUS liber — *YOUR Mind unengaged*
Sentiat vim carminis — *May feel the Excellency of the Poetry*
Soluto pectore — *With unbended Thoughts*
Viles nænias — *Trifling Fables, worthleſs Ballads*
Reddas tempora amicis — *Return the viſits to your Friends*
Adſuetam vicem — *The uſual Return of Buſineſs*
Chorum artium — *The Nine Muſes*
Curam habendi — *The Thoughts of being rich*
Penitus eraſerim corde — *Quite ras'd out of my Mind*
Laude invitâ — *In ſpite of Envy*
Faſtidiosè — *With a faſtidious Niceneſs*
Poſteri habebunt — *Poſterity will have*
Quo oblectent ſe — *Wherewithal to entertain themſelves*
Genus fabularum — *The way of writing by Fables*
Servitus obnoxia — *The Slave being at Mercy*
Proprios affectus — *Private Reſentments*
Feci viam — *I have travelled*
Alius accuſator Sejano — *Any other Accuſer than* Sejanus
His remediis — *With theſe Lenitives*
Rapiet ad ſe — *Shall apply to himſelf*
Quod erit commune omnium — *What I ſhall intend in common to all*
Animi conſcientiam — *His Guilt*
Neque eſt mihi mens — *For my Intention is not*
Notare ſingulos — *To characteriſe particular Perſons*
Oſtendere vitam — *To give a Picture of human life*

Gravem

Prol. Gravem rem	*A weighty Buſineſs*
Condere æternam famam	*To raiſe themſelves eternal Fame*
Deſeram decus patriæ	*Be wanting to the Glory of my Country*
Tenuit impetus	*Stopt the rapid Current*
Sincerum judicium	*An impartial Judgement*
Noto candore	*With your accuſtomed Good nature*
Fab. Falernâ fæce	*Riſing from the Dregs of the Falernian Wine*
1. Nobili teſtâ	*The Nobleneſs of the Caſk*
Totis naribus	*With open Noſtrils*
O ſuavis anima!	*O ſweet Breath, Spirit!*
Qualem bonam	*How good*
Quo hoc pertinet	*What this drives at*
2. Par gratia ſolet referri	*A ſuitable return is uſually made*
Quippe perituræ	*As of one that would certainly periſh*
Miſêre panem ut ſuſtinerit ſpiritum	*They threw Bread to ſupport Life*
Quaſi inventura	*Thinking to find*
Concito gradu	*With a violent pace*
Paucis diebus interpoſitis	*A few days after*
Haud recuſant damnum	*Grudge not the loſs of their Cattle*
Petierint me ſaxo	*Pelted me with ſtones*
Peritus uſu	*Learned by Experience*
Velocior hariolo	*Wiſer than a Wizard*
Cauſa non dicitur	*The Reaſon is not given*
Pertinere ad caput	*That it concerns the Life*
Autem ille	*But another*
Inſitivos liberos	*A ſpurious Race, Offspring*
Quid mulia	*In ſhort*
Emunctæ naris	*Of a clear Head, quick Apprehenſion*
Dare verba	*To deceive, impoſe upon*
4. Ad lanium	*At a Butcher's*
Quidnam ſaperet	*How it taſted*
Talis ſapor præſtatur	*Such I'll warrant the Taſte*
5. Devocat multos	*Lures down many*
Tanto melior	*So much the braver Fellow you*
Dignum præmium	*A fit Reward*
Impudentem audaciam	*The bold impudent Fellow*
Perſolvit pœnas	*He ſuffered Puniſhment*
Perſolvit pœnas	*He made ample Satisfaction*
6. Increpans mulam	*Rating a She Mule*
Primâ ſellâ	*In the fore Seat*
Temperet meum jugum	*Orders my driving*
Continet lora	*Holds tight the Reins*
Aufer frivolam inſolentiam	*Away with your impertinent Inſolence*
Ubi ſtrigandum eſt	*When I may ſtop; go ſlow*
Sine virtute	*Without Power, Strength*
7. Unde ſic nites?	*How come you to be ſo ſleek?*

Fab.	Feciſti tantum corporis	*Have you got ſo much Fleſh?*
	Canis ſimpliciter	*The Dog honeſtly ſaid*
	Eadem conditio eſt tibi	*The ſame Offer is made you*
	Par officium	*The like Service*
	Trahens aſperam vitam	*Paſſing hardly a ſavage life*
	Sub tecto	*Under a houſe, Shelter*
	Dum procedunt	*As they are jogging on*
	Qua viſum eſt mihi	*Wherever I pleaſe*
	Adfertur ultrò	*Is brought without my ſeeking*
	Familia jactat fruſtra	*The Servants toſs me Crumbs*
	Quod quiſque faſtidit	*That every one is cloy'd with*
	Si eſt animus	*If you have a mind, Deſire*
	Ut non ſim liber mihi	*So as not to be entirely at my Liberty*
1.	Conſidera te	*View your ſelf well*
	Turpiſſimam filiam	*A very homely Daughter*
	Nec ſuſtinet jocos	*And cannot bear the Reflections*
	Quid enim?	*For how could ſhe do otherwiſe?*
	In contumeliam	*With a Deſign to affront*
	Læſura invicem	*To vex him in her Turn*
	Magnâ invidiâ	*With great Aggravation, Spleen*
	Natus vir	*Being born a Male*
	Tetigerit rem fœminarum	*He concern'd himſelf with Women's Matters*
	Ne corrumpas	*For fear you ſhould ſtain*
	Malis nequitiæ	*With the Blemiſhes of Lewdneſs*
9.	Fides eſt rara	*Sincerity is uncommon*
	Cedo invidiæ	*I'm content to be envy'd*
	Cinis	*Reduced to Aſhes, dead*
	Neſcio quis	*Some body*
	Talis vir	*So great a Man*
10.	Eſt creditum	*They believed*
	Veritas eſt exploranda	*The Truth of the Caſe is to be thoroughly ſearched into*
	Stulta ſententia judicit pravè	*A weak Judgment paſſes a wrong Sentence*
	Fabuloſâ vetuſtate	*By antiquated Stories*
	Meâ memoriâ	*Within my own Memory, Time*
	Puram togam	*A plain untrimmed Gown*
	Se ſuffici hæredem	*That he ſhould be made next Heir*
	Flagitiis mulieris	*The Lewdneſſes of his Wife*
	Falſo crimine uxoris	*At this falſe Charge againſt his Wife*
	Ad villam	*To his Country-Seat*
	Servans diligentiùs	*Being more than ordinary watchful of*
	Familia concurſat	*The Servants run up and down*
	Reſpiciens nihil	*Having no regard to any Thing*
	Sanctam uxorem	*His chaſte Spouſe*
	Transfigit gladio	*He run through with the Sword*

Sopita

Fab. Sopita primo ſomno	*Being compoſed in her firſt ſleep*
Repreſentavit in ſe	*He revenged upon himſelf*
Incubuit ferro	*He fell on the Sword*
Poſtulârunt mulierem	*Indicted the woman*
Centumviros	*The Judges of capital Cauſes*
Deprimit inſontem	*Caſts the innocent woman*
Quòd poſſideat dona	*In that ſhe was in Poſſeſſion of the Eſtate*
Ut adjuvaret fidem jurisjurandi	*To aſſiſt them in the honeſt Diſcharge of their Oath*
Error criminis	*The Intricacy of the Charge*
Certum fontem veritatis	*The undoubted Spring of Juſtice*
Luat pœnas	*Muſt be puniſhed*
Eſſet perſcrutatus crimina	*Had thoroughly examined the Ground of the Accuſation*
Impugnantur fraudibus	*Are attacked by knaviſh Arts*
Admonere ſimplices	*Be a warning to the Simple*
Ne ponderent quid	*Not to judge of any Thing*
Sum ſecutus pluribus	*I have handled more at large*
Propterea	*For this Reaſon*
11. Amiſſi corporis	*Of his maimed Body*
12. Quanta res	*How valuable a Thing*
Olim rediiſſes	*You had long ſince been poliſhed and ſet*
13. Lis eſt deducta ad forum	*The Cauſe was brought to a Tryal*
Venerit in dubium	*Was matter of Debate*
De queis agitur	*Concerning which the Debate is*
Pactam fidem	*Their Tryal of Skill agreed on*
14. Torquet ſe	*Racks his Invention*
Cauſam quæſtionis	*The Deſign of the Queſtion*
Noviſſimè ſuccumbit	*Laſt of all he knocks under*
15. Certis menſibus	*So many Months*
Agè porro	*Well, farther, put the Caſe ſhe had known*
In ſingulas horas	*Every moment*
Cujus Poteſtas in gignendo fuit nulla	*Who had no power to chooſe whether ſhe would bring me into the World, or no*
Capi meritis	*But are won by Kindneſs*
16. Appetit pœnas	*Runs upon the Punishment*
Capere ſomnum	*To take a Nap*
Eſt animus	*I have an Inclination*
Si non faſtidis	*If you're not nice*
Dedit letho	*Put to Death, killed*
17. Placuit Jovi	*Was choſen by* Jupiter
Vendere fructum honore	*To hire men to honour us*
Quis narrabit quod voluerit	*Any one may ſay what he pleaſes*
18. Ferens indignè	*Taking it ill*
Miſerit vocem	*Uttered his Voice*

Partes

Fab. Partes ſunt datæ — *Proper Gifts are allotted*
Propriis vocibus — *With their natural Voices*
Noli adſectare — *Don't aſpire to*
Recidat in querelam — *End in Complaint*
19. Eſſet Familia — *Was the whole Retinue of Servants*
Maturiùs — *Earlier than Ordinary*
Luſtravit aliquot domos — *He went about to ſeveral Houſes*
E turba — *In the Crowd*
Quid cum lumine? — *What have you to do with a Candle?*
Medio ſole — *In the middle of the Day*
Retulit ad animum — *Had reflected upon*
20. Decurrit vitam — *Lives, runs through Life*
Gratiâ quæſtûs — *For the Sake of Money*
Pelle detractâ — *With his Skin ſtript off*

LIBER QUARTUS.

BOOK the FOURTH.

Prol. LUDIMUS leve — WE *triſle*
Prima frons — { *The firſt View, Glance, Appearance*
Rara mens intelligit — *Not every Underſtanding reaches*
Sine mercede — *Without Proof*

Fab. Abjecit negligenter — { *Threw herſelf along in a careleſs Poſture*

1. Occubuit neci — *Was killed, put to Death*
Sic valeas — *So may you thrive*
2. Adpetebat uvam — *Made at a Bunch of Grapes*
Elevant verbis — *Speak ſlightingly of*
Dedebunt adſcribere — *Muſt apply*
3. Sedare ſitim — *To quench Thirſt*
Levans dorſo — *Taking upon his Back*
" Tuliſſe auxilium — *Helped, aſſiſted*
Cepi prædam — *I have made a prize*
Impunè — *Without Revenge*
4. Tradam poſteris — *I will hand down to Poſterity*
Plus boni — *More ſenſe, Wit*
Decedens — *At his Deceaſe*
Venantem oculis — *Enſnaring with bewitching Eyes*
Ruſticam — *Country Houſe-wife*
Ne poſſideant aut fruantur — *That they ſhould not keep, or ſpend*
Deſierint habere — *Left off poſſeſſing*
Centena ſeſtertia — *A thouſand Seſterces a-piece*
Expedit, quo pacto — *Explains, by what Means*
Capiantve fructum — *Or enjoy the Benefit*
Quânam ratione — *How, by what Means*

Advocavit

Fab. Advocavit fidem	*Conſulted her own honeſty*
Ruſticum inſtrumentum	*All the tools for Country Work*
Sic deſtinata	*Thus laid out in her mind*
Patri condito	*To the father now in his grave*
Quam graviter ferret?	*How ill would he take it*
Trahit vitam	*Leads, ſpends her Life*
Alienum ſuis moribus	*Foreign to their courſe of Life*
Tradet quâcunque ſummâ	*Will part with at any Rate*
Dictam pecuniam	*The Sum appointed in Will*
Fugit imprudentiam	*Eſcaped the Shallowneſs*
5. Recepti ægrè	*Being hardly taken in*
Conſpicuum ſignum	*A viſible Enſign*
Tartareo ſpecu	*In the helliſh Abyſs*
Magnitudo principum	*The leading Men*
Suſtine libellum	*Hold this little Book*
Dum placo ſeveritatem	*Till I ſmooth the Roughneſs*
Profeſſæ mortis	*Of manifeſt Death*
Palladio opere	*By the aſſiſtance of* Pallas
Sævum ingenium	*Her bloody Temper*
Explicuit fugem	*Cleared a Paſſage for Flight*
Quid videtur tibi	*What think you of it*
Juſto exemplo	*By deſerved Puniſhment*
Vituperant cœlum	*Find Fault with the moſt perfect Work*
7. Qua res cibi	*Any Thing eatable*
Quæ adſuevi	*Who have made it my Trade*
8. Malo alterius	*At the Coſt of another*
Nixa cornibus	*Springing from the Horns*
9. Hâc re	*For this Reaſon*
Noſtra mala	*Our Crimes, Miſcarriages*
10. Sancta religio	*The ſacred Image*
Miſit vocem	*Uttered theſe Words*
Munera malorum	*The Offerings of the Wicked*
Lues culpam ſpiritu	*Your Life ſhall pay for it*
Olim	*One Time, Day, or other*
Præluceat facinori	*Should hold a light to the Wicked*
Pietas excolit	*The Devout ſincerely worſhip*
Quot utiles res	*How many uſeful Morals*
Maximè contrarios tibi	*Your greateſt Enemies*
Irâ deorum	*By the Gods in a ſudden Paſſion*
Dicto tempore	*At the appointed Time*
11. Lucro objecto	*By the Temptation of Gain*
12. Reddebat jura	*Adminiſtered Juſtice*
15. Suam dignitatem	*Their Prerogative*
Ornatum veſtri muneris	*The Badge of your office*
Hoc argumentum monet	*The Moral of this Fable is*
Similes habitu	*Alike in outward Appearances*
Impares virtute	*No match in true Worth*

Fab. De ſuis fortunis	*Of his hard Condition*
16. Inter lacrymas vectorum	*Amidſt the tears of thoſe on board*
Cœpit ferri	*She began to ſail*
Factus ſophus periculo	*Having become a Philoſopher by Experience*
Miſcet vitam	*Chequers Life*
17. Explerent famem	*Satisfied Hunger*
Imponere pœnas	*To puniſh, inflict puniſhment*
Feretis præmium	*Ye ſhall receive a Reward*
Poſteri	*Their Poſterity*
18. Fert auxilium	*Aſſiſts, helps*
19. Agit cuniculos altiùs	*Makes Boroughs deeper than ordinary*
Ultimam ſpeluncam	*The fartheſt part of the Den*
Des veniam imprudentiæ	*Forgive my unwary Intruſion*
Quàm non inconveniens	*How ſuitable*
Quem fructum capis	*What Enjoyment you have*
Exigas ævum	*Lead your Life*
Attributum mihi	*Aſſigned me*
Nec ſumis tibi	*You neither ſpend upon yourſelf*
Noli iraſcaris	*You muſt not be angry*
Natus diis iratis	*Born under an ill Planet*
Quo priores abierunt	*Whither your Anceſtors have gone before*
Quid torques miſerum ſpiritum	*Why do you torment your wretched Life?*
Cæcâ mente	*With a blinded underſtanding*
Fraudas ſuperos	*Defraudeſt the Gods above*
Circumcidis impenſam funeris	*Retrench your Funeral Charges*
De tuo	*Out of your Eſtate*
20. Dignum memoriæ	*Fit to be tranſmitted to Poſterity*
Minùs adriſerit	*Does not take, pleaſes leſs*
Contendet quovis pignore	*He'll lay any Wager*
Fictum à me	*That it was my Invention*
Noſtra manus perfecit	*I put the finiſhing hand*
21. Egregium melos	*Extraordinary* Lyric *verſe*
Suſtineret paupertatem	*He might ſupport his Poverty*
Cœpit circumire	*He took a circuit round*
Quo genere quæſtûs	*By which Way of Trade*
Curſu pelagio	*By a Sea Voyage*
Aſcendit navem	*He got on board the Ship*
Pretioſas res	*Their Goods of Value*
Quidam curioſior	*One more inquiſitive than the reſt*
Quam petierunt	*Which they went to*
Familiâ	*With Attendants*
Suam tabulam	*The Picture of their Shipwreck*
22. Ciens immunes gemitus	*Fetching monſtrous Groans*
Minaris magna	*You make mighty Profeſſions*
Extricas nihil	*Being nothing to Effect*

Con-

Fab. Contendebant acriter	*Were disputing smartly*
23. Quæ esset pluris	*Which was of more Worth, preferable*
Ubi immolatur	*When Men sacrifice*
Prægusto exta Deûm	*I am Taster of the Entrails offered to the Gods*
Moror inter aras	*I pass my Time among the Altars*
Quum est visum mihi	*When I please*
Delibo oscula	*I salute the Lips*
Convictus deorum est gloriosus	*Eating with the Gods is worth boasting of*
Superba jactas	*You proudly boast of*
Retudi Superbiam	*I have damped your Pride*
Discernit notas	*Distinguishes the Characters*
Virtus exhibet solidum decus	*Worth shews substantial Glory*
24. Quantum literæ valerent	*How much Value Learning found*
Tradam memoriæ	*I'll put upon Record*
Certo pretio	*At a set Price*
Exigua materia frænaret impetum	*The Narrowness of the subject check'd his Fancy*
Ut est moris	*As it is usual, a Matter of Custom*
Gemina sidera	*The twin Stars*
Referens auctoritatem	*Applying an Instance*
Adprobavit opus	*He satisfied him in the Performance*
Duæ laudes	*Two Shares of the Praise*
Promitte mihi ad cœnam	*Give me your Word to sup with me*
In quorum numero es mihi	*Among whom I reckon you*
Corrumperet gratiam dimissam	*Abuse a Favour by refusing it*
Magno apparatu	*With noble Furniture*
Diffluentes corpora	*Their Bodies running down*
Interesse illius	*That it conterned him*
Ordo rei narratæ	*The Particulars of the Story*
Præsentiam numinum	*The immediate Providence of these Deities*
Epil. Parco sciens	*I forbear with Design*
Tanta copia materiæ abundat	*Such a Store of Matter springs up*
Exhibe fidem vocis	*Make good your Word*
Impetravit veniam	*Hath obtained a Pardon*
Tuæ partes sunt priùs	*Do you act the honourable Part first*
Quod religio, quod fides	*What the Obligation to your Oath, your Honour*
Gratulari tuo judicio	*Return you Thanks for your kind Sentence*
Est periculum	*'Tis a dangerous Business*
Dum sanitas constabit	*While I'm well in my Wits*

LIBER QUINTUS.

BOOK the FIFTH.

Prol. HABERE terminum operis } TO *put an End to a Work*
In Hoc — *For this Reaſon*
Tacito corde — *In my private Thoughts*
Quo pacto — *By what Means*
Animi cogitatio — *Invention*
Color privus — *A peculiar Way of Writing*
Certa ratio — *Right Reaſoning*
Caperis fabulis — *Are pleaſed with Fables*
Novis rebus — *New Matter*
Illiteratum plauſum — *The Applauſe of the Unlearned*

Fab. Inveniunt pretium operibus — { *Find a Value ſet upon their Performances*

1. Suo marmori — *Upon their Marble Pieces*
Talis exempli — *Of much ſuch a Moral*
Improbo imperio — *By Uſurpation*
Princípes ípſi — *The leading Men themſelves*
Reſides & ſequentes otium — *The Eaſy and Retired*
Me noceat deſuiſſe — { *Leſt their Abſence might be a Prejudice*
Delicato & languido gradu — *With a nice and effeminate Tread*
Extremo agmine — *In the Rear*
Compellat hominem blandè — *He ſalutes the Man kindly*
2. Carpebant viam — *Were travelling*
Promptus manu — *A ſtout bold Fellow*
Occupat ferro — *Kills with the Sword*
Stringit gladium — *Draws his Sword*
Conde ferrum — *Sheath your Sword*
Secundâ re, dubiâ re — *In ſafety, in danger*
3. Duxit gravem alapam ſibi — *Gave himſelf a ſound Cuff*
Redeo in gratiam — *I am reconciled*
Non fuiſſe mentem — *That I had no Intention*
Nocens conſilio — *Wickedly, deſignedly*
4. Sancto Herculi — *To the God* Hercules
Libenter prorſus — *Very willingly*
Rapuere divitias — *Have violently ſeiſed Eſtates*
Eſt bono — *Proves advantageous, is of Service*
Eſt malo — *Proves deſtructive, is a Prejudice*
5. Labi pravo favore — *To plunder through partial Favour*
Stant pro judicio ſui erroris — { *Stand up in Defence of a Miſtake in their own Judgment*
Agi ad pœnitendum — *Are forced to recant*
Manifeſtis rebus — *By undeniable Evidence*

Facturus

Fab. Facturus ludos	*Intending to exhibit Plays*
Ad certamina laudis	*To a Tryal of Skill for Praise*
Notus urbano sale	*Remarkable for smart Wit*
Concitat civitatem	*Brings together all the People*
Loca deficiunt turbam	*The Places cannot contain the Spectators*
Nullis adjutoribus	*Without Prompters, Assistants*
Fecit silentium	*Occasioned Silence*
Vocem porcelli	*The Squeak of a Pig*
Ut contenderent	*That they were positive*
Juberent excuti	*Ordered him to be searched*
Onerant laudibus	*They praise*
Prosequuntur plausu	*They applaud, clap*
Favor tenet mentes	*Partiality prepossesses their Minds*
Quod faciebat scilicet	*As he really did*
Latens	*Not being discovered*
Aperto pignore	*By a visible proof*
Temperatæ argutiæ	*Moderate Wit*
Latinis literis	*To the* Roman *Writings*
6. In commune	*Halves, half mine*
Invenimus crabronem	*We have found a Wasp's Nest*
7. Paulò notior	*Pretty well known*
Dum curatio venit ad sanitatem	*Till the Cure was perfected*
Aulæo misso	*The Curtain being drawn up*
Imposuit canticum	*Set a Song*
Consurrectum in plausus	*They immediately began to clap*
Prosternit se totum	*Prostrates himself all along*
Protrusus foras capite	*Turned out of the doors headlong*
8. Pendens in novaculâ	*Suspended on a Razor's Point*
Volucri cursu	*With winged Speed*
Semel elapsum	*Having once slipt away*
Occasionem rerum	*The proper Season of Action, Business*
9. Qui emendat	*He that pretends to teach*
10. Satisfeciſſet domino	*Had given content to his Master*
Ingravantibus annî	*By the Weight of Years*
Demisit prædam	*Let the Game slip*
Animus non destituit me	*My Courage has not failed me*

APPEN-

APPENDIX.

Fab.	FACERET maxima vota	PERFORM *high Maſs*
1.	Vereor vehementer	*I'm very much afraid*
2.	Finire vitam	*To put an End to Life, to die*
	Darent ſe præcipite	*Might throw themſelves headlong*
	Ferte vitam, ut cætera	*Support Life, as others do*
3.	Turpem naturam	*A mean Diſpoſition*
	Ad notam prædam	*To her wonted Game*
	Noſtris meritis	*My Favours*
4.	Ruſtici mures luxuriabant	*The Country Mice were making merry*
	Veniam dari ſibi	*That he might be forgiven*
	Putans non glorioſum	*Thinking that he would derogate from his honour*
	Maximâ voce	*With a loud voice, loudly*
	Non eſt quod timeas	*You have no reaſon to fear*
	Ingenium	*The Contrivance of the Joints, Knots*
5.	Oleaſtrum dari	*One of Olive to be given*
	Quæ vellet	*What pleaſed him beſt*
	Cædimur meritò	*We ſuffer deſervedly*

Abbreviations

Abbreviations in the VOCABULARY *explained.*

Adj.	Adjective Noun.
Sub.	Subſtantive Noun.
inv.	Invariable Noun.
m.	Maſculine Gender.
f.	Feminine Gender.
n.	Neuter Gender.
com.	Common Gender.
ſ.	Singular Number.
pl.	Plural Number.
pro.	Pronoun.
v. 1.	Verb of the firſt Conjugation.
v. 2.	Verb of the ſecond Conjugation.
v. 3.	Verb of the third Conjugation.
v. 4.	Verb of the fouth Conjugation.
v. ſub.	Verb ſubſtantive.
v. irr.	Verb irregular.
v. def.	Verb defective.
v. imp.	Verb impersonal.
ger.	Gerund of a Verb.
par.	Participle.
adv.	Adverb.
præ.	Præpoſition.
interj.	Interjection.
con.	Conjunction.
gen. / g.	Genitive Caſe.
d.	Dative Caſe.
a.	Accuſative Caſe.
ab.	Ablative Caſe.

BRITISH 28 JA 85 MUSEUM

VOCA-

VOCABULARIUM.

A

A Præ. *From, by*
A, Ab, præ. *From, by*
Abditus, par. *Hidden*
Abdo, v. 3. *I hide*
Abeo, v. irr. *I go away*
Abigo, v. 3. *I drive away*
Abjício, v. 3. *I cast away*
Abitúrus, par. *About to go away*
Abrípio, v. 3. *I take away*
Abſ-ens, entis, par. *Abſent*
Absísto, v. 3. *I leave off*
Absólvo, v. 3. *I abſolve, acquit*
Abſum, v. ſub. *I am abſent*
Abúndo, v. 1. *I am bound*
Ac, conj. *And, as likewiſe, alſo*
Accédo, v. 3. *I come near*
Accéndo, v. 3. *I light, kindle*
Accénſus, par. *Enflamed*
Accéptus, par. *Received*
Accérſo, v. 3. *I call, ſend for*
Accéſſ-us, ûs, m. *Acceſs*
Accidit, v. imp. *It happeneth*
Accido, v. 3. *I happen*
Accípi-ens, entis, par. *Taking*
Accípio, v. 3. *I take, accept*
Accípit-er, ris, m. *A Hawk*
Accómmodo, v. 1. *I accommodate, ſuit*
Accurr-ens, entis, par. *Running to*
Accúrro, v. 3. *I run to*
Accuſátor, is, m. *An Accuſer*
Accuſátus, par. *Accuſed*
Accúſo, v. 1. *I accuſe*
Acer, acris, acre, adj. *Fierce*
Acérbus, adj. *Sour, bitter*
Acquíro, v. 3. *I gain*
Acriter, adv. *Sharply*
Acuo, v. 3. *I whet, ſharpen*
Ad, præ. *To*
Adclámo, v. 1. *I cry out*
Addo, v. 3. *I add*
Addúco, v. 3. *I bring, entice*
Adeò, adv. *So, ſo much*
Adeo, v. irr. *I go to*
Adéptus, par. *Obtaining, getting*
Adfécto, v. 1. *I affect, deſire*
Adfero, v. irr. *I bring*
Adficio, v. 3. *I affect, afflict*
Adfinit-as, atis, f. *Affinity*
Adflictus, par. *Afflicted*
Adflu-ens, entis, par. *Flowing*
Adfluo, v. 3. *I flow*
Adgrédior, v. 3. *I ſet upon*
Adgréſſus, par. *Setting upon*
Adhuc, adv. *Yet, as yet*
Adjício, v. 3. *I add*
Adit-us, ûs, m. *A Paſſage*
Adjutor, is, m. *A Helper, Aſſiſtant*
Adjútus, par. *Aſſiſted, helped*
Adjúvo, v. *I help*
Adlátus, par. *Brought*
Adludo, v. 3. *I play upon*
Admirábil-is, e, adj. *Admirable*
Admirans, antis, par. *Admiring, wondering*
Admirátor, is, m. *An Admirer*
Admíratus, par. *Admired*
Admóneo, v. 2. *I warn, admoniſh*
Admótus, par. *Moved to, applied*
Admóveo, v. 2. *I move to, apply*
Adnáto, v. 1. *I ſwim to*

Adpeto, v. 3. *I catch at*
Adprobo, v. 1. *I approve*
Adquíro, v. 3. *I acquire*
Adrídeo, v. 2. *I pleaſe*
Adrípio, v. 3. *I ſeiſe on*
Adſcríbo, v. 3. *I aſcribe, appoint, I write upon*
Adſcríptus, par. *Appointed*
Adſequor, v. 3. *I attain, overtake*
Adſígno, v. 1. *I aſſign*
Adſílio v. 4. *I leap towards, I leap upon*
Adſuéſco, v. 3. *I accuſtom, uſe*
Adſuétus, par. *Accuſtomed, uſual*
Adſum, v. irr. *I am preſent*
Adténto, v. 1. *I ſet upon*
Adtéſtor, v. 1. *I witneſs*
Adtraho, v. 3. *I draw to*
Adtribútus, par. *Appointed, aſſigned*
Advénio, v. 4. *I come*
Advént-us, ûs, m. *Arrival*
Advérſor, v. 1. *I oppoſe*
Advérſus, adj. *Adverſe*
Advérſus, præ. *Againſt*
Adúlter, i, m. *An Adulterer*
Adúlter-a, æ, f. *An Adultreſs*
Adúltus, par. *Adult, ripe*
Advocátus, par. *Called*
Advoco, v. 1. *I call to*
Advolo, v. 1. *I fly to*
Æd-es, is, f. *A Houſe*
Æét-es, æ, m. *Æetes*
Ægéus, adj. *Ægean*
Ægrè, adv. *Hardly*
Ægrot-ans, antis, par. *Sick*
Ægróto, v. 1. *I am ſick*
Æmulátio, nis. f. *Emulation*
Æmulor, v. 1. *I imitate*
Æquáliter, adv. *Equally*
Æquè, adv. *Equally*
Æquus, adj. *Juſt, equal*
Æquit-as, atis, f. *Equity*
Æquo, v. 1. *I equal*
Æſopius, adj. *Æſopian*
Æſóp-us, *Æſop*
Æſt-as, atis, f. *Summer*
Æſtim-ans, antis, par. *Thinking*
Æſtimo, v. 1. *I think, eſteem*
Æſtu-ans, antis, par. *Parching, duſty*
Æſt-us, ûs, m. *Heat*
Æt-as, atis, f. *An Age, Life*
Ætérnus, adj. *Eternal*
Æv-um, i. n. *An Age, Life*
Affécto, v. 1. *I affect*
Afféctus, ûs, m. *Affection, Thought*
Affectus, par. *Affected*
Affirmo, v. 1. *I affirm*
Afflictus, par. *Afflicted*
Affligo, v. 3. *I afflict, ſtrike down*
Agè, adv. *Come on*
Agedùm, adv. *Come on*
Agéll-us, i, m. *A little Field*
Agéndum, i, ger. *Doing*
Agéndus, par. *To be done*
Agens, entis, par. *Doing*
Ag-er, ri, m. *A Field*
Aggero, v. 3. *I heap up*
Aggravo, v. 1. *I aggravate*
Aggrédior, v. 3. *I aſſault, accoſt*
Aggréſſus, par. *Aſſaulting, accoſting*
Agm-en, inis, m. *Company, Retinue*
Agnóſco, v. 3. *I own, acknowledge*
Agn-us, i, m. *A Lamb*
Ago, v. 3. *I do, make, treat*
Agréſt-is, e, adj. *Rural, Ruſtick*
Aio, v. def. *I ſay*
Al-a, æ, f. *A Wing*
Alac-er, ris, re, adj. *Chearful, glad, briſk*
Alap-a, æ, f. *A Slap, Freedom*
Albus, adj. *White*
Al-es, itis, com. *A Bird*
Alg-a, æ, f. *Sea-weed*
Alibì, adv. *Elſewhere*
Aliénus, adj. *Another's*
Aliò, adv. *Elſewhere*
Aliquandò, adv. *Sometimes*

Aliquis,

Aliquis, pro. *Some, any*
Aliquot, adj. ind. *Some*
Ali-us, a, m, adj. *Another*
Allício, v. 3. *I entice*
Alligo, v. 1. *I bind*
Alo, v. 3. *I nouriſh*
Altár-e, is, n. *An Altar*
Alter, ius, adj. *Another*
Alticínctus, par. *High girt, active*
Altior, ris, adj. *Higher, deeper*
Altiùs, adv. *More highly* / *More deeply*
Altus, adj. *High, deep*
Alvéolum, i. n. *A little Scoop*
Alve-us, i, m. *A Hive*
Alv-us, i, m. *A Paunch, Stomach*
Am-ans, antis, par. *Loving*
Ambítio, nis, f. *Ambition*
Amb-o, æ, o, adj. pl. *Both*
Amíc-us, i, m. *A Friend*
Amícus, adj. *Friendly*
Amíſſus, par. *Loſt*
Amítto, v. 3. *I loſe*
Amo, v. 1. *I love*
Amor, ris, m. *Love*
Amphor-a, æ, f. *A Wine-Veſſel,*
Ampléctor, v. 3. *I embrace*
Ampléxus, par. *Embracing*
An, con. *Whether*
Anachárſ-is, is, m. Anacharſis
Angul-us, i, m. *A Corner*
Angúſtus, adj. *Straight, narrow*
Anhél-ans, antis, par. *Panting*
Anhélo, v. 1. *I pant*
Anim-a, æ, f. *A Soul, Spirit*
Animadvérto, v. 3. *To obſerve, take notice*
Animal, is, m. *A living Creature*
Anim-us, i, m. *The Mind*
Ann-us, i, m. *A Year*
Ante, præ. / Antè, adv. *Before*
Antecéd-ens, entis, par. *Foregoing, going before*
Antehàc, adv. *Before this*
Antequàm, adv. *Before that*
Antídot-us, i, f. *An Antidote*
Antíquus, adj. *Antient*
An-us, ûs, f. *An old Woman*
An-us, i, m. *The Arſe-Hole*
Ap-er, i, m. *A Boar*
Apértus, par. *Open*
Ap-is, is, f. *A Bee*
Apóll-o, inis. m. Apollo
Apothéc-a, æ, f. *A Cellar*
Apparát-us, ûs, m. *Preparation*
Appáreo, v. 2. *I appear*
Appéndix, icis, f. *An Appendix*
Appeto, v. 3. *I deſire, covet*
Appóno, v. 3. *I put, place to*
Approbo, v. 1. *I approve, recommend*
Apt-ans, antis, par. *Fitting*
Apti-or, us, adj. *Fitter*
Apto, v. 1. *I fit*
Aqu-a, æ, f. *Water*
Aquil-a, æ, f. *An Eagle*
Ar-a, æ, f. *An Altar*
Aráne-um, i, n. *A Spider's Web*
Arbítri-um, i, n. *Pleaſure, Will*
Arb-or, ris, f. / Arb-os, oris, f. *A Tree*
Arc-a, æ, f. *A Cheſt*
Arceſſo, v. 3. *I call, fetch, procure*
Arctus, adj. *Straight, narrow*
Arc-us, ûs, m. *A Bow*
Ardélio, nis, m. *A Buſy Body*
Ard-ens, entis, par. *Burning*
Ardeo, v. 2. *I burn*
Argenteus, adj. *Of Silver*
Argéntum, i, m. *Silver*
Argumént-um, i, n. *An Argument*
Arguo, v. 3. *I reprove, accuſe*
Arg-us, i, m. Argus

Argútiæ, f. pl. *Wittiſms*
Aridus, adj. *Dry*
Arrípio, v. 3. *I catch, ſnatch*
Ar-s, tis, f. *Art*
Artif-ex, icis, com. *An Artiſt*
Art-us, ûs, m. *The Limb, a Joint*
Ar-x, cis, f. *A Tower, Caſtle*
As, aſſis, m. *A Pound, Money*
Aſcéndo, v. 3. *I aſcend, climb.*
Aſéll-us, i, m. *A little Aſs*
Aſi-a, æ, f. Aſia
Aſin-us, i, m. *An Aſs*
Aſper, adj. *Hard, rough, ſharp.*
Aſpernátus, par. *Deſpiſing*
Aſpérnor, v. 1. *I deſpiſe*
Aſpicio, v. 3. *I behold, eſpy*
Aſſequor, v. 3. *I overtake, obtain*
Aſsiduus, adj. *Continual, conſtant*
Aſſigno, v. 1. *I aſſign*
Aſſ-is, is, m. *A Pound, Money*
Aſtr-um, i, n. *A Star*
Aſt-us, ûs, m. *Craft*
Aſtútus, adj. *Crafty*
At, conj. *But*
Athénæ, f. pl. Athens
Atque, conj. *And*
Atriénſ-is, is, m. *A Porter, Uſher*
Atténdo, v. 3. *I wait, attend*
Attéſtor, v. 1. *I witneſs*
Atticus, adj. Attic, Athenian
Attingo, v. 3. *I touch*
Attribútus, par. *Aſſigned, attributed*
Avárus, adj. *Covetous*
Auctor, is, m. *An Author*
Auctórit-as, atis, f. *Authority*
Audáci-a, æ, f. *Boldneſs*
Audácter, adv. *Boldly*
Aud-ax, acis, adj. *Bold*
Audeo, v. 2. *I dare*
Audio, v. 4. *I hear*
Avertendus, par. *To be averted*
Avérto, v. 3. *I turn away*
Auféro, v. irr. *I take away*
Augur, is, com. *A Soothſayer*
Augúri-um, i, n. *Divination*
Augúſt-us, i, m. Auguſtus
Avidit-as, atis, f. *Greedineſs*
Avidus, adj. *Greedy*
Av-is, is, f. *A Bird*
Aulæ-um, i, n. *A Curtain*
Aur-a, æ, f. *The Air*
Auricul-a, æ, f. / Aur-is, is, f. *The Ear*
Auritulus, adj. *Long-ear'd*
Aur-um, i, n. *Gold*
Aut, con. *Or, either*
Autem, con. *But*
Av-us, i, m. *A Grandfather*
Auxílior, v. 1. *I help, aſſiſt*
Auxili-um, i, n. *Help, Aſſiſtance*

B.

Bajul-ans, antis, par. *Bearing*
Bal-ans, antis, par. *Bleating*
Barb-a, æ, f. *A Beard*
Bárbarus, adj. *Barbarian / Barbarous*
Barbátus, adj. *Bearded*
Baſ-is, is, f. *A Pedeſtal*
Báſi-um, i, n. *A Kiſs*
Bathyll-us, i, m. Bathyllus
Benè, adv. *Well*
Benefácio, v. 3. *I do good*
Benefíci-um, i, n. *A Benefit, Kindneſs*
Benevolénti-a, æ, f. *Good-will*
Benéficus, adj. *Liberal*
Benìgnit-as, atis, f. *Kindneſs, Bounty*
Benígnus, adj. *Kind, bountiful*
Beſti-a, æ, f. *A Beaſt*
Bib-ens, entis, par. *Drinking*
Bibo, v. 3. *I drink*
Bilingu-is, e, adj. *Double-tongued*
Bini, adj. pl. *Two, two by two*

Bipénn-is,

Bipénn-is, is, f. *An Ax*
Bis, adv. *Twice*
Blandè, adv. *Kindly*
Blandítiæ, f. pl. *Flattery*
Bónit-as, atis, f. *Goodneſs*
Bonum, i, n. *A Good*
Bonus, adj. *Good*
Bos, bovis, m. *An Ox*
Bos, bovis, f. *A Cow*
Bovíl-e, is, n. *An Ox-ſtall*
Brévi-or, us, adj. *Shorter*
Brev-is, e, adj. *Short*
Brévit-as, atis, f. *Brevity*
Brévitèr, adv. *Briefly*
Brum-a, æ, f. *Winter*
Bubúlc-us, i, m. *A Herdſman*

C.

Caco, v. 1. *I ſhite, cack*
Cad-us, i. m. *A Caſk, Hogſhead*
Cæcus, adj. *Blind*
Cædo, v. 3. *I ſtrike, kill*
Cæd-es, is, f. *Slaughter*
Cæſar, ris, m. Cæſar
Cæter, adj. } *The Reſt*
Cæterus }
Cæ-os, i, f. *The Iſland* Cæos
Calámit-as, atis, f. *Calamity*
Cálamus, m. *A Reed, Pipe* / *A Quill, Pen*
Calcándus, par. *To be trodden*
Calceándus, par. *To be ſhod*
Cálce-us, i, m. *A ſhoe*
Cállidus, adj. *Cunning*
Calúmni-a, æ. f. *Reproach, Slander*
Calumniátor, is. m. *A Slanderer*
Calúmnior, v. 1. *I ſlander, cavil*
Calvus; adj. *Bald*
Cal-x, cis. f. *The Heel*
Cámer-a, æ. f. *A Chamber*
Camp-us, i, m. *A Field*
Candor, is, m. *Candour*
Can-ens, entis, par. *Singing*
Can-is, is, m. *A Dog*
Cán-is, is, f. *A Bitch*
Cántic-um, i. n. } *A Song*
Cant-us, ûs, m. }
Canus, adj. *Grey, white*
Cap-ax, acis, adj. *Large*
Capéll-a, æ, f. *A She-goat*
Capíll-us, i. m. *A Hair*
Cápio, v. 3. *I take*
Capt-ans, antis, par. *Catching at*
Capto, v. 1. *I catch at* / *I deſire, endeavour*
Captus, par. *Taken*
Cap-ut, itis, n. *The Head*
Carbo, nis, m. *A Coal*
Cáreo, v. 2. *I want*
Cariósus, adj. *Rotten*
Carm-en, inis, n. *A Verſe*
Cárnif-ex, icis, m. *A Hangman, Executioner*
Car-o, nis, f. *Fleſh*
Carp-ens, entis, par. *Snatching*
Carpo, v. 3. *I ſnatch, carp at*
Carus, adj. *Dear*
Cáſe-us, i, m. *Cheeſe*
Caſſándr-a, æ. f. Caſſandra
Caſtor, ris, m. Caſtor
Caſtus, adj. *Chaſte*
Caſ-us, ûs. m. *A Caſe* / *A Chance* / *A Fall*
Catén-a, æ, f. *A Chain*
Cathédr-a, æ, f. *A Chair*
Cato, nis, m. Cato
Cátul-us, i, m. *A Whelp, Kitten*
Caud-a, æ, f. *A Tail*
Caveo, v. 2. *I avoid* / *I take heed, am aware*
Cavérn-a, æ, f. *A Hole*
Cauſ-a, æ, f. *A Cauſe*
Cautus, adj. *Wary*
Cav-um, i, n. *A Hole, a Hollow*
Cavus, adj. *Hollow*

Ce-a, æ, f. *The Iſland* Cea
Ce-as, æ, f. *The iſland* Ceas
Cedo, v. 3. *I yield, depart*
Cedò, adv. *Give me*
Celans, tis, par. *Concealing*
Céleb-er, ris, re, adj. *Famous*
Cel-er, eris, ere, adj. *Swift, Speedy*
Celér-ior, ius, adj. *Swifter, ſpeedier*
Celérit-as, atis, f. *Swiftneſs*
Celériter, adj. *Swiftly, ſpeedily*
Celériùs, adv. *More ſwiftly, the ſooner*
Celo, v. 1. *I conceal*
Celſus, adj. *High, tall*
Cenſor, ís, m. *A Cenſurer*
Centénus, adj. *Hundred*
Centum, adj. ind. *Hundred*
Centúmvir, i, m. *A Centumvir*
Cer-a, æ, f. *Wax*
Cérebr-um, i, n. *The Brain*
Cern-ens, entis, *Perceiving*
Cerno, v. 3. par. *I perceive*
Certám-en, inis, n. { *A Struggle* / *A Trial of Skill*
Certatìm, adv. *Haſtily, by Strife*
Certè, adv. *Certainly*
Certo, v. 1. *I ſtrive, contend*
Certò, adv. *Surely*
Certus, adj. *Certain*
Cerv-ix, icis, f. *A Neck*
Cerv-us, i, m. *A Stag*
Ceſſo, v. 1. *I loiter*
Ce-us, i, f. *The iſland* Ceus
Chárit-as, atis, *Love, affection*
Chart-a, æ, f. *Paper*
Charus, adj. *Dear*
Chor-us, i, m. *A Company, Choir*
Cib-us, i, m. *Meat, Food*
Cicád-a, æ, f. *A Graſhopper*
Cicóni-a, æ, f. *A Stork*
Ci-ens, entis, par. *Uttering*
Cin-is, eris, m. *Aſhes*
Cir-ca, præ. / Circum, præ. / Circùm, adv. } *About*
Circumcído, v. 3. *I cut off, impair*
Circúmdo, v. 1. *I encompaſs*
Circumdúco, v. 3. *I lead about*
Circúmeo, v. irr. *I go about*
Circúm-iens, eun-tis, par. *Going about*
Cirr-us, i, m. *A Fringe*
Citátus, par. *Cited, called*
Cíthar-a, æ, f. *A Harp*
Cíti-or, us, adj. *Swifter*
Cítiùs, adv. *More ſwiftly*
Citò, adv. *Soon*
Citus, adj. *Swift*
Civ-is, is, com. *A Citizen*
Cívit-as, atis, f. *A City*
Clàm, adv. *Privily*
Clámit-ans, antis, par. *Crying out*
Clamo, v. 1. *I cry, bawl*
Clamor, is, m. *A Cry, Noiſe, Shout*
Clarus, adj. *Loud, ſhrill*
Claſſ-is, is, f. *A Fleet, Navy*
Claudo, v. 3. *I ſhut up, hem in*
Claudus, adj. *Lame*
Clauſus, par. *Shut up*
Clazómenæ, f. pl. Clazomenæ
Clementèr, adv. *Clemently*
Clitéll-a, æ, f. *A Pannier*
Coáctus, par. *Compelled*
Cœl-um, i, n. *Heaven*
Cœn-a, æ. f. *Supper*
Cœpi, v. def. *I have begun*
Cœpt-um, i, n. *A Deſign, Enterpriſe*
Cœptus, par. *Begun*
Cœ-tus, ûs. m. *A Company*
Cogitánd-um, i, ger. *Thinking*
Cogitándus, par. *To be thought*
Cogitátio, nis, f. *A Thought*
Cógito, v. 1. *I think, invent*
Cognát-us, i, m. *A Kinſman*
Cógnitus, par. *Known*
Cognóſco, v. 3. *I know*
Cogo, v. 3. *I compel, force*
Colch-is, idis, f. Colchis
Col-ens, entis, par. *Worſhipping*

Cólligo, v. 3. *I collect, gather, underſtand*
Cólloco, v. 1. *I place*
Coll-um, i, n. *A Neck*
Colo, v. 3. *I worſhip, inhabit, dreſs*
Color, ris, m. *Colour*
Colúbr-a, æ, f. *A Snake*
Colúmb-a, æ, f. *A Dove*
Cómedo, v. irr. *I eat*
Come-s, itis, com. *A Companion*
Com-is, e, adj. *Courteous, civil*
Commémoro, v. 1. *I mention, talk of*
Commendátio, nis, f. *Commendation*
Comméndo, v. 1. *I commend, commit*
Commerci-um, i, n. *Commerce, Communication*
Comminútus, par. *Broken, cruſhed*
Commíſſus, par. *Committed*
Commítto, v. 3. *I commit*
Cómmodo, v. 1. *I lend*
Commún-is, e, adj. *Common*
Commutándus, par. *To be changed*
Comœdi-a, æ, f. *A Comedy*
Comoſus, adj. *Hairy*
Compéllo, v. 1. *I ſalute*
Compéllo, v. 3. *I compel, drive together*
Compério, v. 4. *I find*
Compéſco, v. 3. *I reſtrain*
Compíl-ans, antis, par. *Robbing*
Compílo, v. 1. *I rob*
Cómpleo, v. 2. *I fill*
Comprehéndo, v. 3. *I ſeiſe*
Comprehénſus, par. *Seiſed*
Comprénſus, par. *Catched, caught*
Compréſſus, par. *Squeezed*
Compúlſus, par. *Driven, compelled*
Compúngo, v. 3. *I ſting*
Concáco, v. 1. *I beſhite, defile*
Concéptus, par. *Conceived*
Cóncido, v. 3. *I fall down*
Concinno, v. 1. *I frame, forge*
Concio, nis, f. *An Aſſembly*
Concipio, v. 3. *I conceive*
Cóncito, v. 1. *I ſtir up*
Cóncitus, par. *Swift, ſtirred up*
Concúpio, v. 3. *I covet, deſire*
Concupiſco, v. 3. *I covet*
Concúrro, v. 3. *I run together*
Concúrſ-ans, antis, par. *Running to and fro*
Concúrſo, v. 1. *I run to and fro*
Condico, v. 3. *I agree, hire*
Conditio, nis, f. *Condition*
Conditus, par. *Hidden, buried*
Condo, v. 3. *I hide, conceal*
Condúco, v. 3. *I guide, lead*
Conféctus, par. *Waſted*
Cónfero, v. irr. *I confer, contribute* / *I bring, compare*
Conféſſus, par. *Confeſſed*
Conféſtim, adv. *Preſently, immediately,*
Confído, v. 3. *I truſt, confide*
Confódio, v. 3. *I gore, dig*
Confúſus, par. *Confuſed*
Cóngero, v. 3. *I heap up*
Congruo, v. 3. *I agree, ſuit*
Conju-x, gis, m. *A Huſband*
Conju-x, gis, f. *A Wife*
Conor, v. 1. *I endeavour, attempt*
Conrádo, v. 3. *I gnaw, ſhear*
Conródo, v. 3. *I ſhear down*
Conſciénti-a, æ, f. *Conſcience, Perſuaſion*
Cónſcius, adj. *Conſcious*
Conſectátus, par. *Purſuing, overtaking*
Conſéctor, v. 1. *I purſue, overtake*
Conſédeo, v. 2. *I ſit down*
Cónſequor, v. 3. *I attain*
Conſídero, v. 1. *I conſider*
Conſiliátor, is, m. *A Counſellor*
Conſíli-um, i, n. *A Counſel, Deſign*
Conſiſto, v. 3. *I ſtand, conſiſt*

Confócio, v. 1. *I join, communicate*
Confoland-um, i, *Comforting* ger.
Confolándus, par. *To be comforted*
Confpect-us, ûs, m. *Sight, view*
Confpectus, par. *Seen, viewed*
Confpergo, v. 3. *I ſprinkle*
Confperſus, par. *Sprinkled, mingled*
Confpicátus, par. *Seen, eſpying*
Confpício, v. 3. *I ſee, eſpy*
Confpícuus, adj. *Conſpicuous*
Confpirátus, par. *Conſpired*
Conſtánti-or, us, adj. *More conſtant, ſtout*
Conſto, v. 1. *I ſtand ſtill* / *I conſiſt, coſt*
Conſuetúd-o, inis, f. *Cuſtom*
Conſulendus, par. *To be conſulted*
Cónſulo, v. 3. *I conſult*
Conſúmo, v. 3. *I conſume*
Conſúmptus, par. *Conſumed*
Conſúrgo, v. 3. *I riſe together*
Conſurructus, par. *Riſen together*
Cóntego, v. 3. *I hide, cover*
Contemn-ens, entis, par. *Deſpiſing*
Contemno, v. 3. *I deſpiſe*
Contemptus, par. *Deſpiſed*
Contendo, v. 3. *I contend*
Contentus, adj. *Contented*
Conterritus, par. *Affrighted*
Contíneo, v. 2. *I contain, keep in* / *I hold tight, hold in*
Contingit, v. imp. *It happens*
Contingo, v. 3. *I touch*
Continuò, adv. *Preſently*
Continuo, v. 1. *I continue*
Continuus, adj. *Continual*
Contra, præ. *Againſt*
Contrà, adv. *On the other hand*
Contráctus, par. *Contracted, ſhrivelled*
Cóntraho, v. 3. *I contract*
Contrárius, adj. *Contrary*
Contuberni-um, i, n. *Neighbourhood*
Cóntum-ax, acis, adj. *Saucy, obſtinate*
Contumelia, æ, f. *Reproach*
Conveni-ens, entis, par. *Agreeing*
Conveni-ens, entis, adj. *Convenient*
Convenio, v. 4. *I agree*
Convicior, v. 1. *I revile, rail*
Convici-um, i, n. *Railing, Bawling*
Convictus, ûs, m. *A Feaſting, an Entertainment*
Convitior, v. 1. *I revile, rail*
Conviti-um, i, n. *Railing, Bawling*
Conviv-a, æ, com. *A Gueſt*
Convivi-um, i, n. *A Banquet*
Convocátus, par. *Called together*
Convoco, v. 1. *I call together*
Copi-a, æ, f. *Plenty, Abundance*
Copioſus, adj. *Plentiful, rich*
Cor, dis, n. *The Heart*
Coram, præ. *Before*
Cordátus, adj. *Conſiderate, wiſe*
Cori-um, i, n. *A Hide*
Corneus, adj. *Horny*
Corn-ix, icis, f. *A Crow*
Cornu, n. *A Horn*
Coron-a, æ, f. *A Crown*
Corp-us, oris, n. *A Body*
Corréptus, par. *Seiſed on*
Corrigo, v. 3. *I correct*
Corrípio, v. 3. *I ſnatch, ſeiſe on*
Corrúmpo, v. 3. *I corrupt, ſpoil*
Corrúptus, par. *Corrupted, ſpoiled*
Cort-ex, icis, f. *A Shell*
Corv-us, i, m. *A Raven, Crow*
Cothúrn-us, i, m. *A Buſkin*
Creátus, par. *Created, begotten*
Credend-um, i, ger. *Believing, truſting*
Credendus, par. *To be believed, truſted*
Cred-ens, entis, par. *Believing, truſting*
Creditus, par. *Truſted, believed*
Credo, v. 3. *I believe, truſt*
Credúlit-as, atis, f. *Credulity*

Credulus,

Crédulus, adj. *Credulous*
Creo, v. 1. *I create, beget*
Crepúscul-um, i, n. *Twilight*
Crim-en, inis, n. *A Crime*
Criminátor, is. m. *An Accuſer*
Criminátus, par. *Blaming, accuſing*
Críminor, v. 1. *I blame, accuſe*
Crocodíl-us, i, m. *A Crocodile*
Cruciátus, par. *Tormenting*
Crúcio, v. 1. *I torment*
Crudél-is, e, adj. *Cruel*
Crudélit-as, atis, f. *Cruelty*
Crudélitèr, adv. *Cruelly*
Cru-or, is, m. *Blood*
Cru-s, ris. n. *A Leg*
Crux, cis, f. *A Croſs, Gallows*
Cub-ans, antis, par. *Lying, couching*
Cubìcul-um, i, n. *A Chamber*
Cubíl-e, is, n. *A Den, Couch*
Culp-a, æ, f. *A Fault*
Cultor, is, m. *A Huſbandman Tiller, an Inhabitant*
Cultr-ix, icis, f. *A ſhe inhabitant, a Dreſſer*
Cult-us, ûs, m. *Dreſs, Finery, Tillage*
Cul-us, i, m. *The Arſe-hole*
Cum, præp. *With.*
Cùm, adv. *When.*
Cunctus, adj. *All.*
Cúne-us, i, m. *A Bench, Seat*
Cunícul-us, i, m. *A Borough*
Cúpidè, adv. *Eagerly*
Cupidíſſimè, adv. *Very eagerly, kindly*
Cupidíſſimus, adj. *Moſt deſirous*
Cupidít-as, átis, f. *Deſire, Covetouſneſs*
Cúpidus, adj. *Deſirous, covetous*
Cúpio, v. 3. *I deſire, covet*
Cur, adv. *Why*
Cur-a, æ, f. *Care*
Curátio, nis, f. *A Cure, Healing*
Curióſi-or, us, adj. *More curious, inquiſitive*
Curióſus, adj. *Curious*
Curo, v. 1. *I regard*
Currénd-um, i, m. *Running* ger.
Curr-ens, entis, par. *Running*
Curro, v. 3. *I run*
Curſ-us, ûs, m. *A Courſe*
Cuſtódi-a, æ, f. *Cuſtody*
Cuſtódio, v. 4. *I keep*
Cuſtodítus, par. *Kept*
Cuſt-os, odis, com. *A Keeper*
Cut-is, is, f. *The Skin*
Cybeb-e, es, f. Cybebe
Cybel-e, es, f. Cybele

D.

Damnándus, par. *To be condemned*
Damnátus, par. *Condemned*
Damno, v. 1. *I condemn*
Damn-úm, i, n. *Loſs, Damage*
Dap-es, is, f. / Dap-s, is, f. *Dainty Cheer*
Dardania, æ, f. Troy
Datus, par. *Given*
De, præ. *Out of, from / Of, concerning*
De-a, æ. f. *A Goddeſs*
Débeo, v. 2. *I owe, ought*
Débil-is, e, adj. *Weak, feeble*
Débit-um, i, n. *Debt*
Débitus, par. *Due*
Decéd-ens, entis, par. *Departing, dying*
Decédo, v. 3. *I depart*
Decem, adj. inv. *Ten.*
Decéptus, par. *Deceived.*
Decérno, v. 3. *I diſtinguiſh*
Décido, v. 3. *I fall off / I fall down*
Decípio, v. 3. *I deceive*
Declaro, v. 1. *I declare*
Decor, is, m. *Beauty, Comelineſs*
Decúrro, v. 1. *I run down*
Dec-us, oris, n. *Glory, Honour*

Dédec-us,

Dede-cus, oris. n. *Disgrace, Dishonour*
Dedic-ans, antis, par. *Dedicating*
Deditus, par. *Given, devoted*
Dedo, v. 3. *I give up, yield*
Dedúctus, par. *Brought*
Defectus, par. *Destitute, deficient*
Defectus, ûs, m. *A Defect*
Deficio, v. 3. *I fail*
Deflecto, v. 3. *I turn aside*
Deflu-ens, entis, par. *Flowing down*
Defluo, v. 3. *I flow down*
Deform-is, e, adj. *Deformed*
Deformit-as, atis, f. *Deformity*
Dego, v. 3. *I lead, pass*
Degravátus, par. *Over-burthened*
Dehinc, adv. *From thence, afterwards*
Deject-us, ûs, m. *A Fall*
Dejectus, par. *Cast down*
Deìn, adv. *Afterwards*
Deindè, adv. *Afterwards, moreover*
Delectat, v. imp. *It delighteth*
Delecto, v. 1. *I delight*
Delíbo, v. 1, *I taste*
Delibútus, par. *Daubed*
Delicátus, adj. *Delicate, curious*
Delici-um, i, n. *A Darling*
Delict-um, i, n. *A Fault*
Delig-ens, entis, par. *Choosing out*
Delinio, v. 4. *I mitigate*
Delínquo, v. 3. *I transgress*
Delírus, adj. *Delirious*
Delúbr-um, i, n. *A Temple*
Delúdo, v. 3. *I delude*
Delúsus, par. *Deluded*
Dem-ens, entis, adj. *Mad*
Dementi-a, æ, f. *Madness*
Demetri-us, i, m. Demetrius
Demíssus, par. *Let down, hanging down*
Demítto, v. 3. *I let fall, drop*
Demonstro, v. 1. *I demonstrate, show*
Demùm, adv. *At last*
Deniquè, adv. *Lastly*
Den-s, tis, m. *A Tooth*
Depend-ens, entis, par. *Hanging down*
Deperditus, par. *Destroyed, broken, undone*
Depíctus, par. *Painted*
Deploro, v. 1. *I deplore, lament*
Depono, v. 3. *I lay down*
Deprensus, par. *Caught*
Depressus, par. *Sunk down*
Deprimo, v. 3. *I depress*
Depùgno, v. 1. *I fight, defeat*
Derepo, v. 3. *I creep down*
Deridendus, par. *To be derided*
Derídeo, v. 2. *I deride*
Derípio, v. 3. *I take away*
Derísor, is, m. *A Mocker*
Derís-us, ûs, m. *Derision*
Derisus, par. *Derided*
Derisurus, par. *About to deride*
Descendo, v. 3. *I descend, go down*
Describo, v. 3. *I describe*
Descriptus, par. *Described*
Desero, v. 3. *I forsake, desert*
Desertus, par. *Forsaken, deserted*
Desidero, v. 1. *I desire*
Desideo, v. 2. *I sit*
Desino, v. 3. *I leave off*
Despectus, par. *Despised*
Despicio, v. 3. *I despise*
Destinátus, par. *Appointed*
Destino, v. 1. *I appoint, determine*
Destituo, v. 3. *I leave*
Destitútus, par. *Destitute, left*
Destrictus, par. *Tied up*
Desum, v. irr. *I am wanting*
Detero, v. 3. *I wear*
Deterreo, v. 2. *I affright*

Detérritus,

Detérritus, par. *Affrighted*
Detráctus, par. *Plucked off*
Détraho, v. 3. *I draw away, pluck off.*
Detrítus, par. *Worn*
Devénio, v. 4. *I come down*
Dévoco, v. 1. *I call away*
Devolútus, par. *Rolled*
Devorátus, par. *Devoured*
Dévoro, v. 1. *I devour*
Devótus, par. *Devoted*
De-us, i, m. *God*
Déxter-a, æ, f. *A Right-hand*
Dexter, adj. *Right-handed*
Dic-ens, entis, par. *Saying, telling*
Dico, v. 3. *I say, tell*
Dictéri-um, i, n. *A Scoff*
Dict-um, i, n. *A Saying*
Dictúrus, par. *About to say*
Dictus, par. *Said*
Dies, diéi, com. *A Day*
Difficil-is, e, adj. *Hard, difficult*
Difficultèr, adv. *Difficultly*
Dífflu-ens, entis, par. *Flowing down, running down*
Dignè, adv. *Worthily*
Dignit-as, atis, f. *Dignity*
Dignus, adj. *Worthy*
Digrúnnio, v. 4. *I grunt*
Dilátio, nis, f. *Delay*
Dílig-ens, entis, adj. *Diligent*
Dilig-ens, entis, par. *Loving*
Diligéntèr, adv. *Diligently*
Diligénti-or, us, adj. *More diligent*
Diligéntiùs, adv. *More diligently*
Díligo, v. 3. *I love*
Dimíssus, par. *Let go, let down*
Dimítto, v. 3. *I let go, sent away*
Dirípio, v. 3. *I plunder, take away*
Discéd-ens, entis, par. *Departing*
Discédo, v. 3. *I depart*
Discérno, v. 3. *I discern, distinguish*
Disco, v. 3. *I learn*
Dispéllo, v. 3. *I dispel, drive away*
Dispérsus, par. *Dispersed*
Dísſero, v. 3. *I treat of*
Dísſid-ens, entis, par. *Disagreeing*
Dissídeo, v. 2. *I disagree*
Dissímulo, v. 1. *I dissemble*
Dissólvo, v. 3. *I dissolve, founder*
Dissolútus, par. *Disorderly, licentious*
Distríbuo, v. 3. *I distribute*
Distríngo, v. 3. *I affront, carp at, straiten*
Diù, adv. *Long, a long Time*
Divérsus, adj. *Different*
Div-es, itis, adj. *Rich*
Divído, v. 3. *I divide*
Divíno, v. 1. *I guess*
Divínus, adj. *Divine*
Divísus, par. *Divided*
Diviti-æ, arum, f. pl. *Riches*
Diútiùs, adv. *Longer*
Divus, adj. *Divine*
Divus, i, m. *A Saint, God*
Do, v. 1. *I give*
Dóceo, v. 2. *I teach*
Dócil-is, e, adj. *Docile, teachable*
Dócti-or, us, adj. *More learned*
Doctrín-a, æ, f. *Learning*
Doctus, par. *Learned*
Documént-um, i, n. *A Warning*
Doléndus, par. *To be grieved*
Dolens, entis, par. *Grieving*
Doleo, v. 2. *I grieve*
Dolitúrus, par. *About to grieve*
Dolon, is, m. *A Tuck, Dagger*
Dolor, is, m. *Grief, Pain*
Dolósus, adj. *Deceitful*
Dolus, adj. m. *Deceit*
Domésticus, adj. *Domestick*
Dómin-us, i, m. *A Lord, Master*

Domo,

Domo, v. 1. *I tame, ſubdue*
Dom-us, i, f. *A Houſe, Home*
Domus, ûs, f. *A Houſe, Home*
Donáti-o, onis, f. *A Preſent, Reward, Freedom*
Donátus, par. *Beſtowed*
Donèc, adv. *Until*
Dono, v. 1. *I beſtow, give*
Dórmi-ens, entis, par. *Sleeping*
Dormio, v. 4. *I ſleep*
Dorſ-um, i, n. *The Back*
Dos, dotis, f. *A Dowry, Uſe*
Draco, nis, m. *A Dragon*
Dúbito, v. 1. *I doubt*
Dúbi-um, i, n. *A Doubt*
Dubius, adj. *Doubtful*
Duco, v. 3. *I lead, carry, marry*
Dulc-is, e, adj. *Sweet*
Dùm, adv. *While*
Dúmmodò, adv. *Only, ſo be*
Du-o, æ, o, adj. pl. *Two*
Dup-lex, icis, adj. *Double, two-fold*
Durátus, par. *Hardened, inflexible*
Durus, adj. *Hard*
Dux, ducis, com. *A Guide, Commander, Captain, Leader*

E.

E, præ. *Out of*
Ecce, adv. *Lo, behold*
Ed-ens, entis, par. *Uttering*
Edo, v. 3. *I utter*
Educátus, par. *Educated*
Educo, v. 1. *I educate*
Edúco, v. 3. *I lead out, bring out*
Effectus, ûs, m. *An Effect*
Effero, v. irr. *I bring out*
Effício, v. 3. *I make*
Effigi-es, ei, f. *Shape, likeneſs*
Effodi-ens, entis, par. *Digging up*
Effódio, v. 3. *I dig up*
Effœminátus, adj. *Effeminate*
Effúgio, v. 3. *I eſcape*
Effúgium, i, n. *An Eſcape*
Effúndo, v. 3. *I pour forth*
Effúſus, par. *Poured forth*
Ego, pron. *I*
Egrédior, v. 3. *I go out*
Egrégiè, adv. *Well*
Egrégius, adj. *Tractable, famous*
Egréſſus, par. *Gone out*
Ejício, v. 3. *I caſt out*
Elápſus, par. *Paſſed away*
Eleganti-a, æ, f. *Neatneſs*
Elevo, v. 1. *I extenuate, leſſen, diſparage*
Eligo, v. 3. *I chooſe*
Elúdo, v. 3. *I eſcape, baffle*
Eméndo, v. 1. *I amend*
Emin-ens, entis, adj. *Eminent, proud*
Emítto, v. 3. *I put out, let fall*
Emórior, v. 3. *I die*
Emúnctus, par. *Wiped, acute*
En, adv. *Behold, lo*
Enáto, v. 1. *I ſwim out*
Enim, con. *For*
Enímverò, adv. *Truely*
Enítor, v. 3. *I endeavour*
Enixus, par. *Bringing forth*
Eo, v. irr. *I go*
Epílogus, i, m. *An Epilogue*
Epótus, par. *Drank off*
Equ-es, itis, com. *A Knight, Rider*
Equéſ-ter, tris, tre, adj. *Equeſtrian*
Equidem, adv. *Indeed*
Equ-us, i, m. *A Horſe*
Erâdo, v. 3. *I eraſe*
Ergò, adv. *Therefore*
Erípio, v. 3. *I take away*
Erro, v. 1. *I err*
Error, is, m. *Error, Miſtake*
Erúbeo, v. 2. *I bluſh*
Erubéſco, v. 3. *I bluſh*
Erumpo, v. 3. *I break out*
Eruo, v. 3. *I dig out*
Eſc-a, æ, f. *Meat, Food*

Eſúri-

Esúriens, entis, par. *Being hungry*
Et, con. *And, both, even,*
Etiam, con. *Also, even* [*also*
Etiámsi, con. *Although*
Evádo, v. 3. *I escape*
Evagátus, par. *Wandering out*
Evágor, v. 1. *I wander out*
Evéllo, v. 3. *I pluck out*
Evént-us, ûs, m. *An Event*
Evérto, v. 3. *I overturn*
Eunúch-us, i, m. *An Eunuch*
Evoco, v. 1. *I call out*
Eutych-us, i, m. Eutychus
Ex, præ. *From, of*
Exággero, v. 1. *I heap up*
Exaro, v. 1. *I plough up, write*
Excédo, v. 3. *I exceed*
Excído, v. 3. *I cut off, cut down*
Excípio, v. 3. *I receive*
Excitátus, par. *Stirred up, roused*
Excito, v. 1. *I stir up, rouse*
Excolo, v. 2. *I worship*
Excusátus, par. *Excused*
Excúso, v. 1. *I excuse*
Excútio, v. 3. *I shake out*
Exémpl-um, i, n. *An Example*
Exeo, v. irr. *I go out*
Exequor, v. 3. *I follow, execute*
Exérceo, v. 2. *I exercise*
Exércit-us, ûs, m. *An Army*
Exero, v. 3. *I show*
Exhíbeo, v. 2. *I exhibit*
Exigo, v. 3. *I lead, pass, require*
Exíguus, adj. *Small*
Existim-ans, ántis, par. *Thinking, accounting*
Exístimo, v. 1. *I think, account*
Exiti-um, i, n. *Destruction*
Exit-us, ûs, m. *Out-going, Out-let*
Exór-ans, antis, par. *Requesting*
Exórno, v. 1. *I adorn, dress*
Exóro, v. 1. *I intreat, obtain by Intreaty*
Expéctans, antis, par. *Expecting, waiting*
Expectátio, nis, f. *Expectation*
Expécto, v. 1. *I expect, wait*
Expédio, v. 4. *I explain, finish*
Expedítus, par. *Ready, prepared*
Expéllo, v. 3. *I drive out*
Experiénd-um, i, ger. *Trying, proving*
Experiéndus, par. *To be tried, proved*
Experiénti-a, æ, f. *Experience*
Expergefáctus, par. *Awakened*
Exp-ers, ertis, adj. *Void*
Expertus, par. *Experiencing*
Expeto, v. 3. *I desire, aim at*
Expio, v. 1. *I expatiate, atone*
Expír-ans, antis, par. *Expiring*
Expíro, v. 1. *I expire*
Expleo, v. 2. *I fill, satisfy*
Explico, v. 1. *I unfold, spread out*
Explico, v. 1. *I explain, make easy*
Explorandus, par. *To be explored.*
Explorátus, par. *Viewed, explored*
Explóro, v. 1. *I view, explore*
Expóno, v. 3. *I expound*
Exprimo, v. 3. *I express*
Exsequor, v. 3. *I follow, pursue*
Exta, n. pl. *Entrails*
Extero, v. 3. *I beat out*
Extérritus, par. *Affrighted*
Extóllo, v. irr. *I lift up*
Extráctus, par. *Drawn out*
Extraho, v. 3. *I draw out*
Extrémus, adj. *Utmost, last*
Extrico, v. 1. *I extricate, bring*
Exuro, v. 3. *I burn up* [*to pass*

F.

Fabélla, æ, f. *A little Fable*
Fab-er, ri, m. *A Workman*
Fábrico, v. 1. *I build*
Fábula, æ, f. *A Fable*
Fabulósus, adj. *Fabulous*
Faciéndus, par. *To be done, made*
Fáci-es, ei, f. *The Face*
Fácilè, adv. *Easily*

Feci-

Facíli-or, us, adj. *Eaſier*
Fácil-is, e, adj. *Eaſy*
Facíliùs, adv. *More eaſily*
Fácin-us, oris, n. *Wickedneſs*
Fácio, v. 3. *I do make*
Fáctio, nis, f. *A Faction*
Fact-um, i, n. *A Fact, Deed*
Factúrus, par. *About to do, make*
Factus, par. *Done, made*
Fæx, fæcis, f. *A Dreg*
Falérnus, adj. Falernian
Falláci-a, æ, f. *Deceit*
Fall-ax, acis, adj. *Deceitful*
Fallo, v. 3. *I deceive*
Falsò, adv. *Falſely*
Falſus, adj. *Falſe*
Fam-a, æ, f. *Fame, Reputation*
Famélicus, adj. *Hungry, ſtarving*
Fames, is, f. *Hunger*
Famíli-a, æ, f. *A Family*
Famíli-a, as, f. *A Family*
Farín-a, æ, f. *Meal*
Fas, ind. *Lawful*
Fáſci-a, æ, f. *A Fillet*
Faſtidio, v. 4. *I diſdain, loath*
Faſtidióſè, adv. *Scornfully*
Faſtidióſus, adj. *Diſdainfully*
Faſtídi-um, i, n. *Diſdain*
Fatál-is, e, adj. *Fatal*
Fáteor, v. 2. *I confeſs*
Fatígo, v. 1. *I weary*
Fat-um, i, n. *Fate*
Fáveo, v. 2. *I favour*
Favor, is, m. *Favour*
Fautor, is, m. *A Favourer*
Fav-us, i, m. *A Honey comb*
Faux, faucis, f. *A Jaw*
Fax, facis, f. *A Torch*
Felíci-or, us, adj. *Happier*
Felícit-as, atis, f. *Happineſs*
Felícitèr, adv. *Happily*
Fel-is, is, f. *A Cat*
Fenéſtr-a, æ, f. *A Window*
Fer-a, æ, f. *A Wild Beaſt*
Ferè, adv. *Almoſt, commonly*
Ferens, entis, par. *Bearing*
Fériæ, f. pl. *Holy days*
Fério, v. 4. *I ſtrike*
Fero, v. irr. *I bear, carry, bring*
Feror, v. irr. *I am carried, reported*
Ferr-um, i, n. *Iron, a Sword*
Fer-us, adj. *Wild*
Feſſus, par. *Wearied*
Feſtín-ans, antis, par. *Haſteued*
Feſtíno, v. 1. *I haſten*
Fictus, par. *Feigned, made*
Fidejúſſor, is, m. *A Surety*
Fidél-is, e, adj. *Faithful*
Fid-es, ei, f. *Faith*
Fido, v. 3. *I truſt*
Fidúci-a, æ, f. *Confidence*
Fili-a, æ, f. *A Daughter*
Fíli-us, i, m. *A Son*
Fim-us, i, m. *Dung*
Fingo, v. 3. *I feign, frame, invent*
Finio, v. 4. *I finiſh*
Fio, v. def. *I become*
Fírmi-or, us, adj. *Firmer, ſtronger*
Firmus, adj. *Firm, ſtrong*
Fiſc-us, i, m. *A Baſket*
Flagéll-um, i, n. *A Whip*
Flagíti-um, i, n. *Lewdneſs, a Crime*
Flágito, v. 1. *I require, demand*
Flamm-a, æ, f. *A Flame*
Flat-us, ûs, m. *A Blaſt*
Flébil-is, e, adj. *Mournful*
Fl-ens, entis, par. *Weeping, bewailing*
Fleo, v. 2. *I weep, bewail*
Flet-us, ûs, m. *Weeping, Lamentation*
Flexus, ûs, m. *A Turning*
Flóreo, v. 2. *I flouriſh*
Flum-en, inis, n. *A River*
Flúvi-us, i, m. *A River*
Fódiens, entis, par. *Digging*
Fódio, v. 3. *I dig*
Fœcúndus, adj. *Fruitful*
Fœd-us, eris, n. *A Covenant*
Fœmin-a, æ, f. *A Woman*
Fœt-us, ûs, m. *An Offſpring*

Fóli-um, i, n. *A Leaf*
Fons, fontis, m. *A Fountain*
Foris, adv. *Out of Doors*
Forem, v. def. *I would be*
Foris, adv. *Abroad, out of Doors*
Forma, æ, f. *Form, Beauty*
Formíc-a, æ, f. *An Ant*
Formósus, adj. *Beautiful*
Forsàn, adv. *Perhaps*
Fortâsſè, adv. *Perhaps*
Fortè, adv. *By chance*
Fórti-or, us, adj. *Stronger*
Fort-is, e, adj. *Strong, valiant*
Fórtitèr, adv. *Bravely, valiantly*
Fortitúd-o, inis, f. *Fortitude*
Fórtiùs, adv. *More vigorouſly, more valiantly*
Fortúitus, adj. *Caſual*
Fortún-a, æ, f. *Fortune*
For-um, i, n. *The Court*
Fóve-a, æ, f. *A Pit, Pit-trap*
Fóveo, v. 2. *I cheriſh*
Fractus, par. *Broken*
Fræno, v. 1. *I bridle, check*
Fræn-um, i, n. *A Bridle, Bit*
Franor, is, m. *A Crack*
Frango, v. 3. *I break*
Frat-er, ris, m. *A Brother*
Fraudátor, is, m. *A Deceiver*
Fraudátus, par. *Cheated, deceived*
Fraudo, v. 1. *I deceive*
Fraus, fraudis, f. *Deceit*
Fráxin-us, i, f. *An Aſh Tree*
Fremo, v. 3. *I rage*
Frequ-ens, entis, adj. *Frequent*
Frequénto, v. 1. *I frequent*
Fret-um, i, n. *The Sea*
Frig-us, oris, n. *Cold*
Frívolus, adj. *Frivolous*
Frons, frondis, f. *A Leaf*
Frons, frontis, f. *The Forehead*
Fruct-us, ûs, m. *Fruit*
Frugi, adj. ind. *Frugal, thrifty*
Fruor, v. 3. *I enjoy*
Fruſtrà, adv. *In vain*
Fruſt-um, i, n. *A Piece*
Frut-ex, icis, m. *A Shrub, Buſh*
Fuc-us, i, m. *A Drone*
Fug-a, æ, f. *Flight*
Fugátus, par. *Purſued away*
Fuga-x, cis, adj. *Fugitive*
Fúgi-ens, entis, par. *Flying*
Fúgio, v. 3. *I fly*
Fúgito, v. 1. *I fly often*
Fugo, v. 1. *I rout, put to flight*
Ful-men, inis, n. *A Thunder bolt*
Fulmíneus, adj. *Thundering, tuſky*
Fúnditùs, adv. *Utterly*
Fundo, v. 1. *I found*
Fun-us, eris, n. *A Funeral*
Funéſtus, adj. *Deadly, fatal.*
Fur, furis, com. *A Thief*
Fur-ens, entis, par. *Raging*
Furfur, is, m. *Bran*
Furor, is, m. *Madneſs*
Furtìm, adv. *Privately*
Furt-um, i, n. *Theft*
Fúſus, part. *Poured in*
Fuſt-is, is, m. *A Club*
Fútil-is, e, adj. *Babbling*
Futúrus, part. *About to be*

G.

Gallináceus, adj. *Of a hen*
Gall-us, i, m. *A Cock, a Prieſt*
Gárrulus, adj. *Prattling*
Gaúd-ens, entis, par. *Rejoicing*
Gaúdeo, v. 2. *I rejoice*
Gaúdi-um, i, n. *Joy*
Gelu, n. ind. *Froſt*
Gem-ens, entis, par. *Groaning*
Géminus, adj. *Double*
Gémit-us, ûs, m. *A Sigh, Groan*
Gémmeus, adj. *Gemmy*
Gemo, v. 3. *I ſigh, groan*
Gener, i, m. *A Son-in-Law*
Género, v. 1. *I beget*
Generósus, adj. *Generous*

Géni-

Génitor, is, m. *A Father*
Gens, gentis, f. *A Nation, Set*
Gen-us, eris, n. *A Kind, Race*
Géro, v. 3. *I carry*
Gestus, par. *Done, carried on*
Gignénd-um, i, ger. *Begetting*
Gignendus, adj. *To be begotten*
Gigno, v. 3. *I beget*
Glaber, adj. *Smooth*
Gládi-us, i, m. *A Sword*
Glóri-a, æ, f. *Glory*
Glóri-ans, antis, par. *Glorying, boasting*
Glóriór, v. 1. *I glory, boast*
Glorióſus, adj. *Glorious*
Grácul-us, i, m. *A Jackdaw*
Grad-us, ûs, m. *A Pace.*
Græci-a, æ, f. *Greece*
Græcus, adj. *Grecian*
Gráius, adj. *Grecian*
Gran-um, i, n. *Grain*
Gráti-a, æ, f. *A Favour, Thanks*
Gráti-or, ûs, adj. *More grateful, more favourable*
Gratìs, adv. *For nought, to no Purpoſe*
Grátul-ans, antis, par. *Congratulating*
Grátulor, v. 1. *I congratulate*
Gratus, adj. *Grateful, acceptable*
Gravátus, par. *Loaden, weighed*
Gravè, adv. *Grievouſly*
Grav-is, e, adj. *Heavy, grievous*
Grávitèr, adv. *Grievouſly*
Greſſ-us, ûs, m. *A Step, Pace*
Grex, gregis, m. *A Flock*
Gru-is, is, f. *A Crane*
Grus, gruis, f. *A Crane*
Gubernátor, is, m. *A Governor*
Gubérno, v. 1. *I govern*
Gul-a, æ, f. *The Throat, Gullet*
Guſto, v. 1. *I taſte*
Gyr-us, i, m. *A Circle*

H.

Habénd-um, i, ger. *Having poſſeſſion*
Habéndus, part. *To be had*
Hab-ens, entis, par. *Having*
Hábeo, v. 2. *I have*
Hábitus, part. *Held, eſteemed*
Hábit-us, ûs, m. *A Habit*
Hàc, adv. *This Way*
Hær-ens, entis, part. *Sticking*
Hæreo, v. 2. *I ſtick*
Hær-es, edis, m. *An Heir, Executor*
Hær-es, edis, f. *An Heireſs, Executrix*
Haríol-us, i, m. *A Wizard*
Háud, adv. *Not*
Hauſt-us, ûs, m. *A Draught*
Hebr-us, i, m. *The River* Hebrus
Heja! inter. *Soho!*
Hércule, adv. *By* Hercules, *truly*
Hércul-es, is, m. Hercules
Heu! inter. *Alas!*
Heus! inter. *Soho!*
Hìc, adv. *Here*
Hic, pro. *This*
Hilar-is, e, adj. *Chearful*
Hilarit-as, atis, f. *Chearfulneſs*
Hìnc, adv. *Hence*
Hippólit-us, i, m. Hippolitus
Hirc-us, i, m. *A Goat*
Hiſpidus, adj. *Rough, hairy*
Hiſtóri-a, æ, f. *Hiſtory*
Hódiè, adv. *To-day*
Homo, inis, com. *A Man*
Honor, is, m. *Honour*
Hon-os, oris, m. *Honour*
Hor-a, æ, f. *An Hour*
Hórde-um, i, n. *Barley*
Horréndus, par. *Dreadful*
Hórreo, v. 2. *I dread*
Hórridus, adj. *Horrid*
Hortátus, par. *Exhorting*
Hórtul-us, i, m. *A little Garden.*

Hosp-es, itis, com. *A Host, Guest*
Hospíti-um, i, n. *An Inn, Lodging*
Hósti-a, æ, f. *A Sacrifice*
Hóstil-is, e, adj. *Hostile*
Host-is, is, com. *An Enemy*
Humánit-as, atis, f. *Humanity*
Humánus, adj. *Human*
Húmer-us, i, m. *A Shoulder*
Húmil-is, e, adj. *Humble, low*
Hum-us, i, f. *The Ground*
Hydr-us, i, m. *A Water-Serpent*
Hyem-s, is, f. *The Winter*

I.

Jac-ens, entis, par. *Lying*
Jáceo, v. 2. *I lie*
Jact-ans, antis, par. *Boasting, tossing*
Jáctit-ans, antis, par. *Boasting*
Jacto, v. 1. *I boast*
Jactus, par. *Thrown, cast*
Jàm, adv. *Now, already*
Jampridèm, adv. *Long since*
Jánu-a, æ, f. *A Gate*
Ibì, adv. *There*
Ictus, par. *Struck*
Ict-us, ûs, m. *A Stroke, Blow*
Idem, pro. *The same*
Ideò, adv. *Therefore*
Igitur, con. *Then, therefore*
Ignavíssimus, adj. *Most cowardly, slothful, idle*
Ignavus, adj. *Cowardly, idle*
Ign-is, is, m. *Fire*
Ignór-ans, antis, par. *Ignorant*
Ignóſco, v. 3. *I forgive*
Ignótus, par. *Unknown, Unknowing*
Ili-um, i, n. *Troy*
Ille, pro. *He, that*
Illécebr-a, æ, f. *An Allurement*
Illìc, adv. *There*
Illiterátus, adj. *Unlearned*
Illò, adv. *Thither*
Illùc, adv. *Thither*

Imbecíllus, adj. *Weak, cowardly*
Imbell-is, e, adj. *Weak*
Imb-er, ris, m. *A Shower*
Imitátus, par. *Imitating*
Imitor, v. 1. *I imitate*
Immān-is, e, adj. *Great, monstrous*
Immíſceo, v. 2. *I mingle, mix*
Immítto, v. 3. *I cast in*
Immódicus, adj. *Immoderate*
Immolátur, v. imp. *It is sacrificed*
Immolátus, par. *Offered, sacrificed*
Immolo, v. 1. *I offer, sacrifice*
Impar-is, adj. *Unequal, not matched*
Impédio, v. 4. *I hinder*
Impedítus, par. *Hindred*
Impéndo, v. 3. *I lay out*
Impénſ-a, æ, f. *Expense*
Impéri-um, i, n. *Empire, Government*
Impetro, v. 1. *I obtain, get*
Impet-us, ûs, m. *Force, onset, attack*
Impíngo, v. 3. *I throw*
Impleo, v. 2. *I fill*
Implico, v. 1. *I intangle, puzzle*
Implorándus, par. *To be implored*
Impóno, v. 3. *I impose*
Impórto, v. 1. *I bring in*
Impoſitúrus, par. *About to put*
Impróbit-as, atis, f. *Wickedness, Dishonesty*
Improbus, adj. *Wicked*
Imprúd-ens, entis, adj. *Imprudent*
Imprudénti-a, æ, f. *Imprudence*
Impúd-ens, entis, adj. *Impudent*
Impudénti-a, æ, f. *Impudence*
Impúgno, v. 1. *I attack, oppress*
Impúnè, adv. *Unpunished*
Impúnit-as, atis, f. *Impunity*
Imputo, v. 1. *I impute*
Imus, adj. *Lowest*
In, præ. *In, into, against*
Inán-is, e, adj. *Empty, vain*
Incáutus, par. *Unwary*
Incénſus, par. *Incensed*

Incípio, v. 3. *I begin*
Incitátus, par. *Incited, moved*
Incól-a, æ, com. *An Inhabitant*
Incólum-is, e, adj. *Safe*
Incómmodo, v. 1. *I injure*
Incómmod-um, i, n. *Damage, Disadvantage*
Inconvéni-ens, entis, par. *Unlike, disagreeing*
Incorrúptus, par. *Uncorrupted*
Increp-ans, antis, par. *Rebuking, railing*
Increpo, v. 1. *I rebuke, chide*
Incúmbo, v. 3. *I bend*
Incubo, v. 1. *I fall on*
Indè, adv. *Thence*
Indico, v. 1. *I shew*
Indign-ans, antis, par. *Angry, affronted*
Indignátus, par. *Angred*
Indignè, adv. *Unworthily*
Indignor, v. 1. *I am angry*
Indignus, adj. *Unworthy*
Indúco, v. 3. *I induce, persuade*
Indúctus, par. *Induced, persuaded*
Indústri-a, æ, f. *Industry*
Inédi-a, æ, f. *Want*
Inéptus, adj. *Foolish*
Inérm-is, e, adj. *Unarmed*
Iner-s, tis, adj. *Impotent, helpless*
Infél-ix, icis, adj. *Unhappy*
Inféri-or, us, adj. *Lower*
Infero, v. irr. *I bring in*
Inféstus, adj. *Deadly, malicious*
Infidus, adj. *Unfaithful*
Inflo, v. 1. *I blow up*
Infúndo, v. 3. *I pour in*
Ingemo, v. 3. *I sigh, groan*
Ingéni-um, i, n. *Wit, genius*
Ing-ens, entis, adj. *Great*
Inglórius, adj. *Inglorious*
Ingratus, adj. *Ungrateful, disagreeable*
Ingrav-ans, antis, par. *Burdensome*
Ingrédior, v. 3. *I enter*
Inhospital-is, e, adj. *Inhospitable*
Injéctus, par. *Cast in*
Injicio, v. 3. *I cast in*
Initium, i, n. *The Beginning*
Injúri-a, æ, f. *An Injury*
Injústus, adj. *Unjust*
Inlício, v. 3. *I entice*
Inlido, v. 3. *I hit, dash*
Inlúd-ens, entis, par. *Deriding, mocking*
Innoc-ens, entis, adj. *Innocent*
Innotésco, v. 3. *I am noted*
Innóxius, adj. *Harmless*
Inópi-a, æ, f. *Want*
Ino-ps, pis, adj. *Needy*
Inquam, v. def. *I say*
Inquino, v. 1. *I defile*
Inrid-ens, entis, par. *Laughing at, deriding*
Inrídeo, v. 2. *I laugh at, deride*
Inscius, adj. *Not knowing, ignorant*
Insectátus, par. *Upbraiding*
Insecûtus, par. *Following*
Insequor, v. 3. *I follow*
Inser-ens, entis, par. *Thrusting in*
Insero, v. 3. *I thrust in*
Insídiæ, f. pl. *Snares*
Insidiosi-or, us, adj. *More, too ensnaring*
Insidiósus, adj. *Treacherous*
Insígn-is, e, adj. *Excellent, remarkable, notable*
Insílio, v. 4. *I leap upon*
Insitívus, adj. *Ingrafted, spurious*
Insol-ens, entis, adj. *Proud, insolent*
Insolenti-a, æ, f. *Insolence*
Inst-ons, ontis, adj. *Innocent*
Inspicio, v. 3. *I look into*
Inst-ans, antis, par. *Approaching, instant*
Instо, v. 1. *I approach*
Instrumént-um, i, n. *An Instrument*

Insuétus, par. *Unaccustomed, unusual*
Insul-a, æ, f. *An Island*
Insúlsus, adj. *Foolish, insipid*
Insúlto, v. 1. *I insult*
Integer, adj. *Intire, whole*
Integrit-as, atis, f. *Integrity*
Intélligo, v. 3. *I understand*
Intempestívè, adv. *Unseasonably*
Intendo, v. 3. *I intend*
Inténdo, v. 3. *I strain, stretch*
Intént-ans, antis, par. *Threatening*
Inter, præ. *Among, between*
Intercípio, v. 3. *I intercept*
Interdíco, v. 3. *I forbid*
Interdíu, adv. *By day*
Interest, v. im. *It is the Interest*
Interfício, v. 3. *I slay, kill*
Intéri-or, us, adj. *Inward*
Interpóno, v. 3. *I interpose, put in*
Interpósitus, par. *Interposed*
Intérpr-es, etis, m. *An Interpreter*
Intérpretor, v. 1. *I interpret*
Interrogátus, par. *Asked*
Intérrogo, v. 1. *I ask*
Intérsum, v. irr. *I am among*
Intervénio, v. 4. *I intervene, come in*
Intro, v. 1. *I enter*
Intrítus, par. *Minced*
Intu-ens, entis, par. *Beholding, looking upon*
Intúeor, v. 2. } *I look upon, consider*
Intuor, v. 3. }
Invénio, v. 4. *I find, invent*
Invénturus, par. *About to find*
Invéntus, par. *Found out*
Inverecúndus, adj. *Immodest*
Invicèm, adv. *By Turns*
Invídi-a, æ, f. *Envy*
Invidus, adj. *Envious*
Invísus, par. *Hated*
Invito, v. 1. *I invite*
Invitus, adj. *Unwilling*
Invólv-ens, entis, par. *Involving, concealing*
Invólvo, v. 3. *I wrap, involve*
Inútil-is, e, adj. *Unprofitable*
Joc-ans, antis, par. *Jesting*
Jocátus, par. *Jesting*
Jocor, v. 1. *I jest*
Joculár-is, e, adj. *Jocular*
Joc-us, i, m. *A jest*
Ipse, pro. *Himself*
Ir-a, æ, f. *Anger*
Iracúndi-a, æ, f. *Anger*
Iracúndus, adj. *Angry*
Iráscor, v. 3. *I am angry*
Irátè, adv. *Angrily*
Irátus, par. *Angred*
Irreparábil-is, e, adj. *Not to be recalled*
Irrid-ens, entis, par. *Mocking*
Irrídeo, v. 2. *I mock*
IrritaménT-um, i, n. *An Incentive*
Irritus, adj. *Vain*
Irru-ens, entis, par. *Rushing upon*
Is, ea, id, pro. *He, that*
Ist-e, a, ud, pro. *That*
Ita, con. *So*
Itaque, con. *Therefore*
Iter, itíneris, n. *A Journey*
Itero, v. 1. *I repeat, I trace again*

Júbeo, v. 2. *I command*
Jucúndit-as, atis, f. *Pleasantness*
Jucúndus, adj. *Pleasant*
Jud-ex, icis, com. *A Judge*
Judicátus, par. *Judged*
Judici-um, i, n. *Judgment*
Júdico, v. 1. *I judge*
Jugulátus, par. *Killed, strangled*
Jug-um, i, n. *A Yoke*
Jug-um, i, n. *A Mountain top*
JuménT-um, i, n. *A Beast of Burden, Cattle*
Juno, nis, f. Juno
Jupiter, Jovis, m. Jupiter
Júrgi-um, i, n. *Strife*
Juriſperít-us, i, m. *A Lawyer*
Jus, juris, n. *Right, Law*

Jusjurándum, Jurisjurándi, n. *An Oath*
Jussus, par. *Commanded*
Jústi-or, us, adj. *Juster*
Jústiùs, adv. *More justly*
Justíti-a, æ, f. *Justice*
Justus, adj. *Just*
Juvat, v. imp. *It helpeth, It delighteth*
Juvo, v. 1. *I help, delight*
Juvénc-us, i, m. *A Bullock*
Juven-is, e, adj. *Young*

L.

Labor; is, m. *Labour*
Labor, v. 3. *I fall*
Labóro, v. 1. *I labour*
Lac, lactis, n. *Milk*
Lacer, adj. *Torn*
Lacerátus, par. *Torn*
Lácero, v. 1. *I tear*
Lacéſſo, v. 3. *I provoke*
Láchrym-a, æ, f. *A Teare*
Lac-us, ûs, m. *A Lake*
Lædend-um, i, ger. *Hurting*
Lædéndus, par. *To be hurt*
Læd-ens, entis, par. *Hurting*
Lædo, v. 3. *I hurt*
Læſúrus, par. *About to hurt*
Læſus, par. *Hurt*
Lætor, v. 1. *I am glad*
Lætus, adj. *Glad*
Lævus, adj. *The left*
Lævus, adj. *Lucky, unlucky*
Lagén-a, æ, f. *A Flaggon*
Lambo, v. 3. *I lick, lap*
Lan-a, æ, f. *Wool*
Langu-ens, entis, par. *Languishing*
Lángueo, v. 2. *I languish*
Lánguidus, adj. *Languid*
Lanific-a, æ, f. *A Spinster*
Lániger, i, m. *A Wool-bearer*
Láni-us, i, m. *A Butcher*
Lap-is, idis, m. *A Stone*
Láque-us, i, m. *A Snare*
Largè, adv. *Largely*
Largus, adj. *Large*
Laſſo, v. 1. *I weary*
Latè, adv. *Widely, far off*
Lat-ens, entis, par. *Lurking, lying hid*
Láteo, v. 2. *I lurk, lie hid*
Latíbul-um, i, n. *A Den, lurking Place*
Latínus, adj. *Latin*
Láti-or, us, adj. *Wider, larger*
Láti-um, i, n. *Italy*
Latr-ans, antis, par. *Barking*
Latro, nis, m. *A Thief, Highwayman*
Látro, v. 1. *I bark*
Lavátio, nis, f. *A Bath, washing*
Laudábil-is, e, adj. *Laudable, commendable*
Laudánd-um, i, ger. *Praising*
Laudándus, par. *To be praised*
Laudát-or, oris, m. *A Praiser, Flatterer*
Laudatúrus, par. *About to praise*
Laudátus, par. *Praised*
Laudo, v. 1. *I praise*
Laúre-a, æ, f. *A Laurel*
Laus, laudis, f. *Praise*
Laxo, v. 1. *I slacken*
Lector, ris, m. *A Reader*
Lect-us, i, m. *A Bed*
Leda, æ, f. Leda
Legát-us, i, m. *An Ambassador*
Legend-um, i, ger. *Reading*
Legéndus, par. *To be read*
Lego, v. 3. *I read*
Lego, v. 3. *I chuse, gather*
Lentus, adj. *Slow, pliable*
Leo, nis, m. *A Lion*
Lépidus, adj. *Facetious*
Lep-us, oris, m. *A Hart*
Leth-um, i, n. *Death*
Let-um, i, n. *Death*

Le-

Levans, antis, par. *Lifting up*
Lev-is, e, adj. *Light, vain*
Lévit-as, atis, f. *Levity*
Levo, v. 1. *I lift up*
Lex, legis, f. *A Law*
Libeo, v. 2. *I please*
Libet, v. imp. *It pleaseth*
Libéll-us, i, m. *A little Book*
Libéntèr, adv. *Willingly*
Liber, adj. *Free, disengaged*
Lib-er, ri, m. *A Book*
Liberál-is, e, adj. *Liberal*
Liberé, adv. *Freely*
Liberi, m. pl. *Children*
Libero, v. 1. *I free*
Libért-as, atis, f. *Liberty*
Libért-us, i, m. *A Freed-man*
Libitín-a, æ, f. *The Goddess* Libitina
Libitum est, v. imp. *It pleaseth*
Licénti-a, æ, f. *Liberty, Licence*
Licet, v. imp. *It is lawful*
Licèt, adv. *Altho'*
Ligám-en, inis, n. *A Band, Tie, Ligature*
Ligátus, par. *Bound*
Ligo, v. 1. *I bind*
Ligneus, adj. *Wooden*
Lign-um, i, n. *Wood*
Lim-a, æ, f. *A File*
Lim-en, inis, n. *A Threshold*
Limo, v. 1. *I file*
Lim-us, i, m. *Mud*
Lingu-a, æ, f. *The Tongue*
Lin-us, i, m. Linus
Linquo, v. 3. *I leave*
Línte-um, i, n. *A Swash*
Línteus, adj. *Of Linen*
Líquidus, adj. *Liquid, thin*
Liquor, is, m. *Liquor, Water*
Lis, litis, f. *Strife, Contention*
Líter-a, æ, f. *A Letter, Learning*
Literátus, adj. *Learned*
Lítigo, v. 1. *I wrangle, contend*
Livor, is, m. *Envy, Hatred*
Locátus, par. *Placed*
Loco, v. 1. *I place*
Lócupl-es, étis, adj. *Rich*
Loc-us, i, m. *A Place*
Locutúrus, par. *About to speak*
Locútus, par. *Speaking*
Longè, adv. *Far, by far*
Lóngi-or, us, adj. *Longer*
Longitúd-o, inis, f. *Length*
Lóngiùs, adv. *Farther*
Longus, adj. *Long*
Loquor, v. 3. *I speak*
Lor-um, i, n. *A Rein*
Lúbitum est, v. imp. *It is agreeable*
Lucérn-a, æ, f. *A Lamp, Candle*
Lucror, v. 1. *I gain*
Lucr-um, i, n. *Gain*
Luct-ans, antis, par. *Struggling*
Luctor, v. 1. *I struggle*
Luctus, ûs, m. *Grief, Mourning*
Lucúll-us, i, m. Lucullus
Lud-ens, entis, par. *Playing*
Ludíbri-um, i, n. *A Sport, Mock*
Ludo, v. 3. *I play*
Lúd-us, i, m. *Play*
Lug-ens, entis, par. *Mourning, bewailing*
Lúgeo, v. 2. *I mourn, bewail*
Lum-en, inis, n. *Light*
Luo, v. 3. *I pay, suffer*
Lup-us, i, m. *A Wolf*
Luscíni-us, i, m. *A Nightingale*
Lustro, v. 1. *I search*
Lus-us, ûs, m. *Play*
Lux, lucis, f. *Light*
Luxúria, æ, f. *Luxury*
Luxúrio, v. 1. *I play about, wanton*
Lux-us, ûs, m. *Luxury*
Lymph-a, æ, f. *Water*

M.

Macer, adj. *Lean*
Mácero, v. 1. *I make lean*

Ma-

Máci-es, ei, f. *Leanneſs*
Magè, adv. *More, rather*
Magìs, adv. *More, rather*
Magíſt-er, ri, m. *A Maſter*
Magíſtr-a, æ, f. *A Miſtreſs*
Magnitûd-o, inis, f. *Magnitude, Greatneſs*
Magnus, adj. *Great*
Majéſt-as, atis, f. *Majeſty*
Maj-or, us, adj. *Greater*
Majùs, adv. *More*
Malè, adv. *Badly*
Maledíc-ens, entis, par. *Speaking evil, curſing*
Maledíco, v. 3. *I curſe*
Maléd-ious, adj. *Railing*
Maléd-ic-us, i, m. *A Railer*
Maléficus, adj. *Miſchievous*
Malefíci-um, i, n. *An evil Deed, Roguery*
Malígnit-as, atis, f. *Malignity, Ill-will*
Malignùs, adv. *Malignant, malicious*
Maliti-a, æ, f. *Malice*
Malo, v. irr. *I chuſe rather*
Mal-um, i, n. *An Evil*
Malus, adj. *Evil*
Mandát-um, i, n. *A Command*
Mandátus, par. *Commanded*
Mando, v. 1. *I command*
Maneo, v. 2. *I remain, abide*
Manes, m, pl. *Spirits, Ghoſts*
Maniféſtus, adj. *Manifeſt*
Manúbri-um, i, n. *A Handle, Haft*
Man-us, ûs, f. *The Hand*
Mar-e, is, n. *The Sea*
Margarít-a, æ, f. *A Pearl*
Marg-o, inis, m. *A Brink*
Marít-us, i, m. *A Huſband*
Marmor, is, n. *Marble*
Máſculus, adj. *Male*
Ma-ter, tris, f. *A Mother*
Matéri-a, æ, f. *Matter*
Matrón-a, æ, f. *A Matron*
Matúr-ior, ius, adj. *Riper*
Matúriùs, adv. *More early, ſooner*
Matúrus, adj. *Ripe*
Máximè, adv. *Moſt of all, very much, eſpecially*
Máximus, adj. *Greateſt*
Mecum, pro. *With me*
Medé-a, æ, f. Medea
Medicín-a, æ, f. *Phyſick*
Médi-cus, i, m. *A Phyſician*
Médi-um, i, n. *A Mean, the Middle*
Médius, adj. *Middle*
Mehércule, adv. *Indeed, truly*
Mél, lis, n. *Honey*
Mél-ior, ius, adj. *Better*
Méliùs, adv. *Better*
Mel-os, i, n. *Melody*
Mémini, v. def. *I remember*
Memóri-a, æ, f. *Memory*
Menánd-er, ri, m. Menander
Mendáci-um, i, n. *A Lie*
Mend-ax, acis, com. *A Liar*
Mens, mentis, f. *The Mind*
Menſ-a, æ, f. *A Table*
Menſ-is, is, m. *A Month*
Méntior, v. 4. *I lie*
Mentítus, par. *Lying*
Merc-es, edis, f. *A Reward*
Mercúri-us, i, m. Mercury
Merd-a, æ, f. *Dung, a Turd*
Méreo, v. 2. *I deſerve*
Mergo, v. 3. *I plunge, drown*
Méritò, adv. *Deſervedly*
Mérit-um, i, n. *A Merit, Deſert*
Méritus, par. *Deſerving*
Merſus, par. *Sunk, plunged*
Mer-x, cis, f. *Merchandiſe*
Métu-ens, entis, par. *Fearing*
Métuo, v. 3. *I fear*
Met-us, ûs, m. *Fear*
Meus, pro. *My, mine*
Mil-es, itis, com. *A Soldier*
Mílvi-us, i, m. *A Kite*
Mim-us, i, m. *A Mimick*
Minæ, f. pl. *Threats*

Minérv-a, æ, f. Minerva
Mínimè, adv. *By no means*
Mínimus, adj. *The leaſt*
Min-or, us, adj. *Leſs*
Minor, v. 1. *I threaten*
Min-os, is, m. Minos
Minùs, adv. *Leſs*
Minútus, par. *Low, mean*
Mirácul-um, i, n. *A Miracle*
Mir-ans, antis, par. *Admiring*
Mirátus, par. *Admiring*
Miror, v. 1. *I admire, wonder*
Miſcens, entis, par. *Mixing, mingling*
Miſceo, v. 2. *I mix, mingle*
Miſenénſ-is, e, adj. Miſenenſian, *at* Miſena
Miſer, adj. *Miſerable*
Miſeránd-um, i, ger. *Pitying*
Miſerándus, par. *To be pitied*
Miſerè, adv. *Miſerably, pitifully*
Miſéreor, v. 2. *I pity*
Miſéria, æ, f. *Miſery*
Miſericórdi-a, æ, f. *Mercy, Pity*
Miſéricor-s, dis, adj. *Merciful*
Miſéri-or, us, adj. *More miſerable*
Miſérrimus, adj. *Moſt, very miſerable*
Miſerítus, par. *Pitying*
Miſſus, par. *Sent*
Miſtus, par. *Mixed*
Mitto, v. 3. *I ſend*
Mixtus, par. *Mixed*
Mnemóſy-ne, nes, f. Mnemoſyne
Modéſti-a, æ, f. *Modeſty*
Modeſtus, adj. *Modeſty*
Módi-us, i, m. *A Buſhel*
Modò, adv. *Immediately, juſt now*
Modus, i, m. *A Meaſure, manner*
Mœch-a, æ, f. *A Harlot*
Mœr-ens, entis, par. *Grieving*
Mœreo, v. 2. *I grieve*
Mœſtus, par. *Sad, ſorrowful*
Moléſti-a, æ, f. *Trouble*
Moléſti-or, us, adj. *More troubleſome*
Moléſtus, adj. *Troubleſome*
Móli-ens, entis, par. *Contriving*
Moment-um, i, n. *A Moment*
Móneo, v. 2. *I adviſe, admoniſh*
Mónit-um, i, n. *Advice*
Mónit-us, ûs, m. *An Admonition*
Mónitus, par. *Adviſed, warned*
Mon-s, tis, m. *A Mountain*
Monſtro, v. 1. *I ſhew*
Monſtr-um, i, n. *A Monſter*
Mor-a, æ, f. *Delay*
Morb-us, i, m. *A Diſeaſe*
Mordác-ior, ius, adj. *More biting*
Mord-ax, acis, adj. *Biting*
Mórdeo, v. 2. *I bite*
Móri-ens, entis, par. *Dying*
Mórior, v. 3. *I dye*
Móror, v. 1. *I ſtay*
Mor-s, tis, f. *Death*
Morſ-us, ûs, m. *A Bite*
Mortál-is, e, adj. *Mortal*
Mórtuus, par. *Dead*
Mor-us, i, f. *A Mulberry-tree*
Mo-s, ris, m. *A Cuſtom, Manner*
Mot-us, ûs, m. *Motion*
Motus, par. *Moved*
Móveo, v. 2. *I move*
Mox, adv. *Preſently*
Mul-a, æ, f. *A She Mule*
Mulctátus, par. *Beaten*
Muliébr-is, e, adj. *Womaniſh*
Múli-er, eris, f. *A Woman*
Multánd-um, i, ger. *Puniſhing*
Multándus, par. *To be puniſhed*
Multátus, par. *Puniſhed*
Multò, adv. *By much*
Multùm, adv. *Much*
Multus, adj. *Much, many*
Mul-us, i, m. *A He-mule*
Mund-us, i, m. *The World*
Mund-us, i, m. *Attire*
Mundus, adj. *Clean, fine*

Munítus, par. *Defended*
Mun-us, eris, n. *An Office, Gift*
Mur-us, i, m. *A Wall*
Mus, muris, m. *A Mouſe*
Muſ-a, æ, f. *A Muſe, Song*
Muſc-a, æ, f. *A Fly*
Muſcípul-a, æ, f. *A Mouſe-trap*
Múſicus, adj. *Muſical*
Muſtél-a, æ, f. *A Weezel*
Mutánd-um, i, ger. *Changing*
Mutándus, par. *To be changed*
Mutátus, par. *Changed*
Mútio, v. 4. *I mutter*
Muto, v. 1. *I change*
Mutus, adj. *Dumb*
Mútu-um, i, n. *A loan*
Myro, nis, m. Myro
Myrt-us, i, f. *A Myrtle-tree*

N.

Nactus, par. *Getting*
Næni-a, æ, f. *A Trifle, Gewgaw*
Nam, con. *For*
Namque, con. *For*
Nar-is, is, f. *A Noſe, Noſtril*
Narránd-um, i, ger. *Telling*
Narrándus, par. *To be told*
Narr-ans, antis, par. *Telling*
Narrátio, nis, f. *A Story, Narration*
Narrátus, par. *Told*
Narro, v. 1. *I tell*
Naſcor, v. 3. *I am born*
Naſútè, adv. *Scoffingly*
Nat-a, æ, f. *A Daughter*
Natál-is, is, m. *A Birth-day*
Natál-is, e, adj. *Native*
Nat-ans, antis, par. *Swimming*
Natio, nis, f. *A Nation, Set*
Natúr-a, æ, f. *Nature*
Naturalitèr, adv. *Naturally*
Nat-us, i, m. *A Son*
Natus, par. *Born*
Naufrági-um, i, n. *Shipwreck*
Naúfragus, adj. *Shipwrecked*
Nav-is, is, f. *A Ship*
Naúſeo, v. 1. *I loath*
Naut-a, æ, m. *A Sailor*
Ne, con. *Leſt, not*
Néapol-is, is, f. Naples
Nec, con. *Nor, neither*
Necátus, par. *Killed*
Necéſſit-as, atis, f. *Neceſſity*
Neco, v. 1. *I kill*
Nectar, is, n. *Nectar*
Negléctus, par. *Neglected*
Negligéntèr, adv. *Negligently*
Négligo, v. 3. *I neglect*
Nego, v. 1. *I deny*
Negóti-um, i, n. *Buſineſs*
Nem-o, inis, com. *No body*
Nemoróſus, adj. *Woody*
Nempè, adv. *Namely, verily*
Nem-us, oris, n. *A Grove, Wood*
Neque, con. *Nor, neither*
Nequeo, v. irr. *I cannot, may not*
Nequícquàm, adv. *In vain*
Nequíti-a, æ, f. *Knavery, Naughtineſs*
Nerv-us, i, m. *A String, Sinew*
Néſcio, v. 4. *I know not*
Néſcius, adj. *Ignorant*
Nex, necis, f. *Death*
Nid-us, i, m. *A Neſt*
Niger, adj. *Black*
Nihil, ind. *Nothing*
Nihìl, adv. *Not at all*
Nihilóminùs, adv. *Nevertheleſs*
Nil, ind. *Nothing*
Nìl, adv. *Not at all*
Nil-us, i, m. *The River* Nile
Nimìs, adv. *Too much*
Nímius, adj. *Too much*
Niſi, con. *Unleſs*
Niſ-us, ûs, m. *An Endeavour, Effort*
Niteo, v. 2. *I ſhine*
Nitor, is, m. *Gliſtering, Brightneſs*
Nitor, v. 3. *I endeavour, ſtruggle*
Níveus, adj. *Snowy, white*

Nix,

Nix, nivis, f. *Snow*
Nixus, par. *Supported*
Nóbil-is, e, adj. *Noble, famous*
Nocénd-um, i, ger. *Hurting*
Nocéndus, par. *To be hurt*
Noc-ens, entis, par. *Hurting*
Nóceo, v. 2. *I hurt*
Nocitúrus, par. *About to hurt*
Nocivus, adj. *Hurtful*
Noctu *By Night*
Nóctua, æ, f. *An Owl*
Noctúrnus, adj. *Nightly*
Nóctuus, adj. *Nightly*
Nolo, v. irr. *I am unwilling*
Nom-en, inis, n. *A Name*
Nómino, v. 1. *I name*
Nòn, adv. *Not*
Nondùm, adv. *Not yet*
Noſco, v. 3. *I know*
Noſter, pro. *Our*
Nót-a, æ, f. *A Mark, Note*
Notéſco, v. 3. *I am noted*
Nót-ior, ius, adj. *More known*
Noto, v. 1. *I note, mark, characterize*
Notus, par. *Known*
Novácul-a, æ, f. *A Razor*
Novérc-a, æ, f. *A Step mother*
Novi, v. def. *I have known*
Nóvies, adv. *Nine Times*
Noviſſimè, adv. *Laſtly*
Nóvit-as, atis, f. *Novelty*
Novus, adj. *New*
Nox, noctis, f. *Night*
Nóxius, adj. *Hurtful*
Nudátus, par. *Strip'd naked*
Nudo, v. 1. *I ſtrip naked, I lay open*
Nudus, adj. *Naked*
Nullus, adj. *None, not any*
Nùm, adv. *Whether*
Num-en, inis, n. *A Deity*
Numeránd-um, i, ger. *Numbering*
Numerándus, par. *To be numbered*
Numero, v. 1. *I number*
Númerus, i, m. *A Number*
Numm-us, i, m. *Money*
Nùnc, adv. *Now, ſometimes*
Nunquàm, adv. *Never*
Nupèr, adv. *Lately*
Núptiæ, f. pl. *Nuptials, Marriage*
Nútrio, v. 4. *I nouriſh*
Nutrítus, par. *Nouriſhed*
Nux, nucis, f. *A Nut*

O.

O! inter. *O!*
Obeo, v. irr. *I die*
Objéct-um, i, n. *An Object*
Objéctus, par. *Expoſed*
Obit-us, ûs, m. *Death*
Objúrgo, v. 1. *I chide*
Oblátus, par. *Offered*
Oblécto, v. 1. *I delight*
Oblítus, par. *Forgetful*
Obliviſcor, v. 3. *I forget, I am forgetful*
Obnóxius, adj. *Liable*
Obruo, v. 3. *I overwhelm, ſubvert*
Obſcœnit-as, atis, f. *Obſcenity*
Obſcœnus, adj. *Obſcene*
Obſcúro, v. 1. *I darken*
Obſcúrus, adj. *Dark, obſcure*
Obſíſto, v. 3. *I reſt, withſtand*
Obſóni-um, i, n. *Food, Meat, Victuals*
Obtego, v. 3. *I cover, hide*
Obtero, v. 3. *I cruſh*
Obtréćto, v. 1. *I ſlander*
Obvius, adj. *Meeting*
Occáſio, nis, f. *Occaſion, Opportunity*
Occido, v. 3. *I die*
Occído, v. 3. *I kill*
Occípio, v. 3. *I begin*
Occíſus, par. *Killed, ſlain*
Occubo, v. 1. } *I fall down, ſubmit*
Occúmbo, v. 3. }
Occupátus, par. *Buſied, engaged*

Occupo, v. 1. *I poſſeſs, ſeize on, prevent*
Occúrro, v. 3. *I meet, run to*
Ocul-us, i, m. *An Eye*
Odi, v. def. *I have hated*
Odioſiſſimus, adj. *Moſt hateful*
Odi-um, i, n. *Hatred*
Odor, is, m. *A Smell, Perfume*
Offéndo, v. 3. *I offend*
Offero, v. irr. *I offer*
Officín-a, æ, f. *A Shop*
Offici-um, i, n. *An Office, Kindneſs*
Offúſus, par. *Poured on, ſpread*
Oleáſt-er, ri, m. *A wild Olive Tree*
Olfácio, v. 3. *I ſmell at*
Olìm, adv. *Long ago, formerly*
Olìm, adv. *Hereafter*
Oliv-a, æ, f. *An Olive*
Om-en, inis, n. *An Omen, Preſage*
Omìtto, v. 3. *I omit*
Omninò, adv. *Altogether, wholly*
Omn-is, e, adj. *All, every*
Onero, v. 1. *I load*
On-us, eris, n. *A Burden*
Onúſtus, adj. *Laden*
Opera, æ, f. *Help, Labour*
Operári-us, i, m. *A Labourer*
Opes, f. pl. *Riches*
Opímus, adj. *Fat, rich*
Opín-ans, antis, par. *Thinking*
Opínio, nis, f. *Opinion*
Opínus, adj. *Thinking*
Opis, f. gen. *Of Help*
Opórtet, v. imp. *It behoveth*
Oppeto, v. 3. *I ſeek, deſire*
Oppid-um, i, n. *A Town*
Oppóno, v. 3. *I oppoſe*
Opportúnus, adj. *Convenient*
Oppreſſus, par. *Oppreſſed*
Opprimo, v. 3. *I oppreſs, ſqueeze*
Oppúgno, v. 1. *I oppoſe, aſſail*
Opſoni-um, i, n. *Meat, Victuals*
Optimus, adj. *Beſt*
Opto, v. 1. *I wiſh*
Op-us, eris, n. *A Work*
Opus, n. indec. *Need*
Opus, adj. inv. *Needful*
Orátus, par. *Intreated*
Orbus, adj. *Bereaved*
Ordino, v. 1. *I order, diſpoſe, ſettle*
Ord-o, inis, m. *Order*
Ornaménd-um, i, n. *Ornament*
Ornátus, par. *Adorned*
Ornát-us, ûs, m. *Dreſs, Attire*
Orno, v. 1. *I adorn, dreſs*
Oro, v. 1. *I intreat, beg*
Orph-eus, eos, m. Orpheus
Orph-eus, i, m. Orpheus
Ortus, par. *Riſen, ſprung up*
Os, oris, n. *The Mouth*
Os, oſſis, n. *A Bone*
Oſculor, v. 1. *I kiſs*
Oſcul-um, i, n. *A Kiſs*
Oſténdo, v. 3. *I ſhew*
Oſtentát-io, ionis, f. *Oſtentation, boaſting*
Oſtént-um, i, n. *A Prodigy*
Otióſus, adj. *Idle*
Otior, v. 1. *I am idle, reſt, repoſe*
Oti-um, i, n. *Eaſe, Idleneſs*
Ov-is, is, f. *A Sheep*

P.

Pact-um, i, n. *A Bargain, Contract*
Pactus, par. *Promiſed, agreed to*
Palàm, adv. *Openly*
Palládius, adj. Pallas's, *of* Pallas
Pall-as, adis, f. Pallas
Palli-um, i, n. *A Cloke*
Pal-us, údis, f. *A Fen, Marſh*
Pan-is, is, m. *Bread*
Panthér-a, æ, f. *A Panther*
Pantomímus, i, m. *An Actor, Dancer*
Par, is, adj. *Equal, Match*
Parátus, par. *Ready, prepared*
Parcè, adv. *Sparingly*
Parc-ens, entis, par. *Sparing*

Par-

Parco, v. 3. *I ſpare*
Par-ens, entis, com. *A Parent*
Páreo, v. 2. *I obey*
Pário, v. 3. *I bring forth*
Páritèr, adv. *Equally*
Paro, v. 1. *I prepare, provide*
Par-s, tis, f. *A Part*
Partículo, onis, m. Particulo
Párti-ens, entis, par. *Dividing*
Partúri-ens, entis, par. *Bringing forth*
Partúrio, v. 4. *I bring forth*
Part-us, ûs, m. *Birth*
Partùs, adv. *Purchaſed*
Parùm, adv. *Little*
Párvulus, adj. *Little, ſmall*
Parvus, adj. *Little, ſmall*
Paſco, v. 3. *I feed*
Paſſer, is, m. *A Sparrow*
Paſſim, adv. *Every where*
Paſtor, is, m. *A Shepherd*
Paſtus, par. *Fed*
Patefácio, v. 3. *I lay open, diſcover*
Páteo, v. 2. *I lie open*
Pa-ter, tris, m. *A Father*
Pater familiâs, Patris familiâs, m. *A Maſter of a Family*
Páti-ens, entis, adj. *Bearing, ſuffering*
Patiénti-a, æ, f. *Patience*
Pátin-a, æ, f. *A Diſh*
Pâtior, v. 3. *I ſuffer*
Pátri-a, æ, f. *A native Country*
Patrimóni-um, i, n. *A Patrimony*
Pátrius, adj. *Of one's Country*
Patrón-us, i, m. *A Patron, advocate*
Paucus, adj. *Few*
Pav-ens, entis, par. *Fearing*
Pávidus, adj. *Fearful*
Paulò, adv. *A little*
Pavo, nis, m. *A Peacock*
Pavor, is, m. *Fear*
Pauper, is, adj. *Poor*
Paupért-as, atis, f. *Poverty*
Peccans, antis, par. *Sinning*
Peccándum, i, ger. *Sinning*
Peccát-um, i, n. *A Sin*
Pecco, v. 3. *I ſin, offend*
Pect-en, inis, m. *A Comb*
Péct-us, oris, n. *The Breaſt*
Pecuni-a, æ, f. *Money*
Pec-us, udis, f. *Small-Cattle*
Pec-us, oris, n. *Small-Cattle*
Pediſſequ-us, i, m. *A Lacquey, Footman*
Pegma, tis, n. *A Scaffold*
Pej-or, us, adj. *Worſt*
Pejùs, adv. *Worſe*
Pelágius, adj. *Of the Sea*
Pélag-us, i, n. *The Sea*
Péli-a, æ, m. Pelia
Peliad-es, um, f. pl. *The Daughters of* Peleus
Pelí-as, adis, f. Pelias's *Daughter*
Péli-as, æ, f. Pelias
Péli-us, adj. *Of* Pelion
Pell-ex, icis, f. *A Whore*
Pell-is, is, f. *The Skin*
Pello, v. 3. *I drive away*
Pelúſius, adj. Peluſian
Penátes, pl. m. *Houſhold Gods*
Pend-ens, entis, par. *Hanging*
Péndeo, v. 2. *I hang*
Penè, adv. *Almoſt*
Pen-is, is, m. *A Pizzle*
Penitùs, adv. *Utterly*
Penn-a, æ, f. *A Pen, Wing, Feather*
Pénul-a, æ, f. *A Cloke, Great-Coat*
Per, præ. *By, through*
Per-a, æ, f. *A Wallet*
Peráctus, par. *Fulfilled*
Pérago, v. 3. *I perform*
Perambul-ans, antis, par. *Walking through*

Per-

Percússus, par. *Struck*
Percútio, v. 3. *I ſtrike*
Perdo, v. 3. *I loſe, deſtroy*
Pérdomo, v. 1. *I ſubdue*
Perdúctus, par. *Brought*
Peregrínus, adj. *Strange, foreign*
Péreo, v. irr. *I periſh*
Pérfero, v. irr. *I endure, carry*
Perficio, v. 3. *I perfect, finiſh*
Periclitor, v. 1. *I am in Danger*
Periculóſus, adj. *Dangerous*
Perícul-um, i, n. *Danger*
Peritúrus, par. *About to periſh*
Peritus, adj. *Skilful, expert*
Perjúri-um, i, n. *Perjury*
Pérlego, v. 3. *I read over*
Perlústro, v. 1. *I ſurvey, range over*
Permótus, par. *Moved*
Pernici-es, ei, f. *Deſtruction*
Pernícit-as, atis, f. *Swiftneſs*
Peróro, v. 1. *I plead*
Perpástus, par. *Plump, well-fed*
Perpétior, v. 3. *I ſuffer, endure*
Perſalúto, v. 1. *I ſalute*
Perſcrutátus, par. *Examining thoroughly, ſearching out.*
Perſcrútor, v. 1. *I ſearch out*
Perſecútus, par. *Following*
Pérſequor, v. 3. *I follow*
Perſólvo, v. 3. *I pay*
Perſóna, æ, f. *A Perſon, Maſk*
Perſto, v. 1. *I perſiſt*
Perſuádeo, v. 2. *I perſuade*
Perſuáſus, par. *Perſuaded*
Pertæſus, par. *Weary*
Pertíneo, v. 2. *I belong*
Pértinet, v. imp. *It belongs*
Pertráctus, par. *Dragged along*
Pértraho, v. 3. *I drag along*
Perturbátus, par. *Diſordered*
Pertúrbo, v. 1. *I diſorder, diſturb*
Pervéllo, v. 3. *I pluck*
Pervenio, v. 4. *I come*
Pes, pedis, m. *A Foot*
Peſſimus, adj. *Worſt*
Pet-ens, entis, par. *Seeking, going to*
Peto, v. 3. *I ſeek to*
Pétul-ans, antis, adj. *Abuſive, ſaucy*
Phædr-us, i, m. Phædrus
Phalér-eus, ei, m. Phalereus
Philét-us, i, m. Philetus
Phœbus, i, m. Phœbus
Phr-yx, ygis, com. *A* Phrygian
Pictus, par. *Painted*
Piérius, adj. Pierian
Píet-as, atis, f. *Piety*
Pign-us, oris, n. *A Pledge*
Pil-us, i, m. *A Hair*
Pingo, v. 3. *I paint, dreſs*
Pin-us, i, f. *A Pine tree*
Pirat-a, æ, m. *A Pirate*
Piſiſtrat-us, i, m. Piſiſtratus
Pláceo, v. 2. *I pleaſe*
Placet, v. imp. *It pleaſeth*
Plácidus, adj. *Pleaſant*
Placo, v. 1. *I appeaſe*
Plag-a, æ, f. *A Stroke, Stripe*
Planè, adv. *Plainly, truly*
Plan-um, i, n. *A Plain*
Planus, adj. *Plain*
Plaudo, v. 3. *I clap*
Plauſ-us, ûs, m. *Applauſe*
Plebéius, adj. *Plebeian, common*
Pleb-es, is, f. *The People*
Ple-bs, bis, f. *The Commonalty*
Plecto, v. 3. *I twiſt*
Plector, v. 3. *I am puniſhed*
Plenus, adj. *Full*
Plerúmquè, adv. *Frequently*
Plum-a, æ, f. *A Plume, Feather*
Plúrimùm, adv. *Very much*
Plúrimus, adj. *Very many*
Pl-us, uris, n. *More*
Plus, adv. *More*
Plut-us, i, m. Plutus
Pócul-um, i, n. *A Cup*
Pœn-a, æ, f. *Puniſhment*
Pœniténd-um, i, ger. *Repenting*
Pœniténti-a, æ, f. *Repentance*
Poet-a, æ, m. *A Poet*

Pólio,

Pólio, v. 4. *I poliſh*
Polítus, par. *Poliſhed, fine*
Pollícitus, par. *Promiſing*
Pólluo, v. 3. *I pollute, ſtain*
Poll-ux, ucis, m. Pollux
Ponderándus, par. *To be weighed*
Póndero, v. 1. *I weigh*
Pond-us, eris, n. *A Weight*
Pono, v. 3. *I put, place*
Pont-us, i, m. Pontus
Pont-us, i, m. *The Sea*
Pópul-us, i, f. *A Poplar-tree*
Pópul-us, i, m. *The People*
Porcéll-us, i, m. *A little Pig*
Pórrigo, v. 3. *I ſtretch out*
Porrò, adv. *Moreover*
Port-a, æ, f. *A Gate*
Pòrto, v. 1. *I carry*
Poſco, v. 3. *I demand*
Póſitus, par. *Placed, ſituated, laid down*
Poſsídeo, v. 2. *I poſſeſs*
Poſſum, v. irr. *I am able*
Poſt, præ. *After*
Pòſt, adv. *After*
Póſteri, m. pl. *Poſterity*
Póſterus, adj. *Following after*
Poſtquàm, adv. *After that*
Poſtmeridiè, adv. *The Day after*
Póſtul-ans, antis, par. *Demanding, requiring*
Póſtulo, v. 1. *I demand, require*
Pot-ens, entis, adj. *Powerful, great*
Poténti-a, æ, f. *Power*
Poténti-or, us, adj. *More powerful*
Potéſt-as, atis, f. *Power*
Pót-ior, us, adj. *Better, preferable*
Pótiùs, adv. *Rather*
Poto, v. 1. *I drink*
Potr-ix, icis, f. *A Drinker*
Præ, præ. *Before*
Præbeo, v. 2. *I afford*
Præc-eps, ipitis, adj. *Headlong*
Præcépt-um, i, n. *A Precept*
Præclúdo, v. 3. *I ſtop*
Præcúrro, v. 3. *I run before*
Præd-a, æ, f. *A Prey*
Prædátor, is, m. *A Plunderer*
Prædo, nis, m. *A Pirate, Robber*
Præfulgeo, v. 2. *I ſhine before*
Prægúſto, v. 1. *I taſte before*
Præjudicátus, par. *Prejudiced*
Præli-um, i, n. *Battle*
Prælúceo, v. 2. *I ſhine before*
Præmétu-ens, entis, par. *Fearing beforehand*
Præmi-um, i, n. *A Reward*
Præpón-ens, éntis, par. *Preferring*
Præpono, v. 3. *I prefer*
Præsénti-a, æ, f. *Preſence*
Præſ-ens, tis, par. *Preſent, favourable*
Præsép-e, is, n. *A Manger*
Præ-sídi-um, i, n. *A Safeguard*
Præſtánti-or, us, adj. *More excellent*
Præſto, v. 1. *I perform, afford*
Præſto, v. 1. *I warrant*
Præter, præ. *Beſides, except*
Prætéreo, v. irr. *I paſs by*
Præváleo, v. 2. *I prevail* / *I am worth*
Prat-um, i, n. *A Meadow*
Pravé, adv. *Wickedly*
Pravus, adj. *Wicked*
Praxítel-es, is, m. Praxiteles
Precis, gen. f. *Of Prayer, Intreaty*
Premo, v. 3. *I preſs*
Prenſus, par. *Caught, taken*
Pretióſus, adj. *Precious, valuable*
Préti-um, i, n. *A Price, Value*
Prex, precis, f. *A Prayer*
Primò, adv. *At firſt*
Primùm, adv. *Firſt*
Prímus, adj. *Firſt*
Princ-eps, ipis, com. *A Prince, Princeſs*
Princ-eps, ipis, m. *Chief*
Principát-us, ûs, m. *Dominion, Government*

Pri-or,

Pri-or, us, adj. *Former, preferable*
Príſtinus, adj. *Former*
Privátus, adj. *Private*
Privátus, par. *Deprived*
Priùs, adv. *Before*
Priúſquàm, adv. *Before, ſooner than*
Privus, adj. *Private, proper, peculiar*
Pro, præ. *For*
Proband-um, i, ger. *Approving*
Probándus, par. *To be approved*
Prob-ans, antis, par. *Proving, approving*
Probo, v. 1. *I prove, approve*
Proc-ax, acis, adj. *Saucy, encroaching*
Procédo, v. 3. *I proceed*
Procliv-is, e, adj. *Prone, ready*
Procùl, adv. *Afar off*
Proculcátus, par. *Trampled under Foot*
Procúro, v. 1. *I atone*
Prodeo, v. irr. *I come forth, I go forth*
Proditúrus, par. *About to come forth, about to go forth*
Prodo, v. 3. *I betray, diſcover*
Proféctò, adv. *Truly, indeed*
Proféctus, par. *Going, gone*
Profésſus, par. *Profeſſing, profeſſed*
Prófero, v. irr. *I put out*
Profúgio, v. 3. *I fly away*
Progéni-es, ei, f. *Offspring*
Progrédior, v. 3. *I go forward*
Prolápſus, par. *Fallen down*
Prolátus, par. *Produced, ſhewn*
Prol-es, is, f. *Offspring*
Prolog-us, i, m. *A Prologue*
Próloquor, v. 3. *I ſpeak, declare*
Promítto, v. 3. *I promiſe*
Promiſſum, i, n. *A Promiſe*
Promiſſus, par. *Promiſed*
Promóveo, v. 2. *I move forward, I go forth*
Prómptus, adj. *Ready*
Prope, par. *Nigh, near*
Propè, adv. *Nigh, almoſt*
Própero, v. 1. *I haſten*
Próp-ior, ius, adj. *Nearer, nigher*
Própiùs, adv. *Nearer, nigher*
Propóno, v. 3. *I propoſe*
Propóſit-um, i, n. *A Purpoſe, Deſign*
Propóſitus, par. *Propoſed*
Próprius, adj. *Proper, one's own*
Propter, præ. *For, near*
Proptèr, adv. *Near*
Proptéreà, adv. *Therefore*
Propùlſus, par. *Driven away*
Prorep-ens, entis, par. *Creeping out*
Prorsùs, adv. *Altogether, quite*
Proſecútus, par. *Following, proceeding*
Próſequor, v. 3. *I follow, proceed*
Proſequútus, par. *Following*
Proſilio, v. 4. *I leap out*
Proſpécto, v. 1. *I look toward*
Proſpício, v. 3. *I overlook, view*
Proſtérno, v. 3. *I lay along*
Próſum, v. irr. *I profit, do good*
Prótinùs, adv. *Preſently*
Protrúſus, par. *Thruſt out*
Próvoco, v. 1. *I provoke, call forth*
Próvolo, v. 1. *I fly out*
Próximus, adj. *Next*
Prud-ens, entis, adj *Prudent*
Prudéntèr, adv. *Prudently*
Prudénti-a, æ, f. *Prudence*
Públicus, adj. *Publick*
Pudet, v. imp. *It ſhameth*
Pudor, is, m. *Shame*
Puéll-a, æ, f. *A Maid*
Puer, i, m. *A Boy*
Puerílitèr, adv. *Childiſhly*
Pugn-a, æ, f. *A Fight*
Pulcher, adj. *Fair*
Pulchérrimè, adv. *Very clearly*
Pulchérrimus, adj. *Moſt beautiful*
Pulchrè, adv. *Clearly*
Pull-us, i, m. *The Young of any tame Beaſt or Bird*

Pul-

Pulmentári-um, i, n. *Gruel*
Púlpit-um, i, n. *A Pulpit, Stage*
Pulv-is, eris, m. *Duſt*
Pulſus, par. *Driven*
Punct-um, i, n. *A Prick, Sting*
Púnio, v. 4. *I puniſh*
Punítus, par. *Puniſhed*
Purgo, v. 1. *I purge, clear*
Purus, adj. *Pure, plain*
Put-ans, antis, par. *Thinking*
Púte-us, i, m. *A Well, Pit*
Puto, v. 1. *I think*
Pyct-a, æ, m. *A Ceſtus-Player, a Champion*

Q.

Quà, adv. *Which way, whither*
Quacúnquĕ, adv. *By whatever way*
Quadr-ans, antis, m. *A Farthing*
Quær-ens, entis, par. *Seeking*
Quæro, v. 3. *I ſeek*
Quæſo, v. def. *I beſeech*
Quæſtio, nis, f. *A Queſtion*
Quæſt-us, ûs, m. *Gain, Livelihood*
Qual-is, e, adj. *Such as, what ſort*
Quàm, con. *Than, as*
Quámlibèt, adv. *What is agreeable, as you will*
Quamvis, con. *Although, though*
Quandò, adv. *When, at any Time*
Quandóquidèm, adv. *Since, foraſmuch as*
Quintò, adv. *By how much*
Quantùm, adv. *How much*
Quantus, adj. *How much, how great*
Quaprópter, adv. *Wherefore*
Quarè, adv. *Why, wherefore*
Quartus, adj. *The fourth*
Quaſi, con. *As if, as though*
Quaſſo, v. 1. *I brandiſh, ſhake*
Quátio, v. 3. *I ſhake*
Que, con. *And*
Querc-us, ûs, f. *An Oak*
Querél-a, æ, f. *A Complaint*
Queror, v. 3. *I complain*
Quéſt-us, ûs, m. *A Complaint*
Qui, pro. *Who, which, what*
Qui, adv. *Becauſe*
Quicúnque, pro. *Whoſoever*
Quid, adv. *Why*
Quidam, pro. *Some, certain*
Quidèm, adv. *Indeed*
Quiéſco, v. 3. *I reſt*
Quiétus, par. *Quiet*
Quilibet, pro. *What you pleaſe*
Quìn, adv. *But*
Quinam, pro. *Any*
Quinétiam, con. *But alſo, moreover*
Quippè, adv. *Becauſe*
Quis, pro. *Who, What*
Quiſnam, pro. *Who, What*
Quiſquam, pro. *Any*
Quiſque, pro. *Every one*
Quiſquis, pro. *Whoſoever*
Quivis, pro. *Any, who you pleaſe*
Quò, adv. *Whither*
Quo, con. *That*
Quod, con. *In that, becauſe*
Quodàm, adv. *So far*
Quondàm, adv. *Once, heretofore*
Quoniam, con. *Becauſe*
Quoque, con. *Alſo, likewiſe*
Quot, adj. inv. *How many*
Quotídiè, adv. *Daily*
Quùm, adv. *When, ſeeing*

R.

Rad-ix, icis, f. *A Root*
Ramoſus, adj. *Branching*
Ram-us, i, m. *A Branch, Bough*
Ran-a, æ, f. *A Frog*
Rapín-a, æ, f. *Rapine*
Rápio, v. 3. *I ſnatch, take away*
Raptor, is, m. *A Seizer, Raviſher*
Raptus, par. *Seized, taken*
Rarus, adj. *Rare, uncommon*

Rátio, nis, f. *Reaſon*
Rat-is, is, f. *A Ship*
Recéptus, par. *Received*
Récido, v. 3. *I fall back*
Recído, v. 3. *I cut off*
Recípio, v. 3. *I receive, betake*
Reclámo, v. 1. *I cry out*
Récolo, v. 3. *I viſit again, frequent*
Rectà, adv. *Straight forward, right on*
Rectè, adv. *Rightly*
Réctus, adj. *Right, ſtraight*
Récubo, v. 1. *I lie down*
Recúmbo, v. 3. *I lie down*
Recúſo, v. 1. *I refuſe*
Réddo, v. 3. *I reſtore, beſtow*
Rédeo, v. irr. *I return*
Redúco, v. 3. *I bring back, I require*
Redúctus, par. *Reduced, brought back*
Refóctus, par. *Recruited, refreſhed*
Reféllo, v. 3. *I refute*
Réfer-ens, entis, par. *Relating, bringing back*
Réfero, v. irr. *I relate, bring back, recal*
Refert, v. imp. *It concerns*
Refício, v. 3. *I repair, refreſh*
Regál-is, e, adj. *Regal, royal*
Régi-a, æ, f. *A Palace*
Régín-a, æ, f. *A Queen*
Régn-ans, antis, par. *Reigning*
Regno, v. 1. *I reign, govern*
Regn-um, i, n. *A Kingdom, Reign*
Rego, v. 3. *I govern*
Rejéctus, par. *Rejected*
Rejíciens, entis, par. *Rejecting*
Rejício, v. 3. *I reject*
Reláxo, v. 1. *I unbend, relax*
Relígio, nis, f. *Religion*
Relínquo, v. 3. *I leave*
Relíquiæ, f. pl. *Remains*
Réliquus, adj. *Remaining, the reſt*
Remédi-um, i, n. *A Remedy, Cure*
Repéllo, v. 3. *I repel*
Repéndo, v. 3. *I repay*
Repéntè, adv. *Suddenly*
Repério, v. 4. *I find*
Repértus, par. *Found*
Répeto, v. 3. *I repeat, ſeek back*
Répleo, v. 2. *I fill*
Replétus, par. *Filled, full*
Repóſc-ens, entis, par. *Requiring again*
Repóſco, v. 3. *I require*
Repræſent-ans, antis, par. *Repreſenting*
Repræſénto, v. 1. *I repreſent*
Reprehéndo, v. 3. *I catch again*
Reprehénſus, par. *Caught again*
Réprimo, v. 3. *I reſtrain*
Repto, v. 1. *I creep along*
Repudiátus, par. *Caſt off, rejected*
Repúdio, v. 1. *I reject*
Repúlſ-a, æ, f. *A Repulſe*
Repúlſus, par. *Repulſed, driven back*
Réputo, v. 1. *I reckon*
Requíro, v. 3. *I require, aſk for*
Res, rei, f. *A Thing*
Reſ-es, idis, adj. *Slothful*
Réſid-ens, entis, par. *Sitting*
Reſídeo, v. 2. *I ſit*
Reſíduum, i, n. *The reſt, remaining*
Reſíduus, adj. *Remaining*
Réſono, v. 1. *I reſound, echo*
Reſpect-ûs, ûs, m. *Reſpect.*
Reſpíci-ens, entis, par. *Regarding*
Reſpício, v. 3. *I regard*
Reſpóndeo, v. 2. *I anſwer*
Reſpónſ-um, i, n. *An Anſwer*
Reſtítuo, v. 3. *I reſtore*
Réſto, v. 1. *I ſtand ſtill, I remain*
Reténſus, par. *Unbent*
Reténtus, par. *Retained*
Retórridus, adj. *Brindle coloured*
Retrò, adv. *Backwards*

Retúndo,

Retúndo, v. 3. *I beat back, check*
Revérto, v. 3. *I return*
Revértor, v. 3. *I return*
Révoco, v. 1. *I recall, invite again*
Reus, adj. *Guilty*
Rex, regis, m. *A King*
Ridéndus, par. *To be laughed at*
Rideo, v. 2. *I laugh*
Ridículè, adv. *Ridiculouſly*
Ridículus, adj. *Ridiculous*
Rig-ens, entis, par. *Frozen, ſtiff*
Riſ-us, ûs, m. *Laughter*
Riv-us, i, m. *A River*
Rob-ur, oris, n. *An Oak, ſtrength*
Rodénd-um, ger. *To be gnawn, eaten*
Rodo, v. 3. *I gnaw, eat, conſume*
Rog-ans, antis, par. *Aſking*
Rogátus, par. *Aſked*
Rogo, v. 1. *I aſk*
Rom-a, æ, f. Rome
Roſtr-um, i, n. *A Bill, Beak*
Rosúrus, par. *About to gnaw*
Rud-is, e, adj. *Ignorant, unſkilful*
Rugio, v. 4. *I roar (like a Lion)*
Rugóſus, adj. *Wrinkled*
Ruin-a, æ, f. *Ruin, Fall*
Rumor, is, m. *A Report, Rumour*
Rumpo, v. 3. *I break*
Ruo, v. 3. *I fall, tumble down*
Ruptus, par. *Burſt*
Rursùs, adv. *Again*
Rúſticus, adj. *Clowniſh, ruſtick*

S.

Sacc-us, i, m. *A Sack*
Sacer, adj. *Holy*
Sacrifici-um, i, n. *A Sacrifice*
Sacrilégi-um, i, n. *Sacrilege*
Sæcul-um, i, n. *An Age*
Sæpè, adv. *Oftentimes*
Sæpiùs, adv. *Oftener*
Sævio, v. 4. *I rage*
Sævus, adj. *Cruel*
Sagáci-or, us, adj. *More wiſe*
Sal, is, m. *Salt, Mirth, Wit*
Sáli-ens, entis, par. *Leaping*
Salt-ans, antis, par. *Dancing*
Saltém, adv. *At leaſt*
Salt-us, ûs, m. *A Foreſt*
Salt-us, ûs, m. *A Leap*
Salve, v. def. *God ſave you*
Salút-ans, antis, par. *Saluting*
Salúto, v. 1. *I ſalute*
Sal-us, utis, f. *Health, Safety*
Salvus, adj. *Safe*
Sanctiſſimus, adj. *Moſt holy, honeſt*
Sanctus, adj. *Holy*
Sanè, adv. *Truely, indeed*
Sangu-is, inis, m. *Blood*
Sánit-as, atis, f. *Health, Soundneſs*
Sanus, adj. *Sound, whole*
Sápi-ens, entis, par. *Wiſe*
Sapiénti-a, æ, f. *Wiſdom*
Sápio, v. 3. *I taſte*
Sápio, v. 3. *I am wiſe*
Sapor, is, m. *Taſte, Reliſh*
Sárcin-a, æ, f. *A Burden, Pack*
Sat, adv. *Enough, ſufficiently*
Satiátus, par. *Satisfied*
Sátio, v. 1. *I ſatisfy*
Satìs, adv. *Enough, ſufficiently*
Satisfácio, v. 3. *I ſatisfy*
Sator, is, m. *A Sower, Creator*
Sax-um, i, n. *A Stone*
Scando, v. 3. *I climb*
Scarabæ-us, i, m. *A Beetle*
Sceléſtus, adj. *Wicked*
Scel-us, eris, n. *Wickedneſs*
Scen-a, æ, f. *A Stage*
Scénic-us, i, m. *An Actor*
Scénicus, adj. *Belonging to the Stage*
Schol-a, æ, f. *A School*
Sci-ens, entis, par. *Knowing*
Scílicet, adv. *Namely*

Scio, v. 4. *I know*
Scopul-us, i, m. *A Rock*
Scribénd-um, ger. *To be written*
Scribo, v. 3. *I write*
Scriptor, is, m. *A writer*
Script-um, i, n. *A Writing*
Scriptus, par. *Written*
Scrutor, v. 1. *I ſearch*
Scurr-a, æ, m. *A Buffoon*
Scyph-us, i, m. *A Cup*
Scyth-a, æ, m. *A* Scythian
Secrétus, par. *Secret*
Sécul-um, i, n. *An Age*
Secúndò, adv. *Secondly*
Secúndus, adj. *Second*
Secúndus, adj. *Proſperous*
Secúr-is, is, m. *An Axe*
Secúr-ior, ius, adj. *More ſecure*
Secúriùs, adv. *More ſecurely*
Secúrus, adj. *Secure*
Secútus, par. *Following*
Sed, con. *But*
Sed-ans, antis, par. *Laying*
Sed-ens, entis, par. *Sitting*
Sédeo, v. 2. *I ſit*
Sed-es, is, f. *A Seat*
Sedo, v. 1. *I lay, ſettle*
Seductus, par. *Led aſide*
Sédulò, adv. *Diligently*
Sédulus, adj. *Diligent*
Seg-es, etis, f. *A Crop, Harveſt*
Seg-nis, e, adj. *Slow*
Segregátus, par. *Separated*
Seján-us, i, m. Sejanus
Sell-a, æ, f. *A Seat*
Semel, adv. *Once*
Semiánim-is, e, adj. *Half dead*
Semiánimus, adj. *Half dead*
Sémit-a, æ, f. *A Path, Way*
Sempèr, adv. *Always*
Senárius, adj. *Of Six, Iambick*
Senect-a, æ, f. *Old Age*
Séneo, v. 2. *I am old*
Senex, ſenis, m. *An old Man*
Séni-um, i, n. *Old age*
Sensím, adv. *Moderately, by Degrees*
Senſ-us, ûs, m. *Senſe*
Senténti-a, æ, f. *A Sentence*
Sentio, v. 4. *I feel, know, perceive*
Separátus, par. *Separated*
Sepóno, v. 3. *I ſet apart*
Sequ-ens, entis, par. *Following*
Sequor, v. 3. *I follow*
Serénit-as, atis, f. *Clearneſs, Serenity*
Serénus, adj. *Clear, ſerene*
Sermo, nis, m. *Speech*
Serv-ans, antis, par. *Keeping*
Servátus, par. *Kept, preſerved*
Sérvio, v. 4. *I ſerve*
Sérvit-us, utis, f. *Servitude*
Sérvo, v. 1. *I keep, preſerve*
Serus, adj. *Late*
Sérvul-us, i, m. *A Foot-boy*
Serv-us, i, m. *A Servant*
Seſtérti-um, i, n. *A Seſtertium, a thouſand Seſterces*
Seſtérti-us, i, m. *A Seſterce*
Setóſus, adj. *Briſtly, rough*
Severit-as, atis, f. *Severity*
Sevérus, adj. *Severe*
Sex, adj. ind. *Six*
Sexcénties, adv. *Six hundred Times*
Si, con. *If*
Sic, adv. *So*
Sícubi, adv. *If any where*
Sículus, adj. Sicilian
Sidus, eris, n. *A Star*
Signífico, v. 1. *I ſignify*
Sign-um, i, n. *A Sign, Enſign*
Silénti-um, i, n. *Silence*
Síleo, v. 2. *I am ſilent*
Silv-a, æ, f. *A Wood*
Simílior, ius, adj. *More like*
Símil-is, e, adj. *Like*
Simílitèr, adv. *Likewiſe, in like Manner*
Simíliùs, adv. *More like*
Símí-us, i, m. *An Ape*
Simónid-es, is, m. Simonides
Simpl-ex, icis, adj. *Simple*
Simplícitèr, adv. *Simply, plainly*

Simul,

Simul, adv. *Together, alſo*
Símulac, adv. *As ſoon as*
Simulácr-um, i, n. *An Image, Likeneſs*
Símul-ans, antis, par. *Diſſembling, feigning*
Símulo, v. 1. *I diſſemble, feign*
Sin, con. *But, if, elſe*
Sincérit-as, atis, f. *Sincerity*
Sincérus, adj. *Sincere*
Sine, præ. *Without*
Síngulus, adj. *Every one, one by one*
Siníſter, adj. *Left handed, unlucky*
Síno, v. 3. *I ſuffer, permit*
Sinon, is, m. Sinon
Sin-us, ûs, m. *The Boſom*
Sin-us, ûs, m. *A Bay, Gulf*
Síti-ens, entis, par. *Thirſting*
Sítio, v. 4. *I thirſt*
Sit-is, is, f. *Thirſt*
Sive, con. *Or if, whether*
Smarágd-us, i, m. *An Emerald*
Sóbol-es, is, f. *An Offſpring*
Sociét-as, atis, f. *Society, Partnerſhip*
Sóci-us, i, m. *A Companion*
Sócrat-es, is, m. Socrates
Sol, is, m. *The Sun*
Soláti-um, i, n. *Comfort, Conſolation*
Solénn-is, e, adj. *Solemn*
Sóleo, v. 2. *I uſe, am wont*
Soler-s, tis, adj. *Witty, crafty*
Solérti-a, æ, f. *Wit, Invention, Craft*
Solícitus, adj. *Solicitous, anxious*
Sólidus, adj. *Solid*
Sólitus, par. *Accuſtomed*
Sollícitus, adj. *Anxious, troubleſome*
Solvénd-um, ger. *To be pay'd, looſened*
Solvéndus, par. *To be paid, looſed*
Solùm, adv. *Only*
Solvo, v. 3. *I looſe, pay*
Solus, adj. *Alone*
Solûtus, par. *Looſed, paid, diſengaged*

Sómni-um, i, n. *A Dream*
Somn-us, i, m. *Sleep*
Sónip-es, edis, m. *A Horſe, Courſer*
Sono, v. 1. *I ſound*
Son-us, i, m. *Sound*
Soph-us, i, m. *A wiſe Man*
Sophus, adj. *Wiſe*
Sopítus, par. *Compoſed, faſt aſleep*
Sorbítio, nis, f. *Soup*
Sórdidus, adj. *Sordid, baſe*
Sor-or, is, f. *A Siſter*
Sors, ſortis, f. *Lot, Chance, Fortune*
Spátium, i, n. *Space*
Spargo, v. 3. *I ſpread, ſprinkle*
Sparſus, par. *Spread, ſprinkled*
Spécies, ei, f. *Form, Figure*
Spectáculum, i, n. *A Show, Sight*
Spectátor, is, m. *A Spectator*
Spectatúrus, par. *About to behold*
Specto, v. 1. *I behold, ſee, look at*
Spécul-um, i, n. *A Looking-Glaſs*
Spec-us, ûs, m. *A Den*
Spelúnc-a, æ, f. *A Cave*
Sper-ans, antis, par. *Hoping*
Sperno, v. 3. *I deſpiſe*
Spero, v. 1. *I hope*
Spes, ſpei, f. *Hope*
Spírit-us, ûs, m. *A Spirit, Life*
Spléndeo, v. 2. *I ſhine*
Splendor, is, m. *Splendour*
Spoliátus, par. *Spoiled, robbed*
Spólio, v. 1. *I ſpoil, rob*
Sponſor, is, m. *A Surety*
Sponſ-us, ûs, m. *A Surety*
Spontis, gen. f. *Of one's own Accord*
Spum-ans, antis, par. *Frothy, foaming*
Stagn-um, i, n. *A Pool, Pond*
St-ans, antis, par. *Standing*
Statìm, adv. *Immediately, preſently*
Státu-a, æ, f. *A Statue*
Státuo, v. 3. *I appoint, put*
Sterc-us, oris, n. *Dung, Dirt*

Stéril-is, e, adj. *Barren*
Sterquilíni-um, i, n. *A Dunghill*
Sto, v. 1. *I ſtand*
Straménť-um, i, n. *Straw, Litter*
Strépit-us, ûs, m. *A Noiſe*
Strigánd-um, ger. *To go ſlow*
Stringo, v. 3. *I draw*
Stroph-a, æ, f. *Wile, Device*
Stúdeo, v. 2. *I ſtudy*
Studiósè, adv. *Studiouſly, carefully*
Stúdi-um, i, n. *Study*
Stultè, adv. *Fooliſhly*
Stultítì-a, æ, f. *Folly*
Stult-us, i, m. *A Fool*
Stultus, adj. *Fooliſh*
Stupor, is, m. *Stupidity*
Stûpr-um, i, m. *Adultery, Whoredom*
Styl-us, i, m. *A Style*
Suádeo, v. 2. *I perſuade*
Suav-is, e, adj. *Sweet*
Sub, præ. *Under*
Subclámo, v. 1. *I ſhout out*
Súbdolus, adj. *Deceitful*
Subjéctus, par. *Subject, put under*
Subínde, adv. *Now and then*
Súbitò, adv. *Suddenly*
Súbitus, adj. *Sudden*
Sublátus, par. *Taken up*
Sublím-is, e, adj. *High, lofty*
Submoveo, v. 2. *I remove, take away*
Subrípio, v. 3. *I ſteal away*
Subſcríbo, v. 3. *I ſubſcribe*
Subſideo, v. 2. *I ſtay, lie in wait*
Subsídi-um, i, n. *Aid, Help*
Subſum, v. irr. *I am under*
Subtílitèr, adv. *Subtilely, acutely*
Succéſſ-us, ûs, m. *Succeſs*
Succùmbo, v. 3. *I yield*
Succùrro, v. 3. *I ſuccour, help*
Sudor, is, m, *Sweat*
Súffero, v. irr. *I ſuffer, endure*
Sufficio, v. 3. *I ſuffice*
Sufficior, v. 3. *I ſucceed*
Sui, pro. *Of himſelf*
Of herſelf
Of itſelf
Sum, v. ſub. *I am*
Summ-a, æ, f. *A Sum*
Summus, adj. *Higheſt, greateſt*
Sumo, v. 3. *I take*
Super, præ. *Above*
Supérbi-a, æ, f. *Pride*
Supérbi-ens, entis, par. *Proud*
Superbiloquénti-a, æ, f. *Proud talking*
Supérbus, adj. *Proud*
Súperi, m. pl. *The Gods*
Supér-ior, ius, adj. *Higher, former*
Supériùs, adv. *Above, before*
Superûs, adj. *High, heavenly*
Supérſum, v. irr. *I remain*
Suppl-ex, icis, adj. *Humble*
Suppóſitus, par. *Put under, placed*
Suprà, præ. *Above*
Suprà, adv. *Above*
Sus, ſuis, f. *A Sow*
Súſcito, v. 1. *I raiſe*
Suſpéctus, par. *Suſpected*
Suſpéndo, v. 3. *I hang*
Suſpénſus, par. *Light, hanging*
Suſpício, nis, f. *Suſpicion*
Súſtin-ens, entis, par. *Suſtaining, bearing*
Suſtíneo, v. 2. *I ſuſtain, bear*
Sutor, is, m. *A Shoemaker*
Suus, pro. *His own*
Her own
Its own
Sylva, æ, f. *A Wood*

T.

Tábul-a, æ, f. *A Table, Picture*
Táceo, v. 2. *I keep Silence, am ſilent*
Tácitè, adv. *Silently*
Tácitus, par. *Silent, Whiſpered*
Tactus, par. *Touched*
Tal-is, e, adj. *Such*

Tam,

Tam, adv. *So much, ſo*
Tamen, adv. *Yet, nevertheleſs*
Tandem, adv. *At length, at laſt*
Tango, v. 3. *I touch*
Tantè, adv. *By ſo much*
Tantùm, adv. *So much*
Tantúmmodò, adv. *Only*
Tantus, adj. *So great, ſo much*
Tardus, adj. *Slow, tardy*
Tartáreus, adj. *Helliſh*
Taur-us, i, m. *A Bull*
Tect-um, i, n. *A Roof, Houſe*
Tectus, par. *Covered, concealed*
Tego, v. 3. *I cover, conceal*
Tel-um, i, n. *A Dart*
Témerè, adv. *Raſhly*
Temérit-as, atis, f. *Raſhneſs*
Temo, nis, m. *A Pole*
Temperátus, par. *Tempered, moderated*
Témpero, v. 1. *I temper, govern*
Tempéſt-as, atis, f. *A Storm, Seaſon*
Témpl-um, i, n. *A Temple, Church*
Tem-pus, oris, n. *Time*
Tendo, v. 3. *I ſpread, ſtretch out*
Ténébræ, f. pl. *Darkneſs*
Téneo, v. 2. *I hold, poſſeſs*
Tener, adj. *Tender*
Tenſus, par. *Bent*
Ten-ans, antis, par. *Trying*
Tento, v. 1. *I try*
Ténu-is, e, adj. *Slender, mean*
Tenúit-as, atis, f. *Meanneſs, Poverty*
Terg-um, i, n. *The Back*
Terg-us, oris, n. *The Back, a Hide*
Término-us, i, m. *A Bound, Limit*
Terr-a, æ, f. *The Earth*
Terreo, v. 2. *I affright*
Térritus, par. *Affrighted*
Terror, is, m. *Terror, Fear*
Tértius, adj. *Third*
Teſt-a, æ, f. *A Pot, Jar, Caſk*
Teſtaménti-um, i, n. *A Teſtament, Will*
Teſtimóni-um, i, n. *A Teſtimony, Evidence*
Teſt-is, is, com. *A Witneſs*
Teſt-is, is, m. *A Teſticle*
Teſtor, v. 1. *I teſtify*
Teſtúdo, inis, f. *A Tortoiſe*
Theátr-um, i, n. *A Theatre*
Theſáur-us, i, m. *A Treaſure*
Théſe-us, i, m. Theſeus
Théſ-eus, eos, m. Theſeus
Théſſalus, adj. Theſſalian
Threíſſus, adj. Thracian
Thron-us, i, m. *A Throne*
Thus, uris, n. *Frankincenſe*
Thúſcus, adj. Tuſcan
Tibéri-us, i, m. Tiberius
Tíbi-a, æ, f. *A Pipe*
Tibi-a, æ, f. *A Leg*
Tibíc-en, inis, com. *A Piper*
Tigíll-um, i, n. *A little Log, Beam*
Timéndus, par. *To be feared*
Tim-ens, entis, par. *Fearing*
Tímeo, v. 2. *I fear*
Tímidus, adj. *Fearful*
Timor, is, m. *Fear*
Tinctus, par. *Dipped*
Tintinnábul-um, i, n. *A Bell*
Títul-us, i, m. *A Title*
Tog-a, æ, f. *A Gown*
Toleránti-a, æ, f. *Patience*
Tollo, v. irr. *I take away*
Ton-ans, antis, par. *Thundering*
Tónitr-u, u, n. *Thunder*
Tónitr-us, ûs, m. *Thunder*
Tono, v. 1. *I thunder*
Tonſus, par. *Shaved, clipped*
Torqu-ens, entis, par. *Twining, twiſting, tormenting*
Tórqueo, v. 2. *I twiſt, torment*
Totus, adj. *All, whole*
Tóxicum, i, n. *Poiſon*
Tráditus, par. *Delivered, reported*

Trado,

Trado, v. 3. *I deliver, report*
Trágicus, adj. *Tragical, maſked*
Trah-ens, entis, par. *Drawing*
Traho, v. 3. *I draw*
Tránſeo, v. 4. *I paſs away*
Tránsfero, v. irr. *I transfer*
Transfigo, v. 3. *I pierce*
Tránſigo, v. 3. *I paſs over, pierce*
Tranſlatítius, adj. *Uſual, borrowed, tranſlated*
Tremo, v. 3. *I tremble*
Trépid-ans, antis, par. *Trembling*
Trépidè, adv. *Fearfully*
Trépido, v. 1. *I tremble*
Trépidus, adj. *Fearful, trembling*
Tr-es, ia, adj. *Three*
Tríbuo, v. 3. *I give, beſtow*
Tribútus, par. *Given, beſtowed*
Triclíni-um, i, n. *A Dining-Room*
Triſtis, e, adj. *Sad, ſorrowful*
Triſtíti-a, æ, f. *Sadneſs, Sorrow*
Trític-um, i, n. *Wheat*
Trívi-um, n. *A Highway*
Trucído, v. 1. *I kill*
Trudo, v. 3. *I thruſt, kick*
Trúſito, v. 1. *I thruſt, puſh*
Tu, pro. *Thou, you*
Tu-ens, entis, par. *Defending*
Túeor, v. 2. *I defend*
Tugúri-um, i, n. *A Kennel*
Tum, adv. *Then*
Tum-ens, entis, par. *Swelling*
Túmeo, v. 2. *I ſwell*
Tunc, adv. *Then*
Túnic-a, æ, f. *A Coat, Jacket*
Turb-a, æ, f. *A Multitude, Mob, Crowd*
Turbátus, par. *Troubled, diſturbed*
Túrbo, v. 1. *I trouble, diſturb*
Turbuléntus, adj. *Foul, muddy*
Turp-is, e, adj. *Baſe, ſhameful*
Turpíſſimus, adj. *Very baſe, ugly*
Túrpitèr, adv. *Baſely, ſhamefully*
Tuſcus, adj. *Tuſcan*
Tutándum, i, ger. *Defending*
Tutándus, par. *To be defended*
Tutél-a, æ, f. *Protection*
Túti-or, us, adj. *Safer*
Tutò, adv. *Safely*
Tutor, v. 1. *I defend*
Tutus, adj. *Safe*
Tutus, par. *Defended*
Tuus, pro. *Thy, your*
Tympan-um, i, n. *A Drum*
Tyránn-us, i, m. *A Tyrant, King*

U.

Uber, is, n. *A Dug*
Ubi, adv. *Where, when*
Ulcíſcor, v. 3. *I avenge, revenge*
Ullus, adj. *Any*
Ultimus, adj. *The laſt, loweſt*
Ultrò, adv. *Willingly, of one's own Accord*
Unà, adv. *Together*
Und-a, æ, f. *A Wave, Water*
Undè, adv. *Whence*
Unguént-um, i, n. *Ointment*
Ungu-is, is, m. *A Claw, Talon*
Unio, nis, m. *A Pearl*
Univérſus, adj. *All, whole*
Unquàm, adv. *Ever*
Unus, adj. *One*
Urbánus, adj. *Civil, courteous*
Ur-bs, bis, f. *A City*
Uſurpátus, par. *Uſurped, uſed*
Uſúrpo, v. 1. *I uſurp, uſe*
Uſus, ûs, m. *Uſe*
Uſus, par. *Uſing*
Ut, con. *That, although*
Ut, adv. *As, how*
Utcunque, adv. *However, in ſome Sort*
Utérque, adj. *Both, either of two*
Uti, con. *Even as, that*
Útil-ior, ius, adj. *More profitable*
Util-is, e, adj. *Profitable, uſeful*
Utiliſſimus, adj. *Moſt, very profitable*
Útilit-as, atis, f. *Profit*

Utiliùs,

Utíliùs, adv. *More profitable*
Utinám, adv. *I wiſh, O that*
Utor, v. 3. *I uſe*
Uv-a, æ, f. *A Grape*
Uxor, is, f. *A Wife*

V.

Vacc-a, æ, f. *A Cow*
Vacivè, adv. *Leiſurely*
Vaco, v. 1. *I am at leiſure*
Vaco, v. 1. *I wait on*
Vácuus, adj. *Empty, wild*
Vado, v. 3. *I go*
Vad-um, i, n. *A Ford, Pond, Stream*
Vag-ans,antis,par. *Wandering*
Vagor, v. 1. *I wander*
Váleo, v. 2. *I am well, avail, I am powerful*
Váleo, v. 2. *I fare well*
Valíd-ior, ius, adj. *Stronger*
Valídiùs, adv. *More powerfully, more preſſingly*
Valídius, adj. *Powerful, ſtrong*
Vanus, adj. *Vain*
Váriè, adv. *Variouſly*
Variet-as, atis, f. *Variety*
Várius, adj. *Divers, various*
Vaſtánd-um, ger. *To be ſpoiled, robbed*
Vaſt-ans,antis,par. *Waſting, ſpoiling*
Vaſto, v. 1. *I waſte, ſpoil*
Vaſtus, adj. *Great, huge*
Vat-es, is, m. *A Poet, Prophet*
Vat-es, is, f. *A Poeteſs, Propheteſs*
Ve, con. *Or*
Vectus, par. *Carried*
Véhem-ens, entis, adj. *Vehement, mad*
Vehemèntèr, adv. *Vehemently, greatly*
Veho, v. 3. *I carry*
Vel, con. *Or, either*
Veloc-ior, ius, adj. *Swifter, more acute*
Velociùs, adv. *More ſwiftly, more acutely*
Velóx, cis, adj. *Swift*
Ven-ans, antis, par. *Hunting*
Venát-or, is, m. *A Huntſman*
Véndito, v. 1. *I ſell often*
Vendo, v. 3. *I ſell*
Véneo, v. 4. *I am ſold*
Véni-a, æ, f. *Leave, Pardon*
Véni-ens, entis, par *Coming*
Vénio, v. 4. *I come*
Venor, v. 1. *I hunt*
Vent-er, ris, m. *A Belly*
Véntito, v. 1. *I come often*
Ventóſus, adj. *Windy, vain*
Vent-us, i, m. *The Wind*
Ven-us, eris, f. Venus
Venúſtus, adj. *Pleaſant, fine, beautiful*
Verbóſus, adj. *Verboſe, full of Words*
Verb-um, i, n. *A Word*
Verè, adv. *Truely, indeed*
Verecúndi-a, æ, f. *Modeſty*
Veréndus, par. *To be feared*
Véreor, v. 2. *I fear, am afraid*
Véritas, atis, f. *Truth*
Véró, adv. *Truely, but*
Verr-es, is, m. *A Boar-Pig*
Verſátus, par. *Converſant, engaged*
Verſo, v. 1. *I turn over, conſider*
Verſor, v. 1. *I am converſant, engaged*
Verſ-us, ûs, m. *A Verſe*
Verſus, par. *Turned*
Verto, v. 3. *I turn*
Ver-um, i, n. *Truth*
Verùm, adv. *But, truely*
Verus, adj. *True*
Veſcor, v. 3. *I am fed*
Veſp-a, æ, f. *A Waſp*
Veſter, pro. *Your*
Veſtígi-um, i, n. *A Footſtep, Trace, Remains*
Veſtiménd-um, i, n. *A Garment, Veſtment*
Veſtít-us, ûs, m. *A Veſtment*
Veſt-is, is, f. *A Garment*
Veto, v. 1. *I forbid*

Vet-us,

Vet-us, eris, adj. *Old, ancient*
Vetúſt-as, atis, f. *Age, Antiquity, Oldneſs*
Vetúſt-ior, ius, adj. *Older*
Vetúſtus, adj. *Ancient*
Vexátus, par. *Vexed, toſſed*
Vexo, v. 1. *I vex, trouble, diſturb*
Vi-a, æ, f. *A Way*
Viátor, is, m. *A Traveller*
Vicínus, adj. *Near, neighbouring*
Vicis, gen, f. *Of a change*
Víctima, æ, f. *A Victim*
Victor, is, m. *A Victor, Conqueror*
Victúrus, par. *About to live*
Vict-us, ûs, m. *Food, Meat*
Victus, par. *Overcome, conquered*
Vídeo, v. 2. *I ſee*
Vídeor, v. 2. *I ſeem, am ſeen*
Vigíli-a, æ, f. *Watchfulneſs*
Vígilo, v. 1. *I watch, wake*
Vigor, is, m. *Vigour, Livelineſs*
Vil-is, e, adj. *Vile, mean, cheap*
Vill-a, æ, f. *A Farm, Country-houſe*
Víllic-us, i, m. *A Steward, Bailiff*
Vinco, v. 3. *I overcome*
Víndicand-um, ger. *To be Avenged*
Vindicándus, par. *To be avenged*
Víndico, v. 1. *I avenge*
Vindíct-a, æ, f. *Revenge*
Víne-a, æ, f. *A vine*
Vin-um, i, n. *Wine*
Víolo, v. 1. *I violate*
Víper-a, æ, f. *A Viper*
Vir, viri, m. *A Man*
Viridári-um, i, n. *A green Walk*
Virídia, n. pl. *Green Walks*
Vírid-is, e, adj. *Green*
Vir-tus, utis, f. *Virtue, Valour, Power*
Vis, vis, f. *Strength, Force*
Viſo, v. 3. *I viſit*
Viſus, par. *Seen*
Vit-a, æ, f. *Life*
Vit-ans, antis, par. *Shunning*
Vit-is, is, f. *A Vine*
Víti-um, i, n. *Vice*
Vito, v. 1. *I ſhun, avoid*
Vítul-us, i, m. *A Bull Calf*
Vitúpero, v. 1. *I blame, revile*
Vivo, v. 3. *I live*
Vivus, adj. *Alive*
Víx, adv. *Scarcely*
Voc-ans, antis, par. *Calling*
Voco, v. 1. *I call*
Vol-ans, antis, par. *Flying*
Volo, v. 1. *I fly*
Volo, v. irr. *I am willing*
Vólu-cer, cris, cre, adj. *Swift*
Volucr is, is, f. *A Bird*
Volúnt-as, atis, f. *Will*
Volúpt-as, atis, f. *Pleaſure*
Volúto, v. 1. *I wallow*
Vot-um, i, n. *A Vow, Wiſh*
Vox, vocis, f. *A Voice, Word*
Vulgár-is, e, adj. *Common*
Vulgatus, par. *Publiſhed*
Vulgò, adv. *Commonly*
Vulg-us, i, n. *The common People*
Vúlnero, v. 1. *I wound*
Vuln-us, eris, n. *A wound*
Vulpécul-a, æ, f. *A little Fox*
Vulpes, is, f. *A Fox*
Vulpínus, adj. *Of a Fox, the Fox's*
Vultúri-ûs, i, m. *A Vulture*
Vult-us, ûs, m. *A Countenance*

X.

Xyſt-um, i, n. *An open Walk*
Xyſt-us, i, m. *A cloſe Walk*

Z.

Zon-a, æ, f. *A Purſe, Girdle*

BRITISH 28JA85 MUSEUM

THEMATA

THEMATA VERBORUM.

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
A.							
Abd-o	ábd-idi	ábd-itum	ábd-ere	3	a.		ab,
Ab-eo	ab-ívi	áb-itum	ab-íre				ab,
Ab-igo	ab-égi	ab-áctum	ab-ígere	3	a.		ab,
Abj-ício	abj-éci	abj-éctum	abj-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Abr-ípio	abr-ípúi	abr-éptum	abr-ípere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Ab-ſiſto	áb-ſtiti	———	ab-ſiſtere	3			ab,
Abſól-vo	absól-vi	abſol-útum	absól-vere	3	a.	g,	ab,
Ab-ſum	áb-fui	———	ab-éſſe			d,	ab,
Abúnd-o	abund-ávi	abund-átum	abund-áre	1		d,	ab,
Accé-do	accé-ſſi	accéſſ-um	accé-dere	3		d,	ab,
Accén-do	accén-di	accén-ſum	accén-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Accérſ-o	accerſ-ívi	accerſ-ítum	accérſ-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Acci-do	ácci-di	———	accí-dere	3		d,	ab,
Acc-ípio	acc-épi	acc-éptum	acc-ípere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Accómmod-o	accommod-ávi	accommod-átum	accommod-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Accúr-ro	accúr-ri	accúr-ſum	accúr-rere	3		d,	ab,
Accú-ſo	accuſ-ávi	accuſ-átum	accuſ-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Acquí-ro	acqui-ſivi	acqui-ſítum	acquí-rere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Acú-o	ácu-i	acú-tum	acú-ere	3	a	d,	ab,
Adclám-o	adclam-ávi	adclam-átum	adclam-áre	1		d,	ab,
Add-o	add-idi	ádd-itum	ádd-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Addú-co	addú-xi	addú-ctum	addú cere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Ad-eo	ád-ívi	ad-ítum	ad-íre		a.		ab,
Adféct-o	adfect-ávi	adfect-átum	adfect-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Ad-fero	ád-tuli	ad-látum	ad-férre		a.	d,	ab,
Adfíci-o	ad feci	ad-féctum	ad-fícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adflu-o	adflú-xi	adflú-ctum	adflú-ere	3		d,	ab,
Adgré-dior	adgré-ſſus	———	ádgre-di	3	a.		ab,
Adj-ício	adj-éci	adj éctum	adj-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adju-vo	adjú-vi	adjú-tum	adju-váre	1	a.		ab,
Adlú-do	adlú-ſi	adlú-ſum	adlú-dere	3		d,	ab,
Admón-eo	admón-ui	admón-itum	admon-ére	2	a.	g,	ab,
Admó-veo	admó-vi	admó-tum	admo-vére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Adnát-o	adnat-ávi	adnat-átum	adnat-áre	1		d,	ab,
Adpet-o	adpet-ívi	adpet-ítum	adpét-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adprob-o	adprob-ávi	adprob-átum	adprob-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Acquí-ro	adqui-ſívi	adqui-ſítum	adquí-rere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adrí-deo	adr-ífi	adrí-ſum	adrí-dére	2		d,	ab,
Adr-ípio	adríp-ui	adr-éptum	adrí-pere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adſcrí-bo	adſcrí-pſi	adſcrí-ptum	adſcrí-bere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adſe-quor	adſe-cútus	———	ád-ſequi	3	a.		ab,
Adſign-o	adſign-ávi	adſign-átum	adſign-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Ad-ſilio	ad-ſílui	adsúl-tum	ad ſilíre	4		d,	ab,
Adſué-ſco	adſué-vi	adſué-tum	adſué-ſcere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Adſum-	ád-fui	———	adéſſe			d,	ab,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Adtént-o	adtent-ávi	adtent-átum	adtent-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Adtéſt-or	adteſt-átus	———	adteſt-ári	1	a.		ab,
Adtra-ho	adtrá-xi	adtrá-ctum	adtrá-here	3	g.	d,	ab,
Advé-nio	advé-ni	advé-ntum	adve-nire	4		d,	ab,
Adverſ-or	adverſ-átus	———	adverſ-ári	1		d,	ab,
Advoc-o	advoc-ávi	advoc-átum	advoc-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Advol-o	advol-ávi	advol-átum	advol-áre	1	a.		ab,
Ægrót-o	ægrot-ávi	ægrot-átum	ægrot-áre	1			ab,
Æmul-or	æmul-átus	———	æmul-ári	1	a.		ab,
Æqu-o	æqu-ávi	æqu-átum	æqu-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Æſtim-o	æſtim-ávi	æſtim-átum	æſtim-áre	1	a.	g,	ab,
Affect-o	affect-ávi	affect-átum	affect-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Affirm-o	affirm-ávi	affirm-átum	affirm-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Affli-go	affli-xi	affli-ctum	affli-gere	3			ab,
Agger-o	agger-ávi	agger-átum	agger-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Aggrav-o	aggrav-ávi	aggrav-átum	aggrav-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Aggré-dior	aggré-ſſus	———	aggre-di	3	a.		ab,
Agnó-ſco	agnó-vi	agnó-tum	agnó-ſcere	3	a.		ab,
Ago	egi	actum	ágere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Allo	———	———	———		a.	d,	ab,
Allí-cio	allí-cui	allí-citum	alli-cere	3	a.		ab,
Allig-o	allig-ávi	allig-átum	allig-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Al-o	álu-i	al-tum ál-itum	ál-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Amí-tto	amí-ſi	amí-ſſum	amí-ttere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Am-o	am-ávi	am-átum	am-áre	1	a.		ab,
Amplé-ctor	amplé-xus	———	amplé-cti	3	a.		ab,
Anhé-lo	anhel-ávi	anhel-átum	anhel-áre	1			ab,
Animadvér-to	animadvér-ti	animadvér-ſum	animadvér-tere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Appár-eo	appár-ui	appár-itum	appar-ére	2		d,	ab,
Appet-o	appet-ívi	appet-ítum	appét-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Appó-no	appó-ſui	appó-ſitum	appó-nere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Approb-o	approb-ávi	approb-átum	approb-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Apt-o	apt-ávi	apt-átum	apt-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Arcéſſ-o	arceſſ-ívi	arceſſ-ítum	arcéſſ-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Ar-deo	ar-ſi	ar-ſum	ar-dére	2	a.		ab,
Arg-uo	árg-ui	arg-útum	arg-úere	3	a.	g,	ab,
Arr-ípio	arr-ípui	arr-éptum	arr-ípere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Aſcén-do	aſcén-di	aſcén-ſum	aſcén-dere	3	a.		ab,
Aſpérn-or	aſpern-átus	———	aſpern-ári	1	a.		ab,
Aſp-ício	aſp-éxi	aſp-éctum	aſp-icere	3	a.		ab,
Aſſe-quor	aſſe-cútus	———	aſſe-qui	3	a.		ab,
Aſſign-o	aſſign-ávi	aſſign-átum	aſſign-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Attén-do	attén-di	attén-ſum	attén-dere	3	a.		ab,
Attéſt-or	atteſt-átus	———	atteſt-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Att-ingo	átti-gi	att-áctum	att-íngere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Au-deo	au-ſus	———	au-dére	2	a.		ab,
Aud-io	aud-ívi	aud-ítum	aud-íre	4	a.		ab,
Avér-to	avér-ti	avér-ſum	avér-tere	3	a.		ab,
Aufero	ábſtuli	ablátum	auférre		a.	d,	ab,
Auxíli-or	auxili-átus	———	auxili-ári	1		d,	ab,
B.							
Bene-fácio	bene-féci	bene-fáctum	bene-fácere	3		d,	ab,
Bi-bo	bi-bi	bi-bitum	bi-bere	3	a.	d,	ab,
C.							
Ca-co	cac-ávi	cac-átum	cac-áre	1	a.		ab,

Cæd-o

Præf.	Perf.	Sup. I.	Inf.		Regimen.	
Cæ-do	cæ-cídi	cæ-ſum	cæ-dere	3	a.	ab,
Calúmni-or	calumni-átus	———	calumni-ári	1	a.	ab,
Cápio	cepi	cap-tum	cápere	3	a.	d, ab,
Capt-o	capt-ávi	capt-átum	capt-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Cár-eo	cár-ui	cár-itum	car-ére	2		ab,
Cárp-o	carp-ſi	carp-tum	cárp-ere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cá-veo	ca-vi	ca-utum	cá-vére	2	a.	d, ab,
Ce-do	ce-ſſi	ce-ſſum	cé-dere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cel-o	cel-ávi	cel-átum	cel-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Cerno	crevi	cretum	cérnere	3	a.	ab,
Cert-o	cert-ávi	cert-átum	cert-áre	1		d, ab,
Ceſſ-o	ceſſ-ávi	ceſſ-átum	ceſſ-áre	1		d, ab,
Circumcí-do	circumcí-di	circumcí-ſum	circum-cídere	3	a.	ab,
Circúm-do	circúm-dedi	circúm-datum	circúm-dare	1	a.	d, ab,
Circumdú-co	circumdú-xi	circumdú-ctum	circumdú-cere	3	a.	d, ab,
Circúm-eo	circum-ívi	circum-itum	circum-íre		a.	ab,
Clam-o	clam-ávi	clam-átum	clam-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Clau-do	clau-ſi	clau-ſum	claú-dere	3	a.	d, ab,
———	cœpi	———	cœ-píſſe			
Cógit-o	cogit-ávi	cógit-atum	cogit-áre	1	a.	ab,
Cogn-óſco	cogn-óvi	cógn-itum	cogn-óſcere	3	a.	ab,
Co-go	co-égi	co-áctum	có-gere	3	a.	ab,
Cóll-igo	coll-égi	coll-éctum	coll-ígere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cólloc-o	colloc-ávi	colloc-átum	colloc-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Colo	cólui	cultum	có-lere	3	a.	ab,
Cóme-do	comé-di	comé-ſum	comé-dere	3	a.	d, ab,
Commémor-o	commemor-ávi	commemor-átum	commemor-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Commend-o	commendávi	commend-átum	commend-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Commí-tto	commí-ſi	commí-ſſum	commí-ttere	3	a.	d, ab,
Commod-o	commod-ávi	commod-átum	commod-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Compéll-o	compell-ávi	compell-átum	compell-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Comp-éllo	cómp-uli	comp-ulſum	comp-éllere	3	a.	d, ab,
Compér-io	cómper-i	compér-tum	comper-íre	4	a.	d, ab,
Compéſc-o	compéſc-ui	compéſc-itum	compéſc-ere	3	a.	d, ab,
Compíl-o	compíl-avi	compil-átum	compil-áre	1	a.	ab,
Cómpl-eo	compl-évi	compl-étum	compl-ére	2	a.	d, ab,
Comprehén-do	comprehén-di	comprehén-ſum	comprehén-dere	3	a.	ab,
Compún-go	compún-xi	compúnctum	compúng-ere	3	a.	d, ab,
Concac-o	concac-ávi	concac-átum	concac-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Cónci-do	cónci-di	———	conci-dere	3		d, ab,
Concinn-o	concinn-ávi	concinn-átum	concinn-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Conci-pio	con-cépi	con-céptum	con-cípere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cóncit-o	concit-ávi	concit-átum	concit-áre	1	a.	d, ab,
Concup-io	concup-ívi	concup-ítum	concúp-ere	3	a.	d, ab,
Concúp-íſco	concup-ívi	concup-ítum	concup-íſcere	3	a.	d, ab,
Concúr-ro	concúrri	concúr-ſum	concúr-rere	3		d, ab,
Concurſ-o	concurſ-ávi	concurſ-átum	concurſ-áre	1		ab,
Cóndi-co	condi-xi	condi-ctum	condi-cere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cond-o	cónd-idi	cond-itum	cónd-ere	3	a.	d, ab,
Condú-co	condú-xi	condú-ctum	condú-cere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cónfero	cóntuli	collátum	conférre		a.	d, ab,
Confí-do	confí-di	confí-ſum	confí-dere	3		d, ab,
Confó-dio	confó-di	confó-ſſum	confó-dere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cónge-ro	congé-ſſi	congé-ſtum	congé-rere	3	a.	d, ab,
Cóngru-o	cóngru-i	———	congrú-ere	3		d, ab,
Con-or	con-átus	———	con-ári	1	a.	ab,
Conrá-do	conrá-ſi	conrá-ſum	conra-dere	3	a.	d,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Conró-do	conró-ſi	conro-ſum	conró-dere	3	a.		ab,
Conféct-or	conſect-átus	——— ———	conſect-ári	1	a.		ab,
Cónſe-quor	conſe-cútus	——— ———	cónſe-qui	3	a.		ab,
Conſide-ro	conſider-ávi	conſider-átum	conſider-áre	1	a.		ab,
Con-ſíſto	cón-ſtiti	cón-ſtitum	con-ſíſtere	3			ab,
Conſóci o	conſoci-ávi	conſoci-átum	conſoci-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Conſpér-go	conſpér-ſi	conſpér-ſum	conſpér-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Conſp-ício	conſp-éxi	conſp-éctum	conſp-icere	3	a.		ab,
Conſt-o	có. ſt-iti	cónſt-itum, átum	conſt-áre	1	g.	d,	ab,
Cónſul-o	conſúl-ui	conſúl-tum	conſúl-ere	3	a.	d	ab,
Conſúm-o	conſúmp-ſi	conſúm-ptum	conſúm-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Conſúr-go	conſur-réxi	conſur-réctum	conſúr-gere	3		d,	ab,
Conté-go	conté-xi	conté-ctum	conté-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Contém-no	contém-pſi	contém-ptum	contém-nere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Contén-do	contén-di	contén-ſum, tum	contén-dere	3			ab,
Con-tíneo	cont-ínui	cont-éntum	cont-inére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Con-tíngo	cónt-igi	cont-áctum	cont-íngere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Continu-o	continu-ávi	continu-átum	continu-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Cónt a-ho	contrá-xi	contrá-ctum	contrá-here	3	a.	d,	ab,
Convén-io	convén-i	convén-tum	conven-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Convíci-or	convici-átus	——— ———	convici-ári	1	a.		ab,
Conviti-or	conviti-átus	——— ———	conviti-ári	1	a.		ab,
Cónvoc-o	convoc-ávi	convoc-átum	convoc-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Córr-igo	corr-éxi	corr-éctum	corr-ígere	3	a,		ab,
Córr-ipio	corr-ípui	corr-eptum	corr-ípere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Corrú-mpo	corrú-pi	corrú-ptum	corrú-mpere	3	a.		ab,
Cred-o	créd-idi	créd-itum	créd-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Cre-o	cre-ávi	cre-átum	cre-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Crímin-or	crimin-átus	——— ———	crimin-ári	1	a.		ab,
Crúci-or	cruci-átus	——— ———	cruci-ári	1	a.		ab,
Cúp-io	cup-ívi	cup-ítum	cúp-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Cur-o	cur-ávi	cur-átum	cur-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Cur-ro	cucúrri	cur-ſum	cúr-rere	3	a.		ab,
Cuſtód-io	cuſtod-ívi	cuſtod-ítum	cuſtod-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,

D.

Damn-o	damn-ávi	damn-átum	damn-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Déb-eo	déb-ui	déb-itum	deb-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Decé-do	decé-ſſi	decé-ſſum	decé-dere	3		d,	ab,
Decérn-o	decré-vi	decré-tum	decérn-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Decí-do	decí-di	decí-ſum	decí-dere	3		d,	ab,
Dec-ípio	dec-épi	dec-éptum	decí-pere	3	a.		ab,
Declár-o	declar-ávi	declar-átum	declar-áre	1	a	d,	ab,
Decúr-ro	decúr-ri	decúr-ſum	decúr-rere	3	a.		ab,
Ded-o	déd-idi	déd-itum	déd-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Def-ício	def-éci	def-éctum	def-icere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Deflé-cto	deflé-xi	deflé-xum	deflé-ctere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Deflu-o	deflú-xi	deflú-xum	deflú-ere	3		d,	ab,
Deg-o	deg-i	——— ———	dég-ere	3	a		ab,
Deléct-o	delect-ávi	delect-átum	delect-áre	1	a.		ab,
Delíb-o	delib-ávi	delib-átum	delib-áre	1	a-		ab,
Delín-io	delin-ívi	delin-ítum	delin-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Delí-nquo	delí-qui	delí-ctum	delí-nquere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Delú-do	delú-ſi	delú-ſum	delú-dere	3	a.		ab,
Demí-tto	demí-ſi	demí-ſſum	demí-ttere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Demónſtr-o	demonſtr-ávi	demonſtr-átum	demonſtr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Deplór-o	deplor-ávi	deplor-átum	deplor-áre	1	a.		ab,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.	
Depó-no	depó-ſui	depó-ſitum	depó-nere	3	a. d,	ab,
Dépr-imo	depr-éſſi	depr-éſſum	depr-ímere	3	a.	ab,
Depúgn-o	depugn-ávi	depugn-átum	depugn-áre	1	a.	ab,
Derép-o	derép-ſi	derép-tum	derép-ere	3		ab,
Derí-deo	deri-ſi	derí-ſum	deri-dére	2	a.	ab,
Der-ípio	der-ípui	der-éptum	der-ípere	1	a. d,	ab,
Deſcén-do	deſcén-di	deſcén-ſum	deſcén-dere	3		ab,
Deſcrí-bo	deſcrí-pſi	deſcrí-ptum	deſcrí-bere	3	a. d,	ab,
Déter-o	deſér-ui	deſér-tum	deſér-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
Desíder-o	deſider-ávi	deſider-átum	deſider-áre	1	a.	ab,
Deſ-ídeo	deſ-édi	———	deſ-ídére	2		ab,
Défi-no	desí-ni	desí-tum	desí-nere	3	a.	ab,
Deſp-ício	deſp-éxi	deſp-éctum	deſp-ícere	3	a.	ab,
Déſtin-o	deſtin-ávi	deſtin-átum	deſtin-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Deſtítu-o	deſtítu-i	deſtitú-tum	deſtitú-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
Deſum	déſui	———	deéſſe		d,	ab,
Dé-tero	de-trívi	de-trítum	de-térere	3	a. d,	ab,
De-térreo	de-térrui	detérr-itum	deterr-ére	2	a.	ab,
Détra-ho	detrá-xi	detrá-ctum	detrá-here	3	a. d,	ab,
Devén-io	devén-i	devén-tum	deven-íre	4		ab,
Dévoc-o	devoc-ávi	devoc-átum	devoc-áre	1	a.	ab,
Dévor-o	devor-ávi	devor-átum	devor-áre	1	a.	ab,
Di-co	di-xi	di-ctum	di-cere	3	a. d,	ab,
Digrúnn-io	digrunn-ívi	digrunn-ítum	digrunn-íre	4		ab,
Díl-igo	dil-éxi	dil-éctum	dil-igere	3	a.	ab,
Dimí-tto	dimí-ſi	dimí-ſſum	dimí-ttere	3	a. d,	ab,
Dir-ípio	dir-ípui	dir-éptum	dir-ípere	3	a. d,	ab,
Diſcé-do	diſcé-ſſi	diſcé-ſſum	diſcé-dere	3		ab,
Diſc-érno	diſcr-évi	diſcr-étum	diſc-érnere	3	a.	ab,
Diſc-o	dídic-i	———	diſc-ere	3	a.	ab,
Diſp-éllo	diſp-uli	diſp-úlſum	diſp-éllere	3	a.	ab,
Díſſer-o	diſſér-ui	diſſér-tum	diſſér-ere	3	a.	ab,
Diſſ-ídeo	diſſ-édi	diſſ-éſſum	diſſ-idére	2		ab,
Diſsímul-o	diſſimul-ávi	diſſimul-átum	diſſimul-áre	1	a.	ab,
Diſſól-vo	diſſól-vi	diſſol-útum	diſſól-vere	3	a.	ab,
Diſtríbu-o	diſtríb-ui	diſtribú-tum	diſtribú-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
Diſtrí-ngo	diſtr-ínxi	diſtrí-ctum	diſtrí-ngere	3	a. d,	ab,
Dívi-do	dívi-ſi	dívi-ſum	dívi-dere	3	a. d,	ab,
Divín-o	divin-ávi	divin-átum	divin-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Do	dedi	datum	dare	1	a. d,	ab,
Dóc-eo	dóc-ui	doc-tum	doc-ére	2	a. d,	ab,
Dól-eo	dól-ui	dól-itum	dol-ére	2	a.	ab,
Dom-o	dóm-ui	dóm-itum	dom-áre	1	a.	ab,
Don-o	don-ávi	don-átum	don-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Dórm-io	dorm-ívi	dorm-ítum	dorm-íre	4		ab,
Dúbit-o	dubit-ávi	dubit-átum	dubit-áre	1	a.	ab,
Du-co	du-xi	du-ctum	dú-cere	3	a. d,	ab,
E.						
Ed-o	éd-idi	éd-itum	ed-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
Educ-o	educ-ávi	educ-átum	educ-áre	1	a.	ab,
Edú-co	edu-xi	edú-ctum	edu-cere	3	a. d,	ab,
Effero	éxtuli	elátum	efférre		a. d,	ab,
Eff-ício	eff-éci	eff-éctum	eff-ícere	3	a. d,	ab,
Effó-dio	effó-di	effó-ſum	effó-dere	3	a. d,	ab,
Effúg-io	effúg-i	effúg-itum	effúg-ere	3	a.	ab,
Effún-do	effú-di	effú-ſum	effúndere	3	a. d,	ab,

Egré-dior

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.	
Egré-dior	egré-ſſus	———	égre-di	3		ab,
Ej-ício	ej-éci	ej-éctum	ej-icere	3	a. d,	ab,
Elev-o	elev-ávi	elevátum	elev-áre	1	a.	ab,
El-igo	el-égi	el-éctum	el-igere	3	a. d,	ab,
Elú-do	elú-ſi	elú-ſum	elú-dere	3	a.	ab,
Emend-o	emend-ávi	emend-átum	emend-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Emí-tto	emí-ſi	emí-ſſum	emi-ttere	3	a. d,	ab,
Emór-ior	emór-tuus	———	émor-i	3		ab,
E'nat-o	enat-ávi	enat-átum	enat-áre	1		ab,
Eni-tor	{eni-ſus / eni-xus	———	eni-ti	3		ab,
Eo	ivi	itum	ire	4	d,	ab,
Erá-do	erá-ſi	erá-ſum	erá-dere	3	a.	ab,
Er-ípio	er-ípui	er-éptum	er-ipere	3	a. d,	ab,
Err-o	err-ávi	err-átum	err-áre	1		ab,
Erúb-eo	erúb-ui	———	erub-ére	2		ab,
Erubéſ-co	———	———	erubéſc-ere	3		ab,
Erú-mpo	erúpi	erú-ptum	erú-mpere	3	d,	ab,
E'ru-o	éru-i	éru-tum	erú-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
Evá-do	evá-ſi	evá-ſum	evá-dere	3		ab,
E'vag-or	evag-átus	———	evag-ári	1		ab,
Ev-ello	{ev-élli / ev-úlſi	ev-úlſum	ev-éllere	3	a. d,	ab,
Evér-to	evér-ti	evér-ſum	evér-tere	3	a.	ab,
E'voco	evoc-ávi	evoc-átum	evoc-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Exágger-o	exagger-ávi	exagger-átum	exagger-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Exár-o	exar-ávi	exar-átum	exar-áre	1	a d,	ab,
Excé-do	excéſſi	excé-ſſum	excé-dere	3		ab,
Excí-do	excí-di	exci-ſum	exci-dere	3	a. d,	ab,
Exc-ípio	exc-épi	exc-éptum	exc-ípere	3	a. d,	ab,
E'xcit-o	excit-ávi	excit-átum	excit-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
E'xc-olo	exc-ólui	exc-últum	exc-ólere	3	a.	ab,
Excúſ-o	excuſ-ávi	excuſ-átum	excuſ-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Excú-tio	excú-ſſi	excú-ſſum	excú-tere	3	a.	ab,
E'xe-o	ex-ívi	éx-itum	ex-íre	4	d,	ab,
E'xequ-or	exequ-útus	———	éxequ-i	3	a.	ab,
Exérc-eo	exérc-ui	exérc-itum	exerc-ére	2	a.	ab,
E'xer-o	exér-ui	exér-tum	exér-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
E'xhíb-eo	exhíb-ui	exhíb-itum	exhib-ére	2	a. d,	ab,
Ex-igo	ex-égi	ex-áctum	ex-ígere	3	a. d,	ab,
Exiſtim-o	exiſtim-ávi	exiſtim-átum	exiſtim-áre	1	a. g,	ab,
Exorn-o	exorn-ávi	exorn-átum	exorn-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Exor-o	exor-ávi	exor-átum	exor-áre	1	a.	ab,
Expéct-o	expect-ávi	expect-átum	expect-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
Exped-io	exped-ívi	exped-ítum	exped-íre	4	a. d,	ab,
Exp-éllo	expú-li	exp-úlſum	exp-éllere	3	a. d,	ab,
E'xpet-o	expet-ívi	expet-ítum	expét-ere	3	a. d,	ab,
E'xpi-o	expi-ávi	expi-átum	expi-áre	1	a.	ab,
E'xpír-o	expir-ávi	expir-átum	expir-áre	1		ab,
E'xple-o	expl-évi	expl-étum	expl-ére	2	a. d,	ab,
E'xplic-o	explic-ávi	explic-átum	explic-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
E'xplic-o	explíc-ui	explíc-itum	explic-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
E'xplór-o	explor-ávi	explor-átum	explor-áre	1	a. d,	ab,
E'xpó-no	expó-ſui	expó-ſitum	expó-nere	3	a. d,	ab,
E'xpr-imo	expr-éſſi	expr-éſſum	expr-ímere	3	a. d,	ab,
E'xſequ-or	exſecu-útus	———	éxſequ-i	3	a.	ab,
E'xt-ero	ext-rívi	ext-ritum	ext-érere	3	a. d,	ab,

Præt.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Extóllo	éxtuli	elátum	extóllere	3	a.	d,	ab,
E´xtra-ho	extrá-vi	extrá-ctum	extrá-here	3	a.	d,	ab,
Extric-o	extric-ávi	extric-átum	extric-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Exú-ro	exúſſi	exú-ſtum	exú-rere	3	a.		ab,
F.							
Fábric-o	fabric-ávi	fabric-átum	fabric-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Fácio	feci	factum	fácere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Fallo	fefélli	falſum	fallere	3	a.		ab,
Faſtid-io	faſtid-ívi	faſtid-ítum	faſtid-íre	4	a.		ab,
Fá-teor	fa-ſſus	———	fa-téri	2	a.		ab,
Fatigo	fatig-ávi	fatig-átum	fatig-áre	1	a.		ab,
Fá-veo	fa-vi	fa-utum	fa-vére	2		d,	ab,
Fério	percúſſi	percúſſum	ferire	4	a.	d,	ab,
Fero	tuli	latum	ferre		a.	d,	ab,
Féror	latus	———	ferri				ab,
Feſtín-o	feſtin-ávi	feſtin-átum	feſtin-áre	1			ab,
Fi-do	fi-di	fi-ſum	fí-dere	3		d,	ab,
Fi-ngo	fi-nxi	fi-ctum	fin-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Fín-io	fin-ívi	fin-ítum	fin-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Fio	factus	———	fieri			d,	ab,
Flágit-o	flagit-ávi	flagit-átum	flagit-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Fl-eo	fl-evi	fl-étum	fl-ere	2	a.		ab,
Flór-eo	flór-ui	———	flor-ére	2			ab,
Fó-dio	fo-di	fo-ſſum	fó-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Forem	———	———	fore		g.	d,	ab,
Fó-veo	fo-vi	fo-tum	fo-vére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Fræn-o	fræn-ávi	fræn-átum	fræn-áre	1	a.		ab,
Frango	fregi	fractum	frángere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Fraud-o	fraud-ávi	fraud-átum	fraud-áre	1	a.		ab,
Fre-mo	fré-mui	fré-mitum	fré-mere	3			ab,
Frequént-o	frequent-ávi	frequent-átum	frequent-áre	1	a.		ab,
Fru-or	fruct-us / frú-itus	———	fru-i	3			ab,
Fúg-io	fug-i	fúg-itum	fúg-ere	3	a.		ab,
Fúgit-o	fugit-ávi	fugit-átum	fugit-áre	1	a.		ab,
Fúg-o	fug-ávi	fug-átum	fug-áre	1		d,	ab,
Fund-o	fund-ávi	fund-átum	fund-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
G.							
Gáud-eo	gavíſus	———	gaud-ére	2			ab,
Gem-o	gém-ui	gém-itum	gém-ere	3			ab,
Géner-o	gener-ávi	gener-átum	gener-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Ge-ro	ge-ſſi	ge-ſtum	ge-rere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Gign-o	gén-ui	gén-itum	gign-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Glóri-or	glori-átus	———	glori-ári	1			ab,
Grátul-or	gratul-atus	———	gratul-ári	1		d,	ab,
Gubérn-o	gubern-ávi	gubern-átum	gubern-áre	1	a.		ab,
Guſt-o	guſt-ávi	guſt-átum	guſt-áre	1	a.		ab,
H.							
Háb-eo	háb-ui	háb-itum	hab-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Hæ-reo	hæ-ſi	hæ-ſum	hæ-rére	2		d,	ab,
Hórr-eo	hórr-ui	———	horr-ére	2	a.		ab,
Hort-or	hort-átus	———	hort-ári	1	a.		ab,

Præſ. 1.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Jác-eo	jác-ui	———	jac-ére	2			ab,
Jácto	jact-ávi	jact-átum	jact-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Ignór-o	ignor-avi	ignor-átum	ignor-áre	1	a.		ab,
Ignó-ſco	ignó-vi	ignó-tum	ignó-ſcere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Imit-or	imit-átus	———	imit-ári	1	a.		ab,
Immi-ſceo	immi-ſcui	immi-xtum / immi-ſtum	immí-ſcere	2	a.	d,	ab,
Immí-to	immí-ſi	immi-ſſum	immí-ttere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Immol-or	immol-átus	———	immol-ári	1		d,	ab,
Immól-o	immol-ávi	immol-átum	immol-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Impéd-io	imped-ívi	imped-ítum	imped-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Impén-do	impén-di	impén-ſum	impén-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Impetro	impetr-avi	impetr-átum	impetr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Imp-íngo	imp-égi	imp-actum	imp-íngere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Impl-eo	impl-évi	impl-étum	impl-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Implic-o	implic-ávi / implic-ui	implic-átum / implí-citum	implic-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Impóno	impó-ſui	impó-ſitum	impó-nere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Impórt-o	import-avi	import-átum	import-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Impúgn-o	impugn-avi	impugn-átum	impugn-áre	1		d,	ab,
Imput-o	imput-avi	imput-átum	imput-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Inc-ípio	inc-épi	inc-éptum	inc-ipere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Incómmod-o	incommod-avi	incommod-átum	incommod-áre	1		d,	ab,
Increp-o	increp-ui	increp-itum	increp-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Incú-mbo	incú-bui	incúb-itum	incú-mbere	3		d,	ab,
Incub-o	incúb-ui	incúb-itum	incub-áre	1		d,	ab,
Indic-o	indic-avi	indic-átum	indic-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Indign-or	indign-atus	———	indign-ári	1	a.		ab,
Indú-co	indú-xi	indú-ctum	indú-cere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Infero	intuli	illátum	inférre		a.	d,	ab,
Infl-o	infl-avi	infl-átum	infl-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Infú-ndo	infú-di	infú-ſum	infú-ndere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Ingem-o	ingém-ui	ingém-itum	ingém-ere	3			ab,
Ingré-dior	ingr-éſſus	———	ingre-di	3	a.		ab,
Inj-ício	inj-éci	inj-éctum	inj-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Inl-icio	inl-éxi	inl-éctum	inl-icere	3	a.		ab,
Inlí-do	inli-fi	inlíſum	inlí-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Innot-éſco	innót-ui	———	innot-éſcere	3		d,	ab,
Inquam					a.	d,	ab,
Inquino	inquin-avi	inquin-átum	inquin-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Inrí-deo	inri-ſi	inrí-ſum	inri-dére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Inſequor	inſequ-útus	———	inſequ-i	3	a.		ab,
Inſer-o	inſér-ui	inſér-tum	inſer-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Inſ-ílio	inſ-ilui / inſ-ilivi	inſ-últum	inſ-ilire	4			ab,
Inſp-ício	inſp-éxi	inſp-éctum	inſp-ícere	3	a.		ab,
Inſt-o	inſt-iti	inſt-itum	inſt-áre	1		d,	ab,
Inſúlt-o	inſult-avi	inſult-átum	inſult-áre	1			ab,
Intéll-igo	intell-éxi	intell-éctum	intell-igere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Intén-do	intén-di	intén-tum / intén-ſum	intén-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Inter-cípio	inter-cépi	intet-ceptum	inter-cipere	3	a.		ab,
Interd-ico	interdi-xi	interdi-ctum	interdicere	3	a.		ab,
Inter-eſt	intér-fuit	———	intereſſe		g.	d,	ab,
Interf-ício	intérf-éci	interf-éctum	interf-ícere	3	a.		ab,
Interpó-no	interpó-ſui	interpó-ſitum	interpó-nere	3		d,	ab,
Intérpre-tor	interpret-átus	———	interpret-ári	1	a.		ab,

Intérrogo-

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Intérrog-o	interrog-ávi	interrog-átum	interrog-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Intér-ſum	intér-fui	———	inter-éſſe		g.	d,	ab,
Intervén-io	intervén-i	intervén-tum	interven-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Intr-o	intr-ávi	intr-átum	intr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Intú-eor	intú-itus	———	intu-éri	2	a	d,	ab,
I'ntu-or	intú-itus / intú-tus	———	íntu-i	3	a.	d,	ab,
Invén-io	invén-i	invén-tum	inven-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Invit-o	intit-ávi	invit-átum	invit-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Invól-vo	invól-vi	invol-útum	ínvól-vere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Joc-or	joc-átus	———	joc-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Irás-cor	irá-tus	———	irá-ſci	3	a.		ab,
Irrí-deo	irrí-ſi	irrí-ſum	irri-dére	2	a.		ab,
I'ter-o	iter-ávi	iter-átum	iter-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Jú-beo	ju-ſſi	ju-ſſum	ju-bére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Júdic-o	judic-ávi	judic-átum	judic-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Juv-at	juv-it	———	juv-áre	1	a.		ab,
Ju-vo	ju-vi	ju-tum	juv-áre	1	a.		ab,
L							
La-bor	la-pſus	———	la-bi	3			ab,
Labór-o	labor-ávi	labor-átum	labor-áre	1		d,	ab,
Lácer-o	lacer-ávi	lacer-átum	lacer-áre	1		d,	ab,
Lacéſſ-o	laceſſ-ívi / lacéſſ-i	laceſſ-ítum	lacéſſ-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Læ-do	læ-ſi	læ-ſum	læ'-dere	3	a.		ab,
Læt-or	læt-átus	———	læt-ári	1			ab,
Lamb-o	lamb-i	———	lám-bere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Langu-eo	langu-i	———	langu-ére	2		d,	ab,
Laſſ-o	laſſ-ávi	laſſ-átum	laſſ-áre	1	a.		ab,
Lát-eo	lát-ui	lát-itum	lat-ére	2			ab,
Latr-o	latr-ávi	latr-átum	latr-áre	1		d,	ab,
Laud-o	laud-ávi	laud-átum	laud-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Lax-o	lax-ávi	lax-átum	lax-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Le-go	le-gi	le-ctum	lé-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Lev-o	lev-ávi	lev-átum	lev-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Líb-eo	líb-ui	líb-itum	lib-ére	2		d,	ab,
Líber-o	liber-ávi	liber-átum	liber-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Lib-et	líb-uit / líb-itum	———	lib-ére	2		d,	ab,
Lic-et	lic-uit	———	lic-ére	2		d,	ab,
Lig-o	lig-ávi	lig-átum	lig-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Lim-o	lim-ávi	lim-átum	lim-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Li-nquo	li-qui	li-ctum	lí-nquere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Lítig-o	litig-ávi	litig-átum	litig-áre	1			ab,
Loc-o	loc-ávi	loc-átum	loc-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Lo-quor	lo-cútus	———	lo-qui		a.		ab,
Lub-et	lúb-uit / lúb-itum	———	lub-ére	2		d,	ab,
Lucr-or	lucr-átus	———	lucr-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Luct-or	luct-átus	———	luct-ári	1			ab,
Ludo	lu-ſi	lu-ſum	lú-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Lú-geo	lu-xi	lu-ctum	lu-gére	2		d,	ab,
Lu-o	lu-i	lú-itum	lú-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Luſtr-o	luſtr-ávi	luſtr-átum	luſtr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Luxúri-o	luxuri-ávi	luxuri-átum	luxuri-áre	1			ab,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
M.							
Mácer-o	macer-ávi	macer-átum	macer-áre	1	a.		ab,
Maledí-co	maledí-xi	maledí-ctum	maledí-cere	3		d,	ab,
Mal-o	mál-ui	———	mal-le		a.	d,	ab,
Mand-o	mand-ávi	mand-átum	mand-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Mán-eo	mán-ſi	man-ſum	man-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
———	mémin-i	———	memin-íſſe		a.	g,	ab,
Ment-ior	ment-ítus	———	ment-íri	4	a.	d,	ab,
Mér-eo	mér-ui	mér-itum	mer-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Mér-go	mer-ſi	mer-ſum	mér-gere	3	a.		ab,
Métu-o	métu-i	———	metú-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Min-or	min-átus	———	min ári		a.	d,	ab,
Mir-or	mir-átus	———	mir-ári	1	a.		ab,
Mí-ſceo	mí-ſcui	mi-ſtum / mi-xtum	mi-ſcére	1 / 2	a.	d,	ab,
Miſér-eor	miſér-tus	———	miſer-éri	2		g,	ab,
Mi-tto	mi-ſi	mi-ſſum	mí-ttere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Mœ-reo	mœ-ſtus	———	mœ-rére	2			
Món-eo	món-ui	món-itum	mon-ére	2	a.	g,	ab,
Monſtr-o	monſtr-ávi	monſtr-átum	monſtr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Mór-deo	momórdi	mor-ſum	mor-dére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Mór-ior	mór-tuus	———	mor-i	3		d,	ab,
Mor-or	mor-átus	———	mor-ári	1	a.		ab,
Mó-veo	mo-vi	mo-tum	mo-vére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Mút-io	mut-ívi	mut-ítum	mut-íre	2	a.	d,	ab,
Mut-o	mut-ávi	mut-átum	mut-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
N.							
Narr-o	narr-ávi	narr-átum	narr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Na-ſcor	na-tus	———	na-ſci	3		d,	ab,
Náuſe-o	nauſe-ávi	nauſe-átum	nauſe-áre	1	a.		ab,
Nec-o	néc-ui / nec-ávi	nec-átum	nec-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Négl-igo	negl-éxi	negl-éctum	négl-igere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Neg-o	neg-ávi	neg-átum	neg-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Néqu-eo	nequ-ívi	nequ-ítum	nequ-íre	4			
Néſc-io	neſc-ívi	neſc-ítum	neſc-íre	4	a.		ab,
Nít-eo	nít-ui	———	nit-ére	2		d,	ab,
Ni-tor	ni-ſus / ni-xus	———	ni-ti	3	a.		ab,
Nóc-eo	nóc-ui	nóc-itum	noc-ére	2		d,	ab,
Nol-o	nól-ui	———	nol-le		a.	d,	ab,
Nómin-o	nomin-ávi	nomin-átum	nomin-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
No-ſco	no-vi	no-tum	nó-ſcere	3	a.		ab,
Not-éſco	nót-ui	———	not-éſcere	3		d,	ab,
Not-o	not-ávi	not-átum	not-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
———	no-vi	———	no-ſſe		a.		ab,
Nud-o	nud-ávi	nud-átum	nud-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Númer-o	numer-ávi	numer-átum	numer-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Nútr-io	nutr-ívi	nutr-ítum	nutr-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
O.							
Ob-eo	ob-ívi	ob-ítum	ob-íre	4	a.		ab,
Objúrg-o	objurg-ávi	objurg-átum	objurg-áre	1	a.		ab,
Oblect-o	oblect-ávi	oblect-átum	oblect-áre	1	a.		ab,
Obli-víſcor	oblítus	———	obli-víſci	3	a.	g,	
Óbru-o	óbru-i	óbru-tum	obrú-ere	3	a.		ab,
Obſcú-ro	obſcur-ávi	obſcurá-tum	obſcur-áre	1	a.		ab,

Ob-ſiſto

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.			Regimen.	
Ob-ſiſto	ób-ſtiti	ób-ſtitum	ob-ſiſtere	3		d,	ab,
O'bte-go	obté-xi	obté-ctum	obté-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
O'bt-ero	obt-rívi	obt-rítum	obt-érere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Obtréct-o	obtrect-ávi	obtrect-átum	obtrect-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Occí-do	occ-ídi	occí-ſum	occí-dere	3	a.		ab,
O'cc-ido	occ-idi	occ-áſum	occ-ídere	3			ab,
Occ-ípio	occ-épi	occ-éptum	occ-ípere	3	a.		ab,
O'ccub-o	occúb-ui	occúb-itum	occub-áre	1		d,	ab,
Occú-mbo	occú-bui	occú-bitum	occú-mbere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Occúp-o	occup-ávi	occup-átum	occup-áre	1	a.		ab,
Occúr-ro	occúr-ri	occúr-ſum	occúr-rere	3		d,	ab,
———	od-i	———	od-íſſe		a.		ab,
Offénd-o	offén-di	offén-ſum	offén-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
O'ffero	óbtuli	oblátum	offérre		a.	d,	ab,
Olf-ácio	olf-éci	olf-áctum	olf-átere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Omí-tto	omí-ſi	omí-ſſum	omí-ttere	3	a.	d,	ab,
O'ner-o	oner-ávi	oner-átum	oner-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
O'ppet-o	oppet-ívi	oppet-ítum	oppét-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Oppó-no	oppó-ſui	oppó-ſitum	oppó-nere	3	a.	d,	ab,
O'ppr-imo	oppr-éſſi	oppr-éſſum	oppr-ímere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Oppúgn-o	oppugn-ávi	oppugn-átum	oppug-náre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Opt-o	opt-ávi	op-tátum	opt-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
O'rdino	ordin-ávi	ordin-átum	ordin-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Orn-o	orn-ávi	orn-átum	orn-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Or-o	or-ávi	or-átum	or-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
O'ſcul-or	oſcul-átus	———	oſcul-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Oſtén-do	oſtén-di	oſtén-ſum	oſtén-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
O't-ior	———	———	oti-ári	1			

P.

Parco	pepérci / parſi	parſum	párcere	3		d,	ab,
Pár-eo	pár-ui	pár-itum	par-ére	2		d,	ab,
Pario	péperi	partum	párere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Par-o	par-ávi	par-átum	par-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Partúr-io	partur-ívi	partur-ítum	partur-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Pa-ſco	pa-vi	pa-ſtum	pá-ſcere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Patef-ácio	patef-éci	patef-áctum	patef-ácere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Pát-eo	pát-ui	———	pát-ere	2		d,	ab,
Pá-tior	pá-ſſus	———	pa-ti	3	a.		ab,
Pecc-o	pecc-ávi	pecc-átum	pecc-áre	1			ab,
Pello	pépuli	pulſum	pellere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Pén-deo	pepéndi	pen-ſum	pen-dére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Pen-do	pependi	pen-ſum	pén-dere	3	a.		ab,
Pér-ago	per-égi	per-áctum	per-ágere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Percú-tio	percú-ſſi	percú-ſſum	percú-tere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Perd-o	pérd-idi	pérd-itum	pérd-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Pérdom-o	perdóm-ui	perdóm-itum	pérdom-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Pér-eo	per-ívi	per-ítum	per-íre	4		d,	ab,
Pér-fero	per-túli	per-látum	per-férre		a.	d,	ab,
Perf-ício	perf-éci	perf-éctum	perf-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Periclit-or	periclit-átus	———	periclit-ári	1			ab,
Pérle-go	perlé-gi	perlé-ctum	perlé-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Perluſtr-o	perluſtr-ávi	perluſtr-átum	perluſtr-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Peror-o	peror-ávi	peror-átum	peror-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Perpé-tior	perpé-ſſus	———	pérpe-ti	3	a.		ab,

Perſalút-o

Præs.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.
Perſalút-o	perſalut-ávi	perſalut-átum	perſalut-áre	1	a. ab,
Perſcrút-or	perſcrut-átus	———	perſcrut-ári	1	a. d, ab,
Per-ſequor	perſe-cútus	———	pérſe-qui	3	a. d, ab,
Perſól-vo	perſól-vi	perſol-útum	perſól-vere	3	a. d, ab,
Per-ſto	pérſt-iti	{pérſt-ítum / perſt-átum}	perſt-áre	1	d, ab,
Perſuá-deo	perſuá-ſi	perſuá-ſum	perſua-dére	2	a. d, ab,
Pert-ínco	pert-ínui	pert-énſum	pert-inére	2	
Pértin-et	pertín-uit	———	pertin-ére	2	
Pértra-ho	pertrá xi	pertrá-ctum	pertrá-here	3	a. d, ab,
Pertúrb-o	perturb-ávi	perturb-átum	perturb-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Pervello	perv-úlſi	perv-úlſum	perv-éllere	3	a. d, ab,
Pervén-io	pervén-i	pervént-um	perven-íre	4	ab,
Pet-o	pet-ívi	pet-ítum	pét-ere	3	a. d, ab,
Pi-ngo	pí-nxi	pi-ctum	pí-ngere	3	a. d, ab,
Plác-eo	plác-ui	plác-itum	plac-ére	2	d, ab,
Plac-et	{plác-uit / plác-itum}	———	plac-ére	2	d,
Plac-o	plac-ávi	plac-átum	plac-áre	1	a. ab,
Plau-do	plau-ſi	pláu-ſum	pláu-dere	3	a. ab,
Ple-cto	ple-xi	ple-xum	plé-ctere	3	a. d, ab,
Ple-ctor	ple-xus	———	plé-cti	3	ab,
Pól-io	pol-ivi	pol-ítum	pol-íre	4	a. d, ab,
Póllu-o	póllu-i	pollú-tum	poll-úere	3	a. ab,
Pónder-o	ponder-ávi	ponder-átum	ponder-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Pó-no	pó-ſui	pó-ſitum	pó-nere	3	a. d, ab,
Pórr-igo	porr-éxi	porr-éctum	porr-ígere	3	a. d, ab,
Port-o	port-ávi	port-átum	port-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Poſc-o	popóſci	———	póſc-ere	3	a. d, ab,
Poſſ-ideo	poſſ-édi	poſſ-éſſum	poſſ-idére	2	a. d, ab,
Poſſum	pótui	———	poſſe		a. ab,
Póſtul-o	poſtul-ávi	poſtulá-tum	poſtul-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Pot-o	pot-ávi	pot-átum	pot-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Præ'b-eo	præ'b-ui	præ'b-itum	præb-ére	2	a. d, ab,
Præclú-do	præclú-ſi	præclú-ſum	præclúdere	3	a. d, ab,
Præcúr-ro	præcúr-ri	præcúr-ſum	præcúr-rere	3	a. ab,
Præful-geo	præfúl-ſi	———	præful-gere	2	d, ab,
Prægúſt-o	præguſt-ávi	præguſt-átum	præguſt-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Prælúc-eo	prælú-xi	———	prælu-cére	2	d, ab,
Præpó-no	præpó-ſui	præpó-ſitum	præpó-nere	3	a. d, ab,
Præſ-ideo	præſ-édi	præſ-éſſum	præſ-idére	2	d, ab,
Præſt-o	præ'ſt-iti	præ'ſt-itum	præſt-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Prætér-eo	præter-ívi	præter-ítum	præter-íre	4	a. ab,
Prævál-eo	prævál-ui	———	præval-ére	2	d, ab,
Pre-mo	pre-ſſi	pre-ſſum	pré-mere	3	a. d, ab,
Prob-o	prob-ávi	prob-átum	prob-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Procé-do	procé-ſſi	procé-ſſum	procé-dere	1	d, ab,
Procúr-o	procur-ávi	procur-átum	procur-áre	1	a. d, ab,
Pród-eo	prod-ívi	pród-itum	prod-íre	4	d, ab,
Prod-o	prod-ídi	pród-itum	pród-ere	3	a d, ab,
Pró-fero	pró-tuli	pro-látum	pro-ferre		a. d, ab,
Profúg-io	profúg-i	profgú-itum	profúg-ére	3	a. ab,
Progré-dior	progré-ſſus	———	prógre-di	3	a. ab,
Prólo-quor	prolo-cútus	———	prólo-qui	3	a. d, ab,
Promí-tto	promí-ſi	promí-ſſum	promi-ttere	3	a. d, ab,
Promó-veo	promó-vi	promó-tum	promo-vére	2	a. d, ab,
Próper-o	proper-ávi	proper-átum	proper-áre	1	a. d, ab,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Própo-no	propó-ſui	propó-ſitum	propó-nere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Próſe-quor	proſe-cútus	———	próſe-qui	3	a.		ab,
Proſi-lio	proſ-íłui, & proſ-ilívi	proſ-últum	proſ-ilíre	4			ab,
Proſpéct-o	proſpect-ávi	proſpect-átum	proſpect-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Proſp-ício	proſp-éxi	proſp-éctum	proſp-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Proſt-érno	proſt-rávi	proſt-rátum	proſt-érnere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Pro-ſum	pro-fui	———	pro-déſſe			d,	ab,
Próvoc-o	provoc-ávi	provoc-átum	provoc-áre	1	a.		ab,
Próvol-o	provol-ávi	provol-átum	provol-áre	1			ab,
Pud-et	púd-uit / púd-itum	———	pud-ére	2	a.	g,	
Pún-io	pun-ívi	pun-ítum	pun-íre	4	a.		ab,
Purg-o	purg-ávi	purg-átum	purg-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Put-o	put-ávi	put-átum.	put-áre	1	a.		ab,
Q.							
Quæ-ro	quæ-ſívi	quæ-ſítum	quæ´rere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Quæſo, quæſumus	———	———	———				
Quaſſ-o	quaſſ-ávi	quaſſ-átum	quaſſ-áre	1	a.		ab,
Quá-tio	qua-ſſi	qua-ſſum	quá-tere	3	a.		ab,
Que-ror	que-ſtus	———	que-ri	3	a.		ab,
Quié-ſco	quié-vi	quié-tum	quié-ſcere	3			ab,
R.							
Ráp-io	ráp-ui	rap-tum	ráp-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Réc-ido	réc-idi	rec-íſum	rec-ídere	3		d,	ab,
Recí-do	recí-di	recí-ſum	recí-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Rec-ípio	rec-épi	rec-éptum	rec-ipere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Reclám-o	reclam-ávi	reclam-átum	reclam-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Réc-olo	rec-ólui	rec-últum	rec-ólere	3	a.		ab,
Récub-o	recúb-ui	recúb-itum	recub-áre	1			ab,
Recú-mbo	recú-bui	recú-bitum	recu-mbere	3			ab,
Recúſ-o	recuſ-ávi	recuſ-átum	recuſ-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Redd-o	rédd-idi	rédd-itum	rédd-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Réd-eo	red-ivi	red-ítum	red-íre	4		d,	ab,
Redú-co	redú-xi	redú-ctum	redú-cere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Refél-lo	refél-li	———	refél-lere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Ré-fero	ré-tuli	re-látum	re-férre		a.	d,	ab,
Re-fert	ré-tulit	———	réf-erre		a.	g,	ab,
Ref-ício	ref-éci	ref-éctum	ref-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Regn-o	regn-ávi	regn-átum	regn-áre	1			ab,
Re-go	re-xi	re-ctum	ré-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Rej-ício	rej-éci	rej-éctum	rej-ícere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Reláx-o	relax-ávi	relax-átum	relax-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Relín-quo	relí-qui	relí-ctum	relí-nquere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Rep-éllo	rép-uli	rep-úlſum	rep-éllere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Repén-do	repén-di	repén-ſum	repén-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Repér-io	réper-i	repér-tum	reper-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Répet-o	repet-ívi	repet-ítum	repét-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Répl-eo	repl-évi	repl-étum	repl-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Repóſc-o	repopóſci	———	repóſc-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Repræſént-o	repræſent-ávi	repræſent-átum	repræſent-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Reprehén-do	reprehén-di	repréhen-ſum	reprehén-dere	3	a.		ab,
Répr-imo	repr-éſſi	repr-éſſum	repr-ímere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Rept-o	rept-ávi	rept-átum	rept-áre	1		d,	ab,
Repúd-io	repudi-ávi	repudi-átum	repudi-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,

Præs.	Perf.	Sup. I.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Réput-o	reput-ávi	reput-átum	reput-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Requí-ro	requi-sívi	requi-sítum	requi-ríre	3	a.	d,	ab,
Reſ-ídeo	reſ-édi	reſ-éſſum	reſ-ídere	2	a.	d,	ab,
Réſon-o	reſón-ui	reſón-itum	reſon-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Reſp-ício	reſp-éxi	reſp-éctum	reſp-ícere	3	a.		ab,
Reſpón-deo	reſpón-di	reſpón-ſum	reſpon-dére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Reſtít-uo	reſtít-ui	reſtit-útum	reſtit-úere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Reſt-o	réſt-iti	réſt-itum	reſt-áre	1		d,	ab,
Retú-ndo	rétu-di	retú-ſum	retú-ndere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Revér-to	revér-ti	revérſum	revér-tere	3		d,	ab,
Revér-tor	revérſ-us	———	revér-ti	3		d,	ab,
Révoc-o	revoc-ávi	revoc-átum	revoc-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Rí-deo	ri-ſi	ri-ſum	ri-dére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Ró-do	ro-ſi	ro-ſum	ró-dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Rog-o	rog-ávi	rog-átum	rog-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Rúg-io	rug-ívi	rug-ítum	rug-íre	4			ab,
Ru-mpo	ru-pi	rup-tum	rú-mper	3	a.	d,	ab,
Ru-o	ru-i	rú-itum / rutum	rú-ere	3		d,	ab,
S.							
Sæv-io	ſæv-ívi	ſæv-ítum	ſæv-íre	4		d,	ab,
Salv-e	———	———	ſalv-ére	2			
Salút-o	ſalut-ávi	ſalut-átum	ſalut-áre	1	a.		ab,
Sap-io	ſap-ívi / ſap-ui	ſap-ítum	ſáp-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Sát-io	ſati-ávi	ſati-átum	ſati-áre	1	a.		ab,
Sati-or	ſati-átus	———	ſati-ári	1			ab,
Satisfácio	ſatisf-éci	ſatisf-áctum	ſatisf-ácere	3		d,	ab,
Scando	ſcan-di	ſcan-ſum	ſcán-dere	3	a.		ab,
Scio	ſcivi	ſcitum	ſcíre	4	a.		ab,
Scri-bo	ſcri-pſi	ſcri-ptum	ſcrí-bere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Scrut-or	ſcrut-átus	———	ſcrut-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Séde-o	ſe-di	ſe-ſſum	ſe-dére	2			ab,
Sed-o	ſed-ávi	ſed-átum	ſed-ere	1	a.	d,	ab,
Sén-eo	ſen-ui	———	ſen-ére	2			ab,
Sén-tio	ſen-ſi	ſen-ſum	ſen-tíre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Sepó-no	ſepó-ſui	ſepó-ſitum	ſepó-nere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Se-quor	ſe-cútus	———	ſe-qui	3	a.		ab,
Sérv-io	ſerv-ívi	ſerv-ítum	ſerv-íre	4		d,	ab,
Serv-o	ſerv-ávi	ſerv-átum	ſerv-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Signific-o	ſignific-ávi	ſignificá-tum	ſignific-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Síl-eo	síl-ui	———	síl-ére	2			
Símul-o	ſimul-ávi	ſimul-átum	ſimul-áre	1	a.		ab,
Si-no	ſi-vi	ſi-tum	sí-nere	3	a.		
Sit-io	ſit-ívi	ſit-ítum	ſit-íre	4	a.		ab,
Sól-eo	ſól-itus	———	ſol-ére	2			ab,
Sol-vo	ſol-vi	ſolú-tum	ſól-vere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Son-o	ſón-ui	ſóni-tum	ſon-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Spar-go	ſpar-ſi	ſpár-ſum	ſpár-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Spect-o	ſpect-ávi	ſpect-átum	ſpect-áre	1	a.		ab,
Sp-erno	ſp-revi	ſp-retum	ſp-érnere	3	a.		ab,
Sper-o	ſper-ávi	ſper-átum	ſper-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Splénd-eo	ſplénd-ui	———	ſplend-ére	2		d,	ab,
Spólio	ſpoli-ávi	ſpoli-átum	ſpoli-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Státu-o	ſtát-ui	ſtatú-tum	ſtatú-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Sto	ſteti	ſtatum	ſtare	1		d,	ab,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Stri-ngo	ſtri-nxi	ſtri-ctum	ſtri-ngere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Stúd-eo	ſtúd-ui	———	ſtud-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Suá-deo	ſua-ſi	ſua-ſum	ſua-dére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Subclám-o	ſubclam-ávi	ſubclam-átum	ſubclam-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Submó-veo	ſubmó-vi	ſubmó-tum	ſubmo-vére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Subr-ípio	ſubr-ípui	ſubr-éptum	ſubr-ípere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Subſcrí-bo	ſubſcrip-ſi	ſubſcrí-ptum	ſubſcri-bere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Subſ-ídeo	ſubſ-édi	ſubſ-éſſum	ſubſ-idére	2		d,	ab,
Subſum	ſúbfui	———	ſubéſſe			d,	ab,
Succú-mbo	ſuccú-bui	ſuccú-bitum	ſuccú-mbere	3		d,	ab,
Succúr-ro	ſuccúr-ri	ſuccúr-ſum	ſuccúr-rere	3		d,	ab,
Súffero	ſúſtuli	ſublátum	ſufférre		a.	d,	ab,
Suff-ício	ſuff-éci	ſuff-éctum	ſuff-icere	3		d,	ab,
Suff-ícior	ſuff-éctus	———	ſúff-ici	3		d,	ab,
Sum	fui	———	eſſe	n.	g.	d,	ab,
Sum-o	ſum-pſi	ſum-ptum	ſúm-ere	2	a.	d,	ab,
Supér-ſum	ſupér-fui	———	ſuper-éſſe			d,	ab,
Súſcit-o	ſuſcit-ávi	ſuſcit-átum	ſuſcit-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Suſpén-do	ſuſpén-di	ſuſpén-ſum	ſuſpéndere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Suſt-íneo	ſuſt-ínui	ſuſt-éntum	ſuſt-inére	2	a.	d,	ab,

T.

Tác-eo	tác-ui	tác-itum	tac-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Tango	tétigi	tactum	tángere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Te-go	te-xi	tect-um	té-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Témper-o	temper-ávi	temper-átum	temper-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Tendo	teténdi	ten-ſum / tentum	téndere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Tén-eo	tén-ui	ten-tum	ten-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Tent-o	tent-ávi	tent-átum	tent-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Térr-eo	térr-ui	térri-tum	terr-ére	2	a.		ab,
Teſt-or	teſt-átus	———	teſt-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Tim-eo	tím-ui	———	tim-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Tollo	ſúſtuli	ſublá-tum	tóllere		a.	d,	ab,
Ton-o	tón-ui	tón-itum	ton-áre	1		d,	ab,
Tórqueo	tor-ſi	tortum / tor-ſum	tor-quére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Trad-o	trád-idi	trád-itum	trád-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Tra-ho	tra-xi	tra-ctum	trá-here	3	a.	d,	ab,
Tránſ-eo	tranſ-ívi	tranſ-ítum	tranſ-íre	4	a.	d,	ab,
Tránsfero	tránſtuli	tranſlátum	transférre		a.	d,	ab,
Transfí-go	transfí-xi	transfí-xum	transfi-gere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Tránſ-igo	tranſ-égi	tranſ-actum	tranſ-ígere	3	a.		ab,
Trem-o	trém-ui	———	trém-ere	3		d,	ab,
Trépid-o	trepid-ávi	trepid-átum	trepid-áre	1		d,	ab,
Tríbu-o	tríbu-i	tribú-tum	tribú-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Trúcid-o	trucidá-vi	trucid-átum	trucid-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Trud-o	tru-ſi	tru-ſum	trú dere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Trúſit-o	truſit-ávi	truſit-átum	truſit-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Tú-eor	tú-itus / tu-tus	———	tu-éri	2		d,	ab,
Túm-eo	tum-ui	———	tum-ére	2	a.	d,	ab,
Turb-o	turb-ávi	turb-átum	turb-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Tut-or	tut-átus	———	tut-ári	1		d,	

U,

Ul-ciſcor	ul-tus	———	ul-ciſci	3	a.	d,	ab,

Præſ.	Perf.	Sup. 1.	Inf.		Regimen.		
Uſúrp-o	uſurp-ávi	uſurp-átum	uſurp-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
U-tor	u-ſus	———	u-ti	3			ab,
Vac-o	vac-ávi	vac-átum	vac-áre	1		d,	ab,
Va do	va-ſi	va-ſum	vád-ere	3			ab,
Vag-or	vag-átus	———	vag-ári	1			ab,
Vál-eo	vál-ui	vál-itum	val-ére	2		d,	ab,
Vaſt-o	vaſt-ávi	vaſt-átum	vaſt-áre	1	a	d,	ab,
Vé-ho	ve-xi	ve-ctum	vé-here	3	a.	d,	ab,
Véndit-o	vendit-ávi	vendit-átum	vendit-áre	1	a	d,	ab,
Vénd-o	vénd-idi	vénd-itum	vénd-ere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Vén-eo	ven-ívi	ve-num	ven-íre	4		d,	ab,
Vén-io	ven-i	ven-tum	ven-íre	4			ab,
Ven-or	ven-átus	———	ven-ári	1	a.	d,	ab,
Véntit-o	ventit-ávi	ventit-átum	ventit-áre	1		d,	ab,
Vér-eor	vér-itus	———	veréri	2	a.	d,	ab,
Verſ-o	verſ-ávi	verſ-átum	verſ-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Verſ-or	verſ-átus	———	verſ-ári	1			ab,
Ver-o	verti	ver-ſum	vér-tere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Veſc-or	———	———	veſc-i	3		d,	ab,
Vet-o	vét-ui	vét-itum	vet-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vex-o	vex-ávi	vex-átum	vex-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vídeo	vi di	vi-ſum	vi-dére	1	a.		ab,
Vídeor	viſus	———	vi-déri	2		d,	ab,
Vígil-o	vigil-ávi	vigil-átum	vigil-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vi-nco	vi-ci	vi-ctum	vín-cere	3	a.	d,	ab,
Vindic-o	vindic-ávi	vindic-átum	vindic-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Víol-o	viol-ávi	viol-átum	viol-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vi-ſo	vi-ſi	viſu-m	ví-ſere	3	a.		ab,
Vit-o	vit-ávi	vit-átum	vit-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vitúper-o	vituper-ávi	vituper-átum	vituper-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vi-vo	vi-xi	vi-ctum	ví-vere	3		d,	ab,
Voc-o	voc-ávi	vocá-tum	voc-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vol-o	vol-ávi	vol-átum	vol-áre	1			ab,
Volo	vól-ui	———	velle		a.	d,	ab,
Volút-o	volut-ávi	volut-átum	volut-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,
Vúlner-o	vulner-ávi	vulner-átum	vulner-áre	1	a.	d,	ab,

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